

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

START

DULUTH

EVENING

HERALD

JAN 1

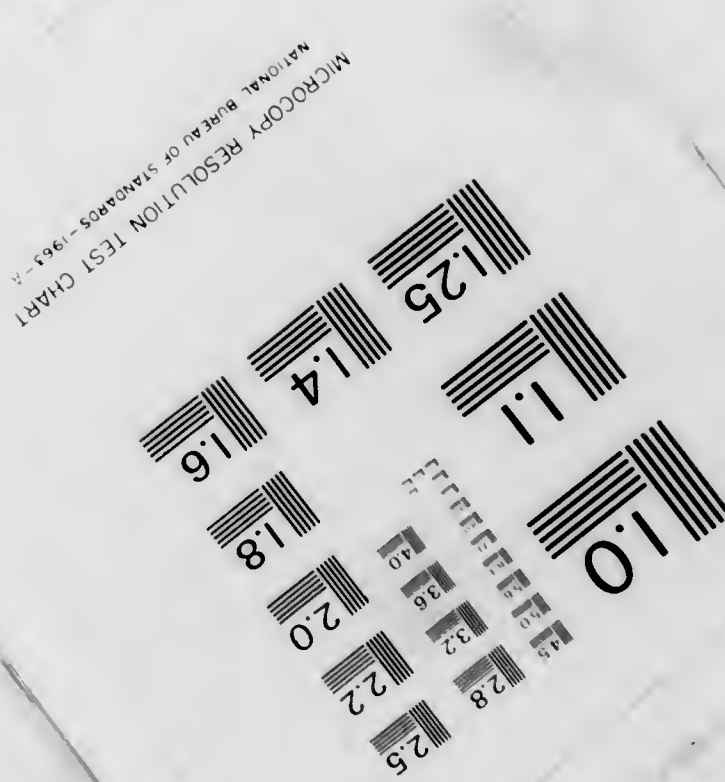
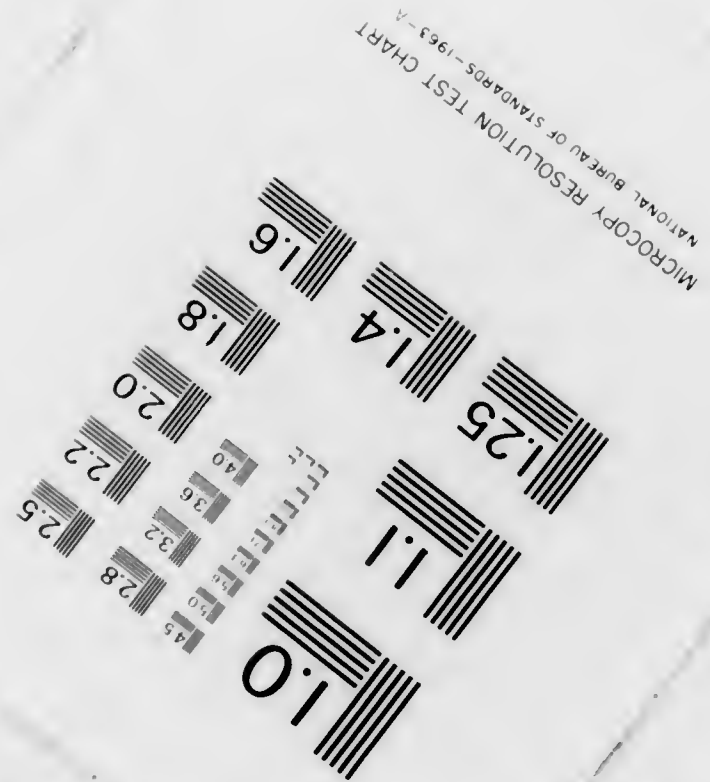
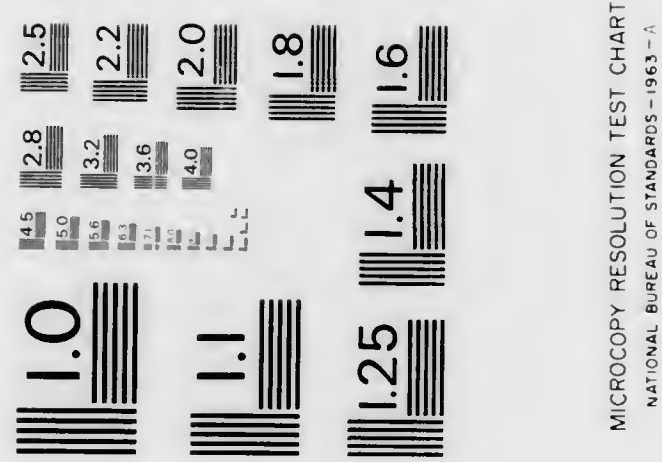
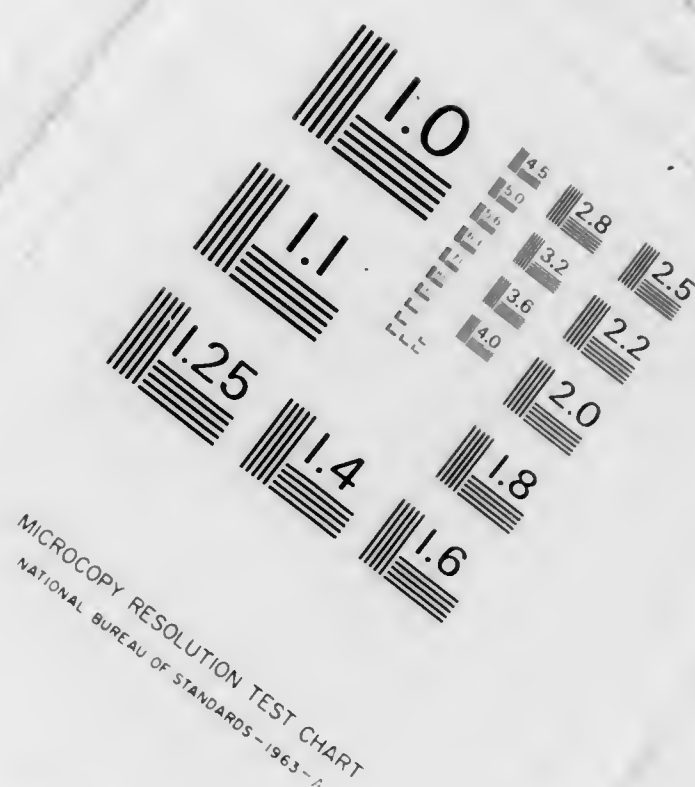
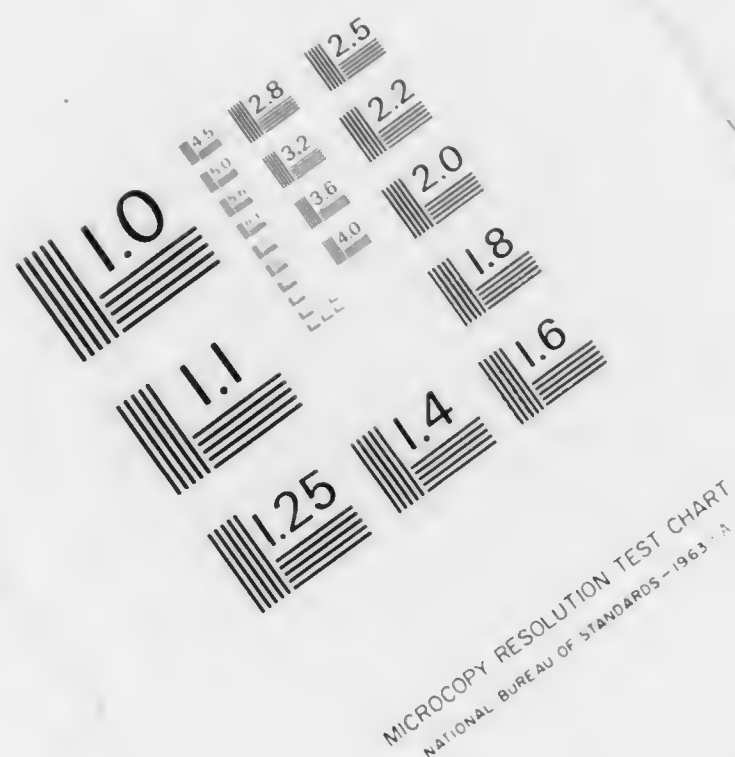
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Prepared by: Larry B. Hlavsa		Date: 4/25/78	Format: 1A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2B <input type="checkbox"/>
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DULUTH DAILY HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 1, 1898.

Jan. 1, 1898.
MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

TWO CENTS.

PIANO PRICE SAVING

It's simple enough. We are the only house at the head of the lake buying all instruments out and out for cash. Our expense in selling pianos is about one-half that of most stores. We absolutely guarantee a saving in price of from \$25.00 to \$100.00 on any piano.

We handle the world's greatest makes and guarantee every customer entire satisfaction under all circumstances. Come in and talk it over.

SOME GREAT BARGAINS TO OFFER.

VERY EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT.

FRENCH & BASSETT

Reliable Piano Dealers. Duluth, Minn.

Commercial Light and Power Company

Furnish Electric Current for

Light and Power

Offices—Rooms 4-5-6, 216 West Superior St.

L. MENDENHALL. Established 1860. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes,

Money to Loan on Improved Property. First National Bank Building.

FISHERY COMBINE FORMED.

What the New Organization Will Do on the Lakes.

Chicago, Jan. 1.—Edward Corbin, of Chicago, has consummated a combination of the twenty corporations controlling the fresh water fisheries of the great lakes of the United States and Canada. The deal was consummated at a secret conference held in the city at a hotel, and by a group of Dutch bankers, headed by New York, of Amsterdam, Holland.

The new organization will control the distribution of 150,000,000 pounds of fish per annum, and will operate and establish cold storage plants in New York, Buffalo, Erie, Cleveland, Sandusky, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, Milwaukee, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Pittsburgh, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Kansas City, St. Louis and Denver, and freezing plants at the fishing stations. The company is expected to be in working order in about three months, when it is supposed that the combination will operate in any sense as a trust, and maintain that it will result in great benefit to the government and consumers, inasmuch as the former will be saved hundreds of thousands of dollars annually spent in replenishing and preserving the fisheries.

BACK FROM KLONDIKE.

Joe Boyle and "Swiftwater Bill" Gates in New York.

New York, Jan. 1.—Joe Boyle, the well-known horseman, arrived in New York last night with "Swiftwater Bill" Gates, fresh from the Klondike. They are stopping at the Grand hotel. They have with them a canvas bag full of nuggets said to be worth several thousand dollars. They left behind them, in good hands, claims which they value at \$300,000, and which they will return to in the spring.

Boyle took out with him to the Klondike, Eddy Slavin, the man who fought Sullivan, and Taphel, the California fighter. He says that both men are doing well and have been successful in several fist encounters, and that Slavin has got a couple of good claims. He says that the report that Slavin was separated from his party and lost was an error.

SOME ALASKA INDIANS.

Will Be Moved to Make Room for Miners.

Washington, Jan. 1.—Commissioner Herman of the general land office is preparing a report on the bill introduced in congress segregating the Indians now occupying Annette island off the Alaska coast on the west peninsula of the island and restoring the remainder to the public domain with a view to opening it up to settlement. Rich mineral deposits are found in the island and a determined effort is being made to have the country opened to settlement. The west peninsula contains about twelve square miles, sufficient, it is claimed to locate all the Indians now on the island.

ADVANCED INDIAN PUPILS.

Washington, Jan. 1.—Commissioner of Indian Affairs Jones has sent a communication to Chairman Sherman of the house Indian committee, urging that a clause be inserted in the Indian appro-

riation bill authorizing the commission of Indian affairs to transfer advanced pupils from the boarding or day schools to any reservation to advanced schools on or off such reservations. The pupils will be subsided by such transfer.

ELECTRICITY IN ALASKA.

Chilkoot Pass to Be Conquered by This Power.

San Francisco, Jan. 1.—W. K. Burkholder, of this city, has gone to Alaska to erect an electrical transmission plant to operate an electrical road over the Chilkoot pass. Electricity will be generated at Dyea and transmitted twenty miles to the point where it is to be used. At the pass the collection system will be used. In addition to the electric wires, the heavy cables will support cables from which poles will be suspended. The motors will be stationary and the cars will be propelled up the incline by cables on a drum. The machinery has already been shipped and the plant is expected to be in working order in about three months, when it is supposed that Chilkoot pass will lose all of its terrors.

FRENCH BARK SINKS.

Five of Her Crew Drown, the Others Escape.

Marseilles, Jan. 1.—The French bark Lombard, Capt. Dane, which left Marseilles, Nov. 9, for Cote, department of Herault, sank yesterday evening while entering the port. Five of her crew including the captain, were drowned. The vessel was carrying a cargo of wheat and was valued at \$100,000. She was owned by M. de Villers, of Marseilles.

A MINNEAPOLIS FORGER.

Wallace Duncan Sent to the Arizona Penitentiary.

Phoenix, Ariz., Jan. 1.—Wallace Duncan, a young tourist, lately arrived from Minneapolis, has been sentenced to one year in the penitentiary for forgery. Duncan has wealthy relatives in the East. A strong effort was made in his behalf, the plea of insanity being especially advanced.

PULLMAN'S INSURANCE.

Sons Will Get \$18,000 Each From Policies.

Chicago, Jan. 1.—The twin sons of the late George M. Pullman will come into possession of \$18,000 each as a result of their interest in life insurance policies carried by their father. These policies are now being adjusted and the amounts the sons will receive will be in addition to the \$300,000 a year stipend left them by their father's will.

In his will, the millionaire palace car maker stipulated, with considerable emphasis, that he did not believe his sons competent to manage successfully large properties, but in spite of this he named them as beneficiaries in several insurance policies taken out a number of years ago.

The other two children—Mrs. Florence Pullman Lawton and Mrs. Harriett Pullman Carlin, also received in the will. The widow of each by the policy, and the sons from the Pullman policies, will receive a total of \$54,000 from the policies and the sons and brothers of Mr. Pullman also are remembered.

THE SEASON'S ORE SHIPMENTS

Twelfth Annual Review of the Iron Ore Trade of the Lake Superior Ranges.

PAST RECORDS BROKEN

The Output Larger By Over Two Million Tons Than In Any Previous Season.

(Copyright, 1898, by Horace J. Stevens.)

Isleport, Mich., Jan. 1.—(Special to The Herald).—The output of iron ore by the five ranges composing the Lake Superior iron district was larger by over 2,000,000 tons than in any previous season, reaching the enormous total of 12,500,000 gross tons of 2240 pounds each, enough ore to load a chain of vessels carrying 1000 tons that would reach from Duluth to Buffalo, allowing but 250 feet for the length of tow line between vessels.

Although the first discovery of iron ore near the shores of Lake Superior was made in 1841 and ore has been mined every season for fifty years, the production of iron ore in the past twelve years has been greater than the total output from 1847 to 1890, inclusive. Single mines now produce more than the total output of the entire industry of a century ago. Of the 187 ranges, as in previous years, by far the greater portion was transported to the coast aggregating the magnificent total of 12,500,000 gross tons. The ore was consumed by local furnaces making charcoal iron and shipped by all-rail routes to the coast. As these shipments were continuous with some mines to the last day of the year, the exact figures will not be known for several weeks, but will be found to vary only a few thousand tons from the estimate, based on figures covering almost the entire season. The 1897 output was 9,824,828 tons, while in 1896 it was 10,200,000 tons. In 1895 the production reached 10,429,037 tons, the highest ever recorded. The output of the industry, based on figures covering the past twelve years, is as follows: 1887, 10,000,000 tons; 1888, 10,000,000 tons; 1889, 10,000,000 tons; 1890, 10,000,000 tons; 1891, 10,000,000 tons; 1892, 10,000,000 tons; 1893, 10,000,000 tons; 1894, 10,000,000 tons; 1895, 10,429,037 tons; 1896, 10,200,000 tons; 1897, 9,824,828 tons; 1898, 12,500,000 tons.

The production of these fourteen properties is approximately 60 per cent of the total output of ore by all mines. The first four mines on the list have produced more than one-fourth of all the ore shipped from the Lake Superior district in the past twelve years. The three big mines of this city, the Cleveland, Cliffs, Lake Superior and Lake Ashland, have produced nearly 20 per cent of the ore taken from Lake Superior iron properties.

Of the 1876 shipments, 8,824,828 tons were sent to Lake Erie ports and 1,617,000 tons to Chicago and Milwaukee. The Illinois Steel company taking nearly all of the ore sent to Lake Michigan. Of the 1897 shipments by water, 9,129,000 tons went to Lake Erie ports and 2,974,728 tons were sent to Lake Michigan ports.

The recent perfection of a process of ore reduction by Thomas A. Edison, the famous inventor, and the practical demonstration of its mechanical success in operation at the Lake Superior Iron Works, has been in some quarters regarded as highly injurious to the Lake Superior mines. Such is not the case. Very little Lake Superior ore goes east of the Allegheny mountains, and little of the New Jersey ore can ever come west of the same natural barrier to enter into open competition with the lake ore. Edison process of ore concentration is mechanically successful. It remains to be demonstrated that it is a commercial success. The Mesabi ores of the steam shovel class can be mined as cheaply as it is possible to lift ore with steam shovels in New Jersey or elsewhere, and the advantage of being all ore and requiring no process of reduction by which the ore can be separated from the gangue of rock in which it is held. The cost of transportation to Pittsburgh is also less per ton from the Lake Superior mines than from any ore deposited along the Atlantic seaboard.

The business of 1897, while the largest on record, was not marked by large profits or high wages. The nine employees a rule earned more money than in any other year since 1882 and enjoyed the benefit of steady employment. The case of the year marked by a general advance in wages throughout all ranges, the advance averaging about 10

per cent. More men are employed in the mines with the opening of 1898 than ever before at the beginning of a year, and the outlook for a further increase in wages, probably about the opening of the navigation, May 1, is anticipated. The year has been marked by few strikes and by none of the kind that would interrupt the output of the mines. The miners at the Attaguan, 200 in number, walked out at the beginning of the year and remained out for a week, but repeated entreaties to be allowed work on any terms, until the mine passed into other hands. Strikes have been twice threatened in the Ishpeming mines, but did not materialize. The desire of both men and operators is for peace and the chance to fill depleted coffers. There may be and doubtless will be disagreement as to the profits of the season, but there should be no serious labor troubles during 1898, and judging from the present temper of employers and employees there will be none.

The range of prices on ore during 1897 was the lowest ever known, either in the Lake Superior district or in any other portion of the globe where ore of equal purity are mined. Previous to the opening of the shipping season in 1895, the leading producers of Bessemer ore succeeded in organizing the Bessemer Ore association, the object of which was to regulate production and prices of the ore. A determined contest, with the consuming interests the association succeeded in placing upon the market for the season 15 cents higher than in the former season. The success of the ore pool in the past year has been a matter of some interest. The success of the ore pool in the past year has been a matter of some interest. The success of the ore pool in the past year has been a matter of some interest.

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BISMARCK IS DEAD

The Noted Iron Chancellor of Germany Said to Have Expired.

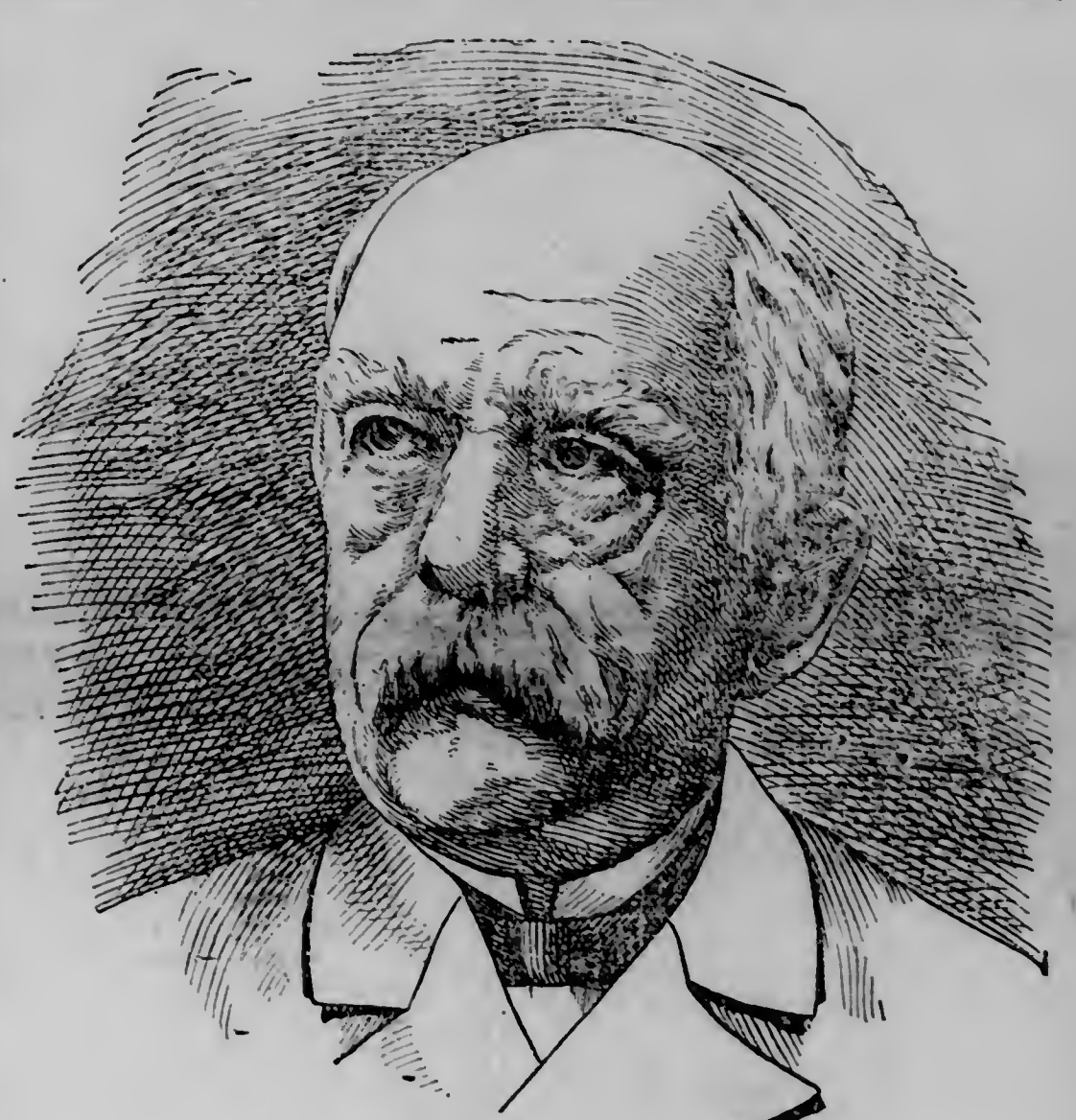
IS NOT CONFIRMED

The Story Is Published By a London Newspaper This Afternoon.

London, Jan. 1.—The Evening News of this city reports the death of Prince Bismarck.

Prince Otto Edward Leopold Bismarck was born April 1, 1815, at Schonhausen, in Brandenburg, of a noted family of scholars and statesmen. He received his university education at Gottingen, Berlin and Griefenberg, where he studied law and agriculture, but became more distinguished as a swordsman than as a literary student. Before 1847 he was little known, but his diplomatic career began in 1851, when he was appointed Prussian member of the Reichstag and he met the leading public men of the time.

In the autumn of 1862 he was recalled to Berlin to succeed to the post of minister of the cabinet. At the death of the king



PRINCE OTTO VON BISMARCK.

tonight as the anti-Hanna Republicans will draw the line on Boxwell and keep all their followers from attending the Republican caucus. If enough Republicans tonight remain out of the caucus, the caucus will be a mere formality, and the election will be decided by the vote of the caucus members. The caucus will be held at 8 o'clock, and the election will be held at 10 o'clock.

The necessity and justice of a small advance in ore prices for next season is conceded by all who are conversant with the trade. An advance of more than 35 cents per ton would be a mistake. United States has within the past few years had the reputation of being the largest exporter of iron ore in the world, and it is not likely that it will lose this position in the future.

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RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth.
7:00 am	St. Paul	8:10 am

From UNION DEPOT, CITY TICKET
OFFICE 332 West Superior street, corner
Providence building. Tickets sold to all
points. Telephone 218.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

C. ST. P., M. & O. R.Y.

Office 405 W. Superior street. Phone No. 30.

Leave	*Duluth, 1 Except Sunday.	Arrive
*11:00 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis and west	1:30 pm
*1:00 pm	St. Paul, Minneapolis and west	*7:00 am
*5:10 pm Chicago Limited.....	*10:30 am

Parlor cars on day trains; Wagner's
Finest Sleepers on night trains.

7:55 a.m.	Ar. Duluth	Ar.	3:20 p.m.
8:30 a.m.	Ar. Proctor	Ar.	3:30 p.m.
9:30 a.m.	Ar. Iron Junction	Ar.	3:40 p.m.
10:10 a.m.	Ar. Wolf	Ar.	3:50 p.m.
10:20 a.m.	Ar. Virginia	Ar.	3:50 p.m.
11:00 a.m.	Ar. Evelev	Ar.	4:00 p.m.
11:30 a.m.	Ar. Sparta	Ar.	4:10 p.m.
12:00 p.m.	Ar. Evelev	Ar.	4:10 p.m.
12:35 a.m.	Ar. Mt. Iron	Ar.	4:30 p.m.
1:00 p.m.	Ar. Hibbing	Ar.	4:30 p.m.

Duluth, Superior & Western Ry.		
WEST.	*Daily except Sunday.	EAST.
P. M.		A. M.
*2:05	01Lv..... Duluth	11:40
4:05	23Ar..... Cloquet	10:41
6:13	70Ar..... Swan River	8:40
7:40	Ar..... Hibbing	7:35
8:00	91Ar..... Grand Rapids	7:52
	109Ar..... Deer River	6:35

Duluth & Iron Range R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Ar.....	Duluth	Ar 12:00	a.m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar.....	Virginia	Ar 8:00	a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar.....	Eveleth	Ar 7:30	a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar.....	Ely	Ar 7:30	a.m.

Daily, except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range R. R.

5:15 p.m.	Ar.....	Duluth	Ar 12:00	a.m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar.....	Virginia	Ar 8:00	a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar.....	Eveleth	Ar 7:30	a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar.....	Ely	Ar 7:30	a.m.

Daily, except Sunday.

Burlington

ROUTE

**Finest Trains on Earth from
St. Paul and**

Minneapolis to Chicago.

Office of City Comptroller,
Duluth, Minn., Dec. 11th, 1887.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested, that the Board of Public Works, created by the common council of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, do hereby in full and complete satisfaction of the same, at the expense of constructing the following sidewalks:

A 2-foot sidewalk on the easterly side of Third avenue west from the alley between Fifth and Sixth streets, to the upper side of Sixth street.

An 8-foot sidewalk on westerly side of 4th, Croix avenue from Morse street to Buchanan street, all in the said city of Duluth, and in the State of Minnesota; and that the Board of Public Works do hereby make a duplicate assessment; roll hereon.

to the title of "treasurer, and that the amount assessed against each parcel of land can be ascertained at the office of city treasurer, and that the assessments are due and payable within thirty (30) days, there will be allowed a period of thirty (30) days for the assessment for survey, plans, specifications and superintendence.

W. L. LOVETT,
City Comptroller.
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-11-12-2-Jan-13

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—
In and for the District Court, Eleventh Judicial District,
Charles Cepman and Clara P. Robins,
vs.
Plaintiffs,
Henry M. Backus, Hattie W. Hackus, Leverett T. Bowers, The Minnesota Loan and Trust Company
Defendants.

On, Robert E. Donfeld, T. H. Puckney Lowndes, Parker C. Kellough, J. C. Kellough, Charles F. Pan Kuhn, Edward H. Suckerman, James H. Peterson, J. Adolph Smith, John H. Marchant, Henry E. Young, Thomas W. Jamieson, James W. Jamieson, D. Witherpoon, William Perry Murphy, Manning Simons, Oscar E. Schuch and J. B. Schuch.

Defendants.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants:


You are hereby summoned, and required to answer the complaint in the action which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the county of St. Louis, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, in the court of said court, and to file your answer, a copy of your answer to the said complaint, in the city of Duluth, in said state of Minnesota, at his office.

thirteen twenty days after the service at is summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time so prescribed, the plaintiffs in this action will move the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated November 23d, 1887.

DAN'L G. CASH,
Plaintiffs Attorney,
20-31 Exchange Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 25-Dec. 4-11.
25-Jan-1.



ECZEMA

And Every Form Of

Stressing

ECZEMA WORSER

Face and Neck One Inflammation.
Not Able to See, Unable
To Sleep for Weeks
From Severe Pain.

Friends Could Not Recognize
Face So Swollen and Hideous.
Three Doctors Could
Not Relieve.

CURED IN TWO WEEKS BY CUTICURA REMEDIES.

I have suffered with a case of Eczema of the worse kind, my forehead nearly blind by its swelling, and some inflammation, was unable to see out of my eyes for quite a while, and was unable to sleep for weeks, on account of the severe pain, which nearly drove me insane. My face and neck were swollen and made me look hideous. I hardly recognized myself in a mirror, and my friends would not have known me by the swelling of my clothes and carrying myself. The torture and intense pain I endured all that time, no longer that there are so many instances. These doctors of good practice at different times were attending me, and not one of them could relieve me of my pain, swelling, and itching. I gave up. A friend advised me to try CUTICURA REMEDIES. I did and was made a new man.

My first bottle of CUTICURA REMEDIES was taken on Feb. 10, 1897, and CUTICURA (ointment) and CUTICURA SOAP. There was

Stressing

ECZEMA FIVE YEARS

Intense and Everlasting Suffering
Almost Frantic with Itching
Four Doctors No Avail
One Skin Specialist.

Friends (who had been Cured)
Say "Try Cuticura Remedies"
Does So Without Faith.
To Great Surprise

Change in Three Weeks, Now Completely Cured

I have been an intense sufferer of that awful disease, and everlasting itching, for five years. I tried every one's advice in medicine, besides four or five doctors, and for one of our specialists in skin diseases, with my treatment all failed, and for the time setting me almost frantic with dreadful itching. At last, after numerous persuasions from friends (whom your medicines cured completely) I gave myself up to CUTICURA REMEDIES, expecting them to result as the previous ones. To my great and agreeable surprise I found a wonderful change in *five weeks*, and after using three bottles of CUTICURA SOAP, I found myself completely cured. Feb. 20, 1897. GEO. A. LEWIS, Phila., Pa.

AWFUL SKIN DISEASE

Suffered Untold Agony Two Years
Itching and Burning Terrible.
Had to Give Up Work Entirely.

Instant Relief in First Application of
CUTICURA REMEDIES.
At Work, Fully Cured in 2 Months

I was afflicted with a terrible malignant breaking out all over the upper part of my face, and spreading over my neck, and had physicians, who pronounced it contagious and incurable, and who offered me thousands of dollars trying to get relief. I gave up, and was advised to try CUTICURA, and finally had to give up work entirely. Like a magic, the itching and burning subsided, and I was able to go to work. I have since advertised. The burning, itching, and

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

h. in lot 1, section 15, township 38
n. of range 15 west of the 4th Prin-
dian, the center line of which is de-
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec. 20 to Jan.
1900.

Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA Ointment, the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, gradually of blood purifiers and humor cures, afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy and permanent cure of the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, and crusty skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. PUTNER DRUG AND CHEM. CO., Sole Props., Boston. British depot: F. NEWBURY & SONS, London.

Send for a Free to Cure Every skin Disease, Itching, Burning, Bleeding, Scaly, and Crusty Skin, Scalp, and Blood Humors, with Loss of Hair, when all else fails.

X

MRS. MAY LEWIS, wife of a prominent farmer, and well known by all old residents near Belmont, N. Y., writes: "I have been free from heart trouble, constant suffering from nervous prostration, and paid large sums of money for the treatment of my heart disease without benefit. Three years ago my condition was alarming; the least noise would startle and I was unable to sleep, had a nervous headache and a heavy weight on my chest. I began using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Nervine and Liver Bile. At first I was able to sleep, and my heart trouble began to improve and I rapidly grew stronger. I feel like a new woman, and as healthy as one of my age may expect. God bless Dr. Miles' Nervine."

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, from a bottle of Nervine returned. Book on diseases of the heart and

a range spending holiday week with family.

My Family Benefited by Hood's.
My wife and I have been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and are much pleased with the results. I have also taken Hood's Pills for constipation and headache, and have received great benefit from them. My wife has been relieved of that tired feeling by Hood's." R. W. WICKS, 429 Wabash St., St. Paul, Minn.

[illegible]

GAIL BORDEN
EAGLE BRAND
CONDENSED MILK.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE FOR THE "EAGLE BRAND" THOUSANDS OF MOTHERS TESTIFY TO ITS SUPERIORITY. "INFANT HEALTH" SENT FREE. NEW YORK CONDENSED MILK CO. N. Y.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio, "Phone No. 9. Smoke Ensign cigar. W. A. Foote, Professor Quat will organize an adult beginners' class, Monday, Jan. 2.

Resolve the beginning of the year Kelly will clean and press your clothing.

C. F. Hopkins is talked of by the silver men for municipal judge. A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Aske.

A. Fitter & Co. reminded The Herald that the new year is at hand by sending in a case of their best Pale Bohemian beer today. The kindness of Messrs. Fitter and Aske was greatly appreciated by The Herald.

The members of the school board will meet and adjourn tonight until Monday night, this being a holiday.

Allen J. Miller is receiver for the unexpired property of Leonidas Merritt, and his bond in the sum of \$3000 in district court, yesterday afternoon, with the Duluth Trust company as surety. Miller was recently appointed receiver in proceedings supplementary to execution on the application of the St. Paul National bank.

C. W. McFadden, dentist, after a three months' absence, will be pleased to meet his patients at his office, 208-209 Lonsdale, after Jan. 5.

The receipts on account of fines, fees and costs in the municipal court for December are \$186.25. The receipts for the month last year were \$982.21.

PERSONALS.

A. R. Walker, formerly a real estate hustler in Duluth, was in Chicago this week marketing stock from the North Dakota farm he is managing.

C. E. Howe, formerly of Duluth, is going from Chicago to Nevada soon to take charge of a mining enterprise.

A. H. Traux, formerly of Duluth, but lately a resident of West Virginia, where he has had a large contract for the government, is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen J. Donnellan and son have returned after a visit with friends in Pittsburgh, Pa.

George B. Ryan, of Chicago, is in the city on a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Ryan, of Seventeenth avenue east.

Hen. C. A. Towne left yesterday for Chicago.

S. E. Fullerton, state game warden, was in the city yesterday.

J. G. Ketchum and son, of Tower, are spending New Year's day in Duluth.

John G. Meagher, of Mankato, is in the city.

Dr. J. A. Goodman, of Salt Lake City, arrived in Duluth this morning.

H. Blain, of Marquette, is a guest at the St. Louis.

W. W. Wright, of Swan River, is in the St. Louis.

H. S. Tallman, of Brainerd, deputy United States marshal, arrived in the city this morning and registered at the St. Louis.

J. S. Mullane and J. L. Ryan, of St. Paul, are in the city, guests at the St. Louis.

CHARGES OF GAMBLING.

Complaint Made That It Goes on in the Army.

Complaint has been made that Chief Hanson that there has been gambling and drinking going on at the Army on Sundays. The chief has notified the militia authorities of the complaints and he says that if the stories are true and the officers in charge cannot stop the practices that are alleged to exist, he will take a hand himself. Several of the officers say that gambling in the Army is strictly prohibited on the premises is strictly forbidden and that if, on investigation, it is found that the rules have been violated, severe punishment will be meted out.

Looking for His Son.

Take Laxative. Bromo Quinine Tablets. All drug stores refund the money if it fails to cure. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

Armed in the city this morning on the track of his son, a boy of 15, who has been missing for a year ago last March and has been seen ever since. The boy is now in the city, a small place above Fargo, where he worked during the summer on a farm. He left there the last of October, saying that if he did not get a job in Fargo he would come to Duluth and go into the woods as a cook. The boy's father thinks that he has been introduced into the woods about Duluth, but as a search for him without any clue as to his locality is hopeless, he will return to his home.

Resolutions of Thanks.

At a meeting held by the ladies auxiliary of Temple Emanuel, Dec. 29, 1897, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, that hearty thanks be extended to all who kindly lent a helping hand to promote the success of the fair, given the first week in December; be it further

Resolved, that special thanks are due The Duluth Evening Herald and News Tribune for advertising so kindly contributed by them; be it further

Resolved, that the secretary be instructed to forward a copy of these resolutions to each and every subscriber outside the city.

MRS. L. L. LOEB, President.
MRS. I. FREEMUTH, Chairman.
MRS. L. HAMMILL, Secretary.

THERE IS A CLASS OF PEOPLE Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 1/2 cent a cup. Children may drink it with great benefit. 5 cents and 25 cents per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

DULUTH "QUALITY—First and Always."

IMPERIAL FLOUR

Produces MORE and BETTER BREAD than any other Flour you can buy.

THE NEW YEAR HERE

Old One Bowed Out and the New One In Last Night.

AT THE CHURCHES

Watch Night Services at St. Paul's and the First Methodist.

The new year was ushered in with prayer at many of the churches. He found many merry bands, too, waiting to welcome him with dance and song and general merry-making. The old year, that but a 12-month before was the honored guest, was ushered out with but scant courtesy, for the children of men turn over joyfully to the new and look with hopeful eagerness to the future. And so the old year went out attended by but few regrets to join his brother ghosts, the other years that have passed, while the new year gave a cheerful hall and warm welcome. Work was laid aside generally and the people devoted themselves to celebrating, and in a quiet way, however. There were the usual services in all the churches, and they were well attended. After that, the day was devoted to visiting and family gatherings were the program generally for the afternoon and evening.

The watch meeting at the First Methodist church was held in the lecture hall. The attendance was larger than at any previous New Year's eve services in the history of the church. The program was long, though an interesting one, beginning early in the evening and lasting until midnight. It consisted of scripture readings, prayer, music, relating of experiences by laymen, a sermon by Dr. Robert Forbes, presiding officer, and the Duluth district, and an old-fashioned Methodist love feast.

The subject of Dr. Forbes' sermon was "Walking With God," and for an hour he was listened to with the closest interest. He said that if two men could be friends and thoroughly understand each other that there was no reason why God should not establish close relations with the other. God who had made the heart could feel, who had made the eyes could see, and who had made the ears could hear. If man could talk with man or with a telephone wire he could talk with God. He said that if others could talk with God and all would be trained to be Christians. One cannot become a Christian without earnest preparation.

At the conclusion of Dr. Forbes' sermon a love feast was held and five minutes of the work of looking and kneeling and bowed their heads to God as the old year ushered in the new. The first work of looking and kneeling and bowed their heads to God as the old year ushered in the new. The first work of looking and kneeling and bowed their heads to God as the old year ushered in the new.

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NO SKATING RACE TONIGHT.

Olaf Rudd, the Minneapolis Racer, Breaks His Leg.

Olaf Rudd, the Minneapolis Racer, who was to race at the Union rink tonight with D. N. Morrison, of Superior, met with an unfortunate accident this morning. He arrived at the rink at 10 o'clock and went up to try the rink. It is much smaller than any rink he has skated in, and he was not prepared for it. He was making one of his turns when he fell and broke his left leg at the ankle. The break is a bad one and Mr. Rudd will be laid up for some time. He was removed to the St. Louis hotel, this will discontinue a fine race tonight.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative. Bromo Quinine Tablets. All drug stores refund the money if it fails to cure. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

Chief Black's Report.

The total loss by fire during December amounted to \$356,42, according to Chief Black's report to the fire commissioners yesterday, at their regular monthly meeting. The total insurance on the property involved was \$10,000. The fire department was called out eleven times. The commissioners paid \$2500 insurance on hall No. 9, with C. H. Graves & Co. Payrolls and monthly bills were passed and other routine business transacted.

The Religious Census.

The program committee of the religious census met yesterday at the study of Dr. Cleveland, and transacted some of the preliminary business necessary to that work. Public meetings will be held in the churches up to the middle of January, and many of the meetings will be held Tuesday, Jan. 5. The purpose of the census is to instruct the public in what is required by the census. The census will be begun Jan. 15, and it will be done in one day, the city having been divided in thirty-one parts and 20 people will assist in the work.

Many Old People Died.

The health officials say that an unusually large number of old people died in Duluth during December. It is believed that when the returns are all in for the month it will be found to be high.

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There is a possibility of the trial coming to a sudden termination by reason of the challenge for cause of Juror Elmer W. Ferris, who is charged with having expressed the opinion that the defendant should be hanged. The law for the defense, it is said, have affidavits to this effect and will present them in court. No action was taken today, however.

LONDON LABOR MEETING.

London, Jan. 1.—Delegates meeting here today and passed resolutions commending the engineers upon their splendid stand in defense of the union and asking all trades unionists, of whom there are 2,000,000 in Great Britain, to make a weekly levy of a minimum of 2d (2 cents) to support the strike in the night. It was said, "the light of labor against capital in all the world."

IS STILL GROWING.

The List of Subscribers to the Salter Memorial Fund Increasing.

The idea of a Salter Memorial bethel on Superior street meets with much favor with those who have already contributed to the fund as well as with others who are ready to contribute large sums for such an excellent purpose. This being a holiday, there were few additions to the fund. Following is the list up to date:

Previously acknowledged \$1,122.45
Robert Johnson school 1.00
Received by News Tribune 1.00
P. McDermott 5.00
H. Slinger 5.00
W. C. Agnew 5.00
John A. Keyes 1.00
W. R. Koller 1.00
P. L. Taylor 1.00
Mrs. H. P. Greene's class at the Bethel Sunday school 1.80
George Holmes 1.00
G. W. Keyes 1.00
Total \$1,155.25

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MESABA OR SALE.

Report That Four Million Tons Are Sold to Go to Wales.

The following dispatch was sent out from Pittsburgh last night:

Pittsburgh, Jan. 1.—One of the largest ore dealers connected in this or any other country, has just been closed by James W. Miller, of Pittsburgh, at London, Eng., with the Cardiff Iron Foundry company, limited. Coal and coke, this city, gives the particulars of the deal:

Ship us at the earliest possible moment 400,000 tons of 44 per cent Mesaba iron ore f. o. b. docks at Cardiff. Such was the order received and accepted by the ore firm of Warner, Stuart & Co., of Cleveland, Ohio, for more than \$20,000,000 worth of goods in which this firm has an interest. The order was for 25,150 tons delivered on the docks at Cardiff. Mr. Miller's commission on the sale amounts to \$500,000.

It is stated in Cleveland that Warner, Stuart & Co. are negotiating with the Grampian for the construction of a new going wharves to carry the ore direct by water through the Welland canal.

While it is known that English iron men have a view to taking it across the water for use in English furnaces it is not believed here that negotiations for the construction of a new wharves to carry the ore direct by water through the Welland canal. The law goes out from this point to provide that if any part of the tax remains unpaid on the first Monday in January of the following year an additional penalty of 10 per cent shall go upon such part of the tax as remains unpaid.

This act will be one of the most popular passed by the last legislature among the taxpayers, especially those who have large amounts of property to handle and therefore large amounts of taxes to pay. This will be appreciated when it is illustrated by a supposition. A man who has property valued at \$100 under the old law would have to pay the full amount by June 1 or the tax would be \$100 before Nov. 1. He not only has the use of his money during that time, but he avoids the expensive penalty.

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THE TAXES FOR 1897

Both Real and Personal Will Fall Due on Monday Next.

THE NEW REGULATION

One-Half May Be Paid June 1, and the Balance Nov. 1.

Next Monday the taxes for the year 1897, both personal and real, become due, and on that day there goes into effect a provision that will undoubtedly be of much service to the taxpayers of this county, as well as of other counties in the state, as the amendment to the tax laws passed by the last legislature applies all over the state. In past years if the tax on real estate was unpaid by June 1 of the year in which it became due, a penalty of 10 per cent went into effect on the tax, making it one-tenth greater. This year, however, the taxpayer has the option of paying one-half of his tax before June 1 and letting the remainder run until Nov. 1 of the same year. Then if he does not pay the balance the penalty of 10 per cent goes into effect in the usual manner.

The amendment, which was passed by the state legislature last winter, reads as follows: "On the first day of June of each year a penalty of 10 per cent shall immediately accrue and thereafter be charged upon all unpaid taxes on real estate on the lists in the hands of the county treasurer, and any treasurer who shall make out and deliver and receipt for such taxes without including such penalty therein, shall be liable to the county for the amount of such penalty; provided, that if one-half of the amount of the tax on any real estate shall be paid before the first day of June of each year, then no penalty shall be charged or collected on such part of the tax as remains unpaid shall be paid before the first day of November of each year, and the remaining one-half of said tax shall not be paid before said first day of November, and thereafter be charged upon the one-half of any such real estate tax as remains unpaid."

The law goes out from this point to provide that if any part of the tax remains unpaid on the first Monday in January of the following year an additional penalty of 10 per cent shall go upon such part of the tax as remains unpaid. This act will be one of the most popular passed by the last legislature among the taxpayers, especially those who have large amounts of property to handle and therefore large amounts of taxes to pay. This will be appreciated when it is illustrated by a supposition. A man who has property valued at \$100 under the old law would have to pay the full amount by June 1 or the tax would be \$100 before Nov. 1. He not only has the use of his money during that time, but he avoids the expensive penalty.

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Our Loss is Your Gain....

We are taking a loss, commencing Monday morning. It must and will be a profitable investment for you to be on hand at 8 o'clock in the morning.

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HOLIDAY RATES

ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, POINTS IN MINNESOTA, IOWA, MISSOURI, WISCONSIN, ILLINOIS. POINTS IN NEW YORK. AND NEW ENGLAND.

Tickets and full information at Union Depot or City Ticket Office, 415 West Superior street.

G. D. HARPER, Northern Passenger Agt.

Printed Duluth, Minnesota, December 28th, 1897.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 1, 1898.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

AERIAL FLIGHT NEAR AT HAND.

Recent Advances Made By
Scientists In Solving Great
Problems of the Age.

Copyright 1897, by Bachelier Syndicate.
The fairy stories that have been so often published on this subject cause many folks to smile at the very mention of flying machines, and to look upon the idea of flying as a good joke, but of no serious importance. Bad as the stories have been, the pictures are in most cases still worse. They look like nothing so much as those strange prehistoric monsters whose appearance in our story books is used to make the cold shivers run down our spinal columns. No wonder you don't believe in the existence of such monsters.

While this skeptical view is natural enough, it is not altogether correct. Many scientists and practical students have given much sober thought to the task of overcoming the difficulties in the way of aerial flight. Their labors have greatly amplified, although they have not altogether solved the problem. A dozen or more years ago, a thoroughly trained man of recognized ability, in different parts of the world, was eagerly working to realize this dream which men have cherished ever since they first began to watch the birds in their flight. It would not surprise these who are most familiar with the matter to learn at any time that the elusive final factor has been grasped. It is therefore well worth our while to see just what has been done and what remains to be done before man can safely launch himself upon the winds, and subdue the kingdom of the air as he already has that of land and water.

FLYING MACHINES NOT NEW.
To begin with, the flying machine is not in any sense a new thing. There are already in existence several ingenious forms of mechanism that will sustain themselves for considerable distances under motion. One of the first and most interesting of these was the invention of the Frenchman, Phéolant, who has imitated more nearly than any other inventor the exact motion of a bird in flight. Phéolant's contrivance is a pair of long, thin, curved strips of wood, which are joined together by a small wire. The strips are simply a strip of twisted rubber extending along the middle back and joined to the wires which propel the wings. As the propeller apparatus revolves under the impetus of



has sometimes caused death there is no doubt whatever.
Perhaps the best authenticated case of Gila monster poisoning was that of Arthur James, a resident of Minneapolis who went to Arizona a year or two ago while on a vacation. An unexpected and drenching rainstorm came up one day, and he was driven from any house along with a friend named Farthing. In order to save themselves from too severe a waiting the two men took shelter in a rocky cavern.
The rain lasted longer than they expected and before it ceased James lay down and fell asleep. While he slept a Gila monster crawled over his chest, raising him instantly. He seized the thing near the middle of the body, when, quick as a flash, the monster bit him in the wrist. James yelled for help, and his friend came instantly to his assistance, but found that the creature had so strong a grip that he could not loosen its jaws. He finally shot it away with a gun, holding the muzzle close to the reptile's body, of course, and in such a way that his friend should not suffer injury.
James became delirious at once, and Farthing hastened for help. When he returned his friend was dead, and the monster was still in his hand. The monster's body was found to be full of holes, and it was found that the monster had been bitten by a snake, and that the snake had been bitten by a Gila monster. The monster was found to be full of holes, and it was found that the monster had been bitten by a snake, and that the snake had been bitten by a Gila monster.

THE HORRIBLE GILA MONSTER.

Declared By Some to Be the
Most Venomous Creature
on Earth.

Copyright 1898, by Bachelier Syndicate.
The writer has never seen a victim bitten, but he has heard numerous and gruesome stories of Gila monster bites, has seen the monster, and would no more readily trust its fangs than he would those of the diamond-back rattler, or the dreaded West Indian fer-de-lance itself. Some there be who declare its bite to be sure and awful death, while others aver it to be harmless as any other lizard. And there have been some horrible stories told lately about the Gila monster, the perils of which would not tend to increase one's confidence in its harmlessness.

HOME OF THE GILA MONSTER.
So far as known the Gila monster is found nowhere upon the surface of this globe except in New Mexico, Arizona and some parts of Mexico and Central and South America. It most abundantly in this country, in the muddy banks and bottom of the Gila river, where it is found in great numbers. Whether the monster is named from the river, or the river named after the monster, is a question that does not arise, for there are no signs of distress.
Then the substance that exudes from the monster's supposed poison glands at the base of two incisor teeth was injected into the veins of twenty pigeons, of which seventeen died, death in each case following soon after the injection. Those that did not die showed no signs of distress.

VANDERBURG'S EXPLANATION.
Professor Vandenburg's explanation of the varying results obtained seemed reasonable. He found on carefully examining the monster that its poisonous fangs were in some respects similar to those of the rattlesnake, but differed in that they responded only to considerable pressure, and that the venom injected by the monster was a spurting stream of the teeth. Accordingly, a slight wound is extremely unlikely to result disastrously, and even when the bite is severe the poison may not enter the wound at all. Professor Vandenburg is of the opinion that a small particle

SOME WEIRD STORIES.
It is the truly uncanny feature of its odor, no doubt, from which has arisen the notion that the Gila monster can poison its victims to the death by merely breathing upon them as effectively as by biting, and color is lent

to this belief by the genuine terror of the creature manifested by the Indians. They also declare, and old settlers of white blood in regions to which is a native share in this belief, that the skin exudes a mortal poison. But both these stories may be true. Indeed, Dr. Stejneger, of the Smithsonian Institution, is only for the moment, as more than a scientific man of an investigator, that of mind has demonstrated within the past few years.
But that the bite of the Gila monster

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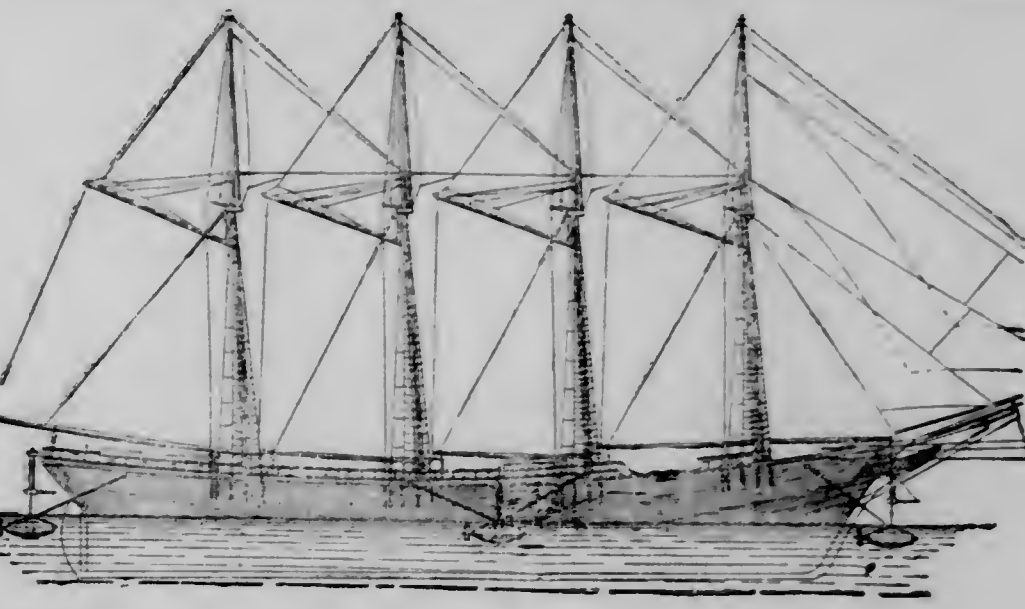
TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

Every Ship May Be Her Own Tugboat.

Copyright, 1898, by Bachelier Syndicate.
A unique propelling device has just been invented whereby a vessel may in a measure become its own tugboat. It resembles an auxiliary propeller more than anything else, consisting mainly of a cylinder pointed at both ends and carrying within a motor mechanism which receives its power ordinarily from the engine of the vessel to which it is attached.

At one end of the propelling device there is a screw propeller, and to the middle is attached a bar, or tube, connecting with the ship and forming a conductor for electricity, steam, compressed air, or other power maker. On either side of the tube radial arms extend, connecting with the ship in or

ship's boats. Thus when it is needed it may easily be dropped to the necessary point where it is to be fastened, and receive its connections as easily and gently as when a boat is lowered in a heavy sea with proper precautions to prevent its being stove in against the side of the vessel.
Ordinarily the device would weigh one ton, and be of twenty-horse power capacity. Its dimensions would be 22 inches in diameter by 72 inches in length, though the inventor believes that yachts and fast steamers would do better if the conical case were made longer so as to slip through the water more easily. This would not interfere with the capacity of the motor.
There is no fixed size, however, for the apparatus will be made to corre-

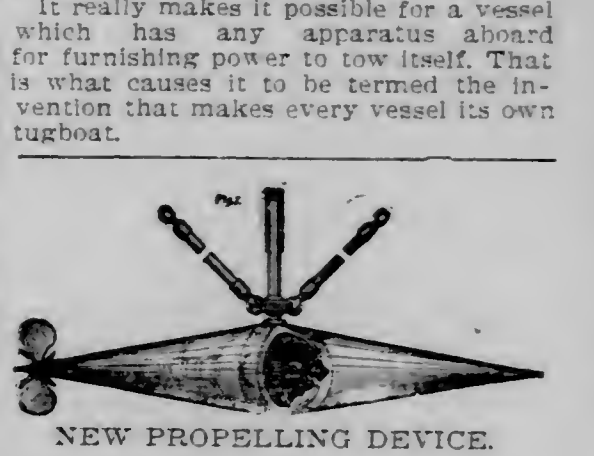


PROPELLER ADJUSTED TO VARIOUS PARTS OF A SHIP.

der to more perfectly secure the auxiliary craft to its greater consort.
The device may be attached to both sides, to either end, or to whatever portion of the ship may seem desirable. Two of them will propel an ocean steamer with sufficient force to give it an especially designed speed. It is especially designed for the use of vessels which have suffered accident, either to their propelling machinery, or to the rudder. It will supply admirably the place of the steering apparatus, and seems to be just about what has been needed for some time. Nothing can be more unmanageable than a ship without a rudder, and the inventor says it was really this idea that inspired him to conceive what promises to be a very useful contrivance.

Any vessel can be easily equipped with the new propelling device, and that too without complication of any sort. All that is necessary is to supply the avenue for the power to reach the device, and to provide for its being secured to the side or end of the ship. When not in use it can be carried on davit, in the same fashion as the

spond to the tonnage of the craft upon which it is intended to be used. Thus a vessel disabled by the breaking of a shaft, or the loss of a rudder through a severe storm, with this device aboard, would have a substitute for either of these features of a ship's equipment, which will bear the same relation to a steamship as does the jury mast which comes into play when the regular masts of a ship go by the board.
It really makes it possible for a vessel which has any apparatus aboard for furnishing power to tow itself. That is what causes it to be termed the invention that makes every ship its own tugboat.



NEW PROPELLING DEVICE.

BEAUTY WILL WED COUNT.

Mrs. May Stanley Lay to Marry a Diplomat.

Washington, Jan. 1.—The capital's 400 are awaiting anxiously the approaching wedding of Mrs. May Stanley Lay to Count Von Goetz, military attaché of the German embassy, which is announced to take place here the first part of this month. The count, who possesses great wealth, has greatly distinguished himself as an African explorer. In 1893 he equipped an expedi-



COUNT VON GOETZ.

tion, of which he paid all expenses, for the exploration of the totally unknown country lying between Lake Tanganyika and Lake Albert Edward, and which was said to have been described by Stanley and his followers as too dangerous to venture upon.
The count's party consisted of two fellow-scientists and fifty natives. After enduring great hardships the successful explorers succeeded in making their way through the German possessions on the East African coast to the West-ern coast, but only after the loss of thirty men. The count's work in behalf of geographical science has been rewarded by the bestowal of numerous medals. Mrs. Lay has been for several years past one of the acknowledged beauties

of Washington, and her house on Jefferson place has been one of the most popular in the city. She is the widow of William Lay, of Baltimore.

FOR OVER-INDULGENCE.
TAKE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.
It preserves and renews the vitality, strengthens the nerves, and stimulates the stomach to healthy action.



MRS. MAY STANLEY LAY.

COMPOSER AND BAND LEADER.

Professor Fancuilli, of Washington, Goes to New York.

New York, Jan. 1.—After today the Seventy-third regiment band, of this city, will be conducted under the personal direction of Professor Fancuilli, for five years leader of the United States Marine band. Professor Fancuilli says he will reorganize the band, increase it to fifty pieces, and hopes to make it one of the very best organizations of the kind in the country.
For years Fancuilli was a close friend of the late Patrick S. Gilmore, and has been associated with the leading musi-



PROFESSOR FANCUILLI.

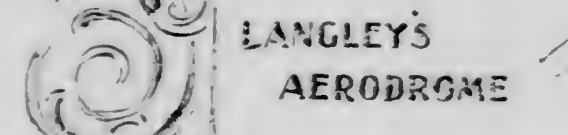
clans of the country. The well-known marches "Tour of the Nation," "Trip to Manhattan Beach," "Trip to Mars," and "The Voyage of Columbus," played by Gilmore's band, were composed by him. He succeeded Sousa as leader of the Marine band, and composed many of the marches and selections which attracted widespread attention.

A notable work by him was a mass called "Solennitas," dedicated to Cardinal Sattoli, and which was sung in Washington at his first pontifical mass. One of his more recent compositions is the march "El Libertador," dedicated to Karl Decker.

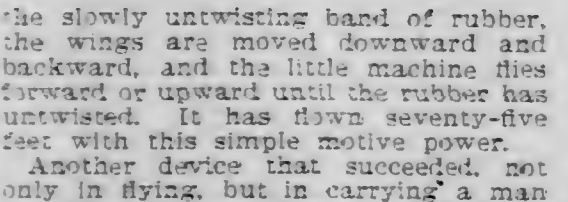
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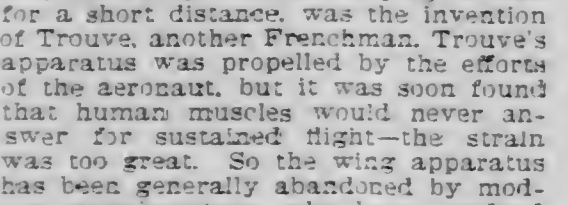
TROUVE'S MECHANICAL BIRD.



LANGLEY'S AERODROME.



HARGRAVE'S COMPRESSED AIR MACHINE.



LILIENTHAL'S PARTIALLY SUCCESSFUL APPARATUS.

the slowly untwisting band of rubber, the wings are moved downward and backward, and the little machine flies forward or upward until the rubber has untwisted. It has flown seventy-five feet with this simple motive power.

Another device that succeeded, not only in flying, but in carrying a man for a short distance, was the invention of Trouve, another Frenchman. Trouve's apparatus was propelled by the efforts of the astronaut, but it was soon found that human muscles would never answer for sustained flight; the strain was too great. So the wing apparatus has been generally abandoned by modern experimenters, who have confined their attention to aeroplanes, aerial screws, and similar means for sustaining their airships.

SOME RECENT FLYING MACHINES.
Among these modern inventions, Lilienthal succeeded in building a machine that carried him on several flights of moderate length, before he was finally killed in the course of his experiments. Hiram Maxim, an American living in England, has conducted a number of important experiments with aeroplanes, and Professor S. P. Langley, of Washington, recently succeeded in building a machine on the aeroplane principle that flew for some distance like half a mile with steam as its propelling power. The difficulty which has made all these machines stop short of practical success is not in finding a form that will fly, but in getting a sufficiently light motive power capable of continued effort, and in building a machine that will not only fly, but will be able to start and stop without injuring the passengers which a successful flying machine must carry. It will be noted that, with the exception of Lilienthal's apparatus, to which most persons, bearing in mind the inventor's fate, would not care to trust themselves—none of these machines have carried human beings, and none of them have taken any extended flights. Probably no man in this country knows more about flying machines than Professor C. E. Myers, of New York. Mr. Myers is not a scientist, like Professor Langley, but he has had long experience in navigating the air in balloons, and knows all about the upper air. At his farm, near Utica, N. Y., almost every kind of flying machine ever built has been tested, and he has seen both those which were partly successful and those that were flat failures. When I visited Mr. Myers, farm recently, I asked him to tell me what the in-

horizontal or perpendicular motion. When we get an aerial machine that can do that we shall see its dawn as a commercial possibility. Anybody can throw a ball and keep it in the air, for a few seconds at least, without moving. This is a great but not an insurmountable obstacle. I say that it is not insurmountable, because I have myself constructed the model of a machine, which I could place in this room, which will, without any sustaining power, except what it contains in itself, hover for a few seconds above any given spot.

"No, I will not show it to you, because I don't pretend to have built a flying machine; and until I have done so, or have at least some much further than at present, I don't propose to let anybody steal what I have on hand."
"It seems to me," continued the inventor, "that the problem of building an airship resolves itself under three heads: first, the most suitable form; second, the best means of propulsion; and third, the most desirable motive power. The form is important, just as it is in a boat. The airship must be built so that the waves of air will slip off its sides, just as waves of water do on the prow of a boat. In other words, what we call 'skin friction' must be reduced to a minimum. The sharp, long and narrow form of a racing yacht is a good model."
"As to the best means of propulsion, ideas differ. Some inventors believe in aeroplanes built to act on the air as the sails of a windmill do, while others insist that the successful airship must be driven by an aerial screw, working like the propeller of a steamboat. Both these forms of applying power have been used with some success."

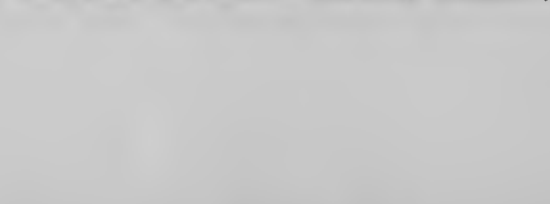
chine properly balanced.
"The men who have planned this new airship believe that it will be able to land where the operator chooses, and that its motion will be steady and gentle; yet they may find, after it is built, that they have overlooked some little thing that will make their labor all in vain. But airship inventors are used to such disappointments. In any case, it will be one step more toward the success which is bound to come in the end."

Enough has already been accomplished to prove that some day—probably within the next few years—some one will be found able to do the rest. It is altogether probable that most of the young people who read this article will live to see the day when they can go skimming through the air as easily and with as little danger as the expert whistman glides along our streets today. **ROBERT EARL.**

THE LAWYER'S OBJECTIONS.
Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune: "Now," remarked the attorney's wife as she sat down upon his chest and gave him an other twist after the brief disengagement, "now I'd like to know who builds the reins in this house?" "I know," said her husband, faintly, but with true courage still, "I refuse to answer. That is a leading question."

THE POLITE HINDOO.
When Lord Dufferin was viceroy of India he had a "hikarry," or attendant, whose special duty was to attend the visitors at the viceregal court on their shooting excursions. Returning one day from one of these excursions, the hikarry encountered the viceroy, who, full of courteous solicitude for his attendant, asked him if he was tired. The hikarry replied, "Yes, my lord, I am very tired." "Why so?" asked the viceroy. "Because," replied the hikarry, "I have been carrying you for a long time."

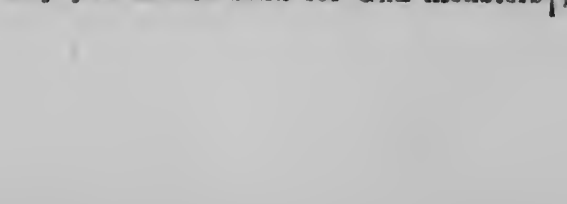
to this belief by the genuine terror of the creature manifested by the Indians. They also declare, and old settlers of white blood in regions to which is a native share in this belief, that the skin exudes a mortal poison. But both these stories may be true. Indeed, Dr. Stejneger, of the Smithsonian Institution, is only for the moment, as more than a scientific man of an investigator, that of mind has demonstrated within the past few years.
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THE GILA MONSTER.

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The victim James who died in the Arizona cavern was bitten severely, and the monster maintained its hold most tenaciously on his wrist, but the bite from which Orrin Barney suffered was merely a scratch, the reptile not being able to fasten its teeth in the flesh at all.

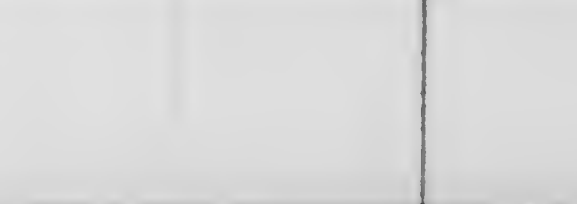
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THE GILA MONSTER.

Gossip
of

The Stage

"The Widow Jones," the farcical comedy conceit, written by John J. McNally, author of such successes as "Courtship in Court," "A Straight Tip," etc., and produced with signal success in New York, Chicago, San Francisco, Boston and all the most prominent amusement cities in America, is the attraction at the Lyceum this afternoon and evening. Habitual theater-goers remember "The Widow Jones" as being the most laughable of any of this author's efforts, an assertion vouched for at each succeeding performance of its performance. These will, it is promised, be of the most taking and up-to-date order. As regards the musical numbers which will be heard here, many of them for the first time, the management has catered to the popular taste of the day in the way of dark melodies, and no player now before the American public can render them better than Miss Irwin.

BLACK PATTI'S TROUBADOURS. Black Patti, the greatest singer of her race, who has won triumphs in every part of the civilized world, will be seen in conjunction with the "Black Patti Troubadours," which is said to be the most imposing organization of colored performers in existence, at the Lyceum Monday and Tuesday. There are fifty people in the company and the principal members are famous by reason of their association with the vaudeville and comedy stage. The company is credited with giving a performance which excels in point of novelty anything that has been seen on the American stage. The stage scheme is a happy blending of comedy, burlesque, vaudeville and opera, which affords the diversified talent of this very large and talented company unlimited scope to amuse and entertain.

While comedy and vaudeville hold a conspicuous place on the program, yet the great feature of the performance is the operatic kaleidoscope which occupies the final half hour. In this are introduced the happiest selections taken from "Grand Duchess," "Trovatore," "Carmen," "Daughter of the Regiment," "Pique," "The Bohemian Girl," "Marta," "Lucia" and "Figliuolo." The solo quartets and choruses as sung by Black Patti and her talented associates have proven to be a veritable sensation.

The magnificent work accompanied by the company in operatic ensemble singing has been commended in the highest terms by metropolitan critics, who in some instances declare that it excels the best efforts of some of the leading grand opera companies. The company is directed by Messrs. Voelkel and Nolan, theatrical managers who have had a long and successful experience in directing gigantic amusement enterprises. They have surrounded Black Patti with the best company that could be brought together, and the stage presentations are marked by the exquisite and costly costumes which adorn the performer and the very effective and artistic scenery.

By denying himself to literature, Anthony Hope Hawkins could become the



BLACK PATTI, THE FAMOUS SONGSTRESS.

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fruit. Hope as a dramatist is to be encouraged in all ways. He is a man too cleverly skinned to the stage to forsake it for books.

The capitulation of Paris to the Wagnerian opera is the joke of the music world. It is the greatest and most sensational flop in the history of music and must appear as the top note of absurdity to observers of national insanity. Only a little more than a year ago Paris tore its hair and gnashed its teeth in the violence of rage because M. de Lohengrin, it was said, was a question of art from the posting of the first bill, and quickly howled itself into the fury of a national movement against Germany. The noble cause became the emblem of red flag and the name of Wagner stood for all that was outrageous.

It was really dreadful. Mobs surged up and down the streets and boulevards, shrieking madly for German blood, and when the soldiers succeeded in the endeavor to prevent the destruction of the city, the impotent imbeciles of Paris vented their agony through their threats and the overture to "Die Gotterdammerung" wasn't a circum-

stance in noise-comparisons. "Lohengrin" was sung to an audience of 50,000 armed and sabered soldiers, with hundreds of howling fanatics hurled in the basement and thousands of madmen shrieking for Wagner's head—about the only thing that was not a skull—for six squares around the opera house.

It was a revolt against all things German and stood for the same principle that made Bernhard refuse a Berlin engagement and refuse to jeopardize his Paris future by keeping one of the Parisians imagined themselves in deadly earnest, and had not their friends and relatives been locked up in the cellar, Lohengrin would have been demolished with the greatest of ease.

And today Paris is going wild over Wagner. He is the god of music and outshines the very elements. Pique the greatest newspaper in France and the best, closes its eyes and howls from every box corner in the city that Paris has just achieved felicity via Wagner, the Wagner's critic is cleverly skeptical and laughs Wagner's volume of tone and elusive melodies, but does not attempt to deny the equivalence of color and the nobility of treatment, and in the end grants Wagner as much greatness as a German may achieve.

The other critics, impressed by the mad enthusiasm of the mob, find no fault with the day's celebration. The stories of his opera are quite peculiar to Parisian favoritism. It is all a huge joke, showing how absurdly for Europe as New York does for America. Both critics claim to be the only ones who are not deceived by the dishonesty of the critical or justly analytical for five minutes at a time. They are not deceived by the superlative metaphors, but it is significant to note that they never build any of their own.

Mrs. Potter and Kyrie Bellew begin their engagement at the Lyceum theater, Dresden, on 10, with "Romeo and Juliet," Tuesday, "La Tosca," Wednesday, "The School for Scandal," Thursday, "As You Like It," Friday, "Camille," Saturday, "Fanciulla," Sunday, "Romeo and Juliet," Monday, "Camille," Tuesday, "The second week will be with 'Hamlet,' 'Charlotte Corday,' 'The Merchant of Venice,' 'The Lady of Lyons' and 'She Stoops to Conquer.'"

The women of the stage require no defense against the alleged attack of Clement Scott. The "life of the green room" is a life unknown in this country, where greenrooms do exist, and where the foreign practice of a dining table behind the scenes friends of the management has never been tolerated. The talk about the life of the stage of life is always ridiculous. To a virtuous woman there is no more propriety to be worked on the stage than there is in any other walk of life, says Harrison Grey Fiske in Dramatic Mirror.

That the dramatic profession is full of trials and temptations for all concerned, says Margaret Mather, "for actresses are as a class far above the average of feminine beauty. They are also more emotional, and therefore are more sensitive to their surroundings, and are the consequence of the many of them are so pure-minded that they never see the possibility of vice. In no other class, I believe, can more of simple, earnest goodness be found than among stage women."

When Nathaniel Goodwin acts in Clyde Fitch's play, based on the life of Nathan Hale, he will supply the elaborate scenery and make what is technically known as a "production" of the play. The hero is hanged at the close of the play—or, to speak more accurately, he falls on the last act of the drama. This will be one of the most earnest efforts to win favor as a serious actor.

Sir Squire Bancroft, who is to come to New York in February, has been one of the best known actors in England, although since his retirement from the stage five years ago he has been rarely seen in public. Sir Squire Bancroft and Sir Henry Irving are the only English actors with titles who have been popular actors in many of the great houses of drama, and they were knighted at the same time. Bancroft's wife, for many years a popular actress, will accompany him to this country.

Mrs. Fiske's tour of the large cities in "Tess of the D'Urbervilles" is a sort of a triumphal march. Owing to her unwillingness to be swallowed up by the theatrical trust, she has been obliged in several instances to play the second grade houses, and advanced prices have prevailed, of course, and the audiences, both as to quality and number, have been wonderfully fine. Everywhere her depiction of the sufferings and final revolt of Tess is pronounced a revelation of genius. Mrs. Fiske's acting looks simple to most people, and so it is—simply the work of a perfect artist. It is doubtful if there be another actress living who would dare to do and leave undone the things she does and leaves undone as Tess. As to direction, her power to stamp one particular word upon the auditor's consciousness, and also to color it with tones of the voice, so that, taken quite apart from the context, it conveys clearly a complete idea, is truly remarkable. This is surely something deeper than a mere trick of emphasis, and there are not two other women—Eleanor Duse and Yvonne Galland—who possess it in the same degree.

One of the interesting features of

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And today Paris is going wild over Wagner. He is the god of music and outshines the very elements. Pique the greatest newspaper in France and the best, closes its eyes and howls from every box corner in the city that Paris has just achieved felicity via Wagner, the Wagner's critic is cleverly skeptical and laughs Wagner's volume of tone and elusive melodies, but does not attempt to deny the equivalence of color and the nobility of treatment, and in the end grants Wagner as much greatness as a German may achieve.

The other critics, impressed by the mad enthusiasm of the mob, find no fault with the day's celebration. The stories of his opera are quite peculiar to Parisian favoritism. It is all a huge joke, showing how absurdly for Europe as New York does for America. Both critics claim to be the only ones who are not deceived by the dishonesty of the critical or justly analytical for five minutes at a time. They are not deceived by the superlative metaphors, but it is significant to note that they never build any of their own.

Mrs. Potter and Kyrie Bellew begin their engagement at the Lyceum theater, Dresden, on 10, with "Romeo and Juliet," Tuesday, "La Tosca," Wednesday, "The School for Scandal," Thursday, "As You Like It," Friday, "Camille," Saturday, "Fanciulla," Sunday, "Romeo and Juliet," Monday, "Camille," Tuesday, "The second week will be with 'Hamlet,' 'Charlotte Corday,' 'The Merchant of Venice,' 'The Lady of Lyons' and 'She Stoops to Conquer.'"

The women of the stage require no defense against the alleged attack of Clement Scott. The "life of the green room" is a life unknown in this country, where greenrooms do exist, and where the foreign practice of a dining table behind the scenes friends of the management has never been tolerated. The talk about the life of the stage of life is always ridiculous. To a virtuous woman there is no more propriety to be worked on the stage than there is in any other walk of life, says Harrison Grey Fiske in Dramatic Mirror.

That the dramatic profession is full of trials and temptations for all concerned, says Margaret Mather, "for actresses are as a class far above the average of feminine beauty. They are also more emotional, and therefore are more sensitive to their surroundings, and are the consequence of the many of them are so pure-minded that they never see the possibility of vice. In no other class, I believe, can more of simple, earnest goodness be found than among stage women."

When Nathaniel Goodwin acts in Clyde Fitch's play, based on the life of Nathan Hale, he will supply the elaborate scenery and make what is technically known as a "production" of the play. The hero is hanged at the close of the play—or, to speak more accurately, he falls on the last act of the drama. This will be one of the most earnest efforts to win favor as a serious actor.

Sir Squire Bancroft, who is to come to New York in February, has been one of the best known actors in England, although since his retirement from the stage five years ago he has been rarely seen in public. Sir Squire Bancroft and Sir Henry Irving are the only English actors with titles who have been popular actors in many of the great houses of drama, and they were knighted at the same time. Bancroft's wife, for many years a popular actress, will accompany him to this country.

Mrs. Fiske's tour of the large cities in "Tess of the D'Urbervilles" is a sort of a triumphal march. Owing to her unwillingness to be swallowed up by the theatrical trust, she has been obliged in several instances to play the second grade houses, and advanced prices have prevailed, of course, and the audiences, both as to quality and number, have been wonderfully fine. Everywhere her depiction of the sufferings and final revolt of Tess is pronounced a revelation of genius. Mrs. Fiske's acting looks simple to most people, and so it is—simply the work of a perfect artist. It is doubtful if there be another actress living who would dare to do and leave undone the things she does and leaves undone as Tess. As to direction, her power to stamp one particular word upon the auditor's consciousness, and also to color it with tones of the voice, so that, taken quite apart from the context, it conveys clearly a complete idea, is truly remarkable. This is surely something deeper than a mere trick of emphasis, and there are not two other women—Eleanor Duse and Yvonne Galland—who possess it in the same degree.

One of the interesting features of

will build you right up from a condition of lowest vitality to strong, robust health. Contains the highest percentage of nutritive matter of select meat in liquid form. Is a Non-Intoxicant. All druggists.

Val Blatz Brewing Co., Duluth Branch. Tel. 62.

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Frank Mayo's dramatization of Mark Twain's "Pudd'nhead Wilson" is its fidelity to the fashions of the period. One notices in the trousers, tightly strapped down, the brass buttons, the swallow-tail coats, the long, low-cut waistcoat, the full shirt, the shirt and bell-crowned hats of the men, the fashion of fifty years ago. Miss Frances Graham Mayo, for whom the part of Rowdy, the Southern beauty, was written, is described by the press agent as a vision of dainty, fluffy "feminine" that no man can describe and only a woman ought to attempt.

Gladys Wallis had trouble with her manager in San Francisco because she was late at rehearsal. Then she was discharged and then she had a lawsuit. The suit has been decided and Gladys wins, obtaining judgment for \$10,000 and the costs of the suit.

"The Cat and the Cherub," a brief success in New York and a failure everywhere else, is now being prepared for vaudeville. W. A. Brady still has the play in his hands.

A. M. Palmer, the erstwhile "broken" New York manager, who is now conducting Richard Mansfield's business very ably, has proven that he still possesses the diplomacy. He has succeeded in getting a New York court to reduce his wife's alimony from \$500 a month to \$100 a month. Palmer obtained his decree in 1883 and Mr. Palmer ever since has been a failure in his circumstances were different then.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Bernhardt is 55.

Denham Thompson is 65 years old.

Charles H. Hays is probably acting in England next season.

Joseph Hart and Carrie De Mar will do a sketch in the features of "The Wedding Day" company has in the fourteen weeks it has been on the stage in \$100,000.

John T. Sullivan will join a company now playing in the West to fill a part in the features of "The Cat and the Cherub."

James K. Hackett's condition remains unchanged. The crisis of the fever has not yet been reached. His fiancée, Mary Manning, acts as his nurse.

"Sherlock Holmes," it is stated, will shortly be seen on the London stage. Dr. Conan Doyle has constructed a new play out of the series, without embodying anyone of them.

Anna Held and "The Cat and the Cherub" are the features of a vaudeville company which will on Jan. 2 begin a tour of the leading American cities.

The new play which Bronson Howard and Charles Klein are writing will probably be named "The Scandal Monkeys." The piece is a comedy drama, dealing with Washington life of the present.

Maud Adams has given over 100 performances of the "Little Minister" in New York, and as late as yesterday one of the girls from the works in the "Lost Paradise." Today she receives \$400 a week.

Jane Hadley's jewelry, recently sold at auction, must transcend in its variety that of any stage celebrity. The catalog itemizes a lapdog's collar, studded with diamonds, that fetched \$1000; and through the multi-colored pearl and diamond pendants, that was sold for \$5000.

One of the very best acts in the life of the late William Terris was the starting of a subscription for the relief of the widows and orphans of a lifeboat crew who had just been drowned through the overturning of their boat when they were pushing out to a wrecked, old freighter named Brockman years ago swam against the waves for the championship at the Atlantic regatta.

THE BIRTH OF "GREATER" NEW YORK.

With the dawn of the new year the city of New York is ushered into the world a full grown giant. The problem of the city is to maintain its position as a metropolis, and to do this it must be put to the supreme test on the ground of its own resources.

One of the most interesting features of the city is the fact that the population of the city is now equal to that of the original thirteen states when the Union was formed. The city is now a metropolis of 1,000,000 people.

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DULUTH EVENING TRIBUNE

FIFTEENTH YEAR.

MONDAY, JANUARY 3, 1898.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

TWO CENTS.

School Begins Again, Is Your Boy Prepared?



There was a time when almost anything was regarded as being good enough for Boys, but that time has passed. Now nothing is too good for him. Be just to your boys and to yourself. If you have school clothes to buy for them, consult our stock. The case is simple. We cannot afford to allow any other folks to serve you with Boys' Clothing, either better or cheaper—That's why the best bargains in the best things always await you here—You can't afford to ignore the fact.

Boys' and Children's New Winter Suits—Greys, blues and excellent values at—\$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00.

Here's the record for the Boys' Bargain Table—Suits for \$1.45; \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.00 and \$7.00 Boys' Suits for \$2.95.

Please notice—First, the very low prices; next, every Boys' Suit is entitled to a fine Pocket Knife—a Tool Chest—a pair of Club Skates or a Sled.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters.

BIG DULUTH

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

ANTI-HANNA COMBINE WINS

Both Branches of the Ohio Legislature Organized By Democrats and Anti-Hanna Republicans.

MASSON ELECTED SPEAKER

Senator Burke, of Cleveland, Was Chosen the President Pro Tem of the Senate.

Columbus, Jan. 3.—The Ohio legislature convened at 10 a. m. today. Owing to the national contest unusual interest was taken in the organization of both houses. The caucus last Saturday night was not on the usual lines between the Republicans and Democrats owing to some of the Republican members having formed a fusion with the Democratic members for the defeat of Senator Hanna. The senate stands eighteen Democrats and eighteen Republicans, the latter including Senator Voight, who was elected on a fusion ticket from Cincinnati, and who did not attend either caucus. In the senate caucus Saturday night, Senator Burke, Republican, of Cleveland, was not only elected president pro tem of the senate, but he was also elected speaker of the house. The fusion ticket, J. Park Alexander for president pro tem of the senate, and Burke for speaker of the house, were elected by a vote of 18 to 12. The fusion ticket was elected by a vote of 18 to 12. The fusion ticket was elected by a vote of 18 to 12.

strongly in sympathy with the combine that nominated her husband for speaker pro tem. The Hanna workers at 3 a. m. went to the Great Southern hotel, got Mrs. Griffith up and escorted her to the hotel house, where she remained with her husband until 8 a. m., when the Kurtz workers arrived. Mrs. Griffith and her husband were then escorted to the hotel house, where they remained with her husband until 8 a. m., when the Kurtz workers arrived.

The Hanna men succeeded in getting Mrs. Griffith to return to the Great Southern hotel, where she had the last interview with Mr. Kurtz just before the people formed to start for the state house. The wives, relatives and other guests of the Hanna workers were in the hotel house, where they remained with her husband until 8 a. m., when the Kurtz workers arrived.

Just as the legislature was reconvening at 2:30 p. m. today, the Hanna men were in the senate chamber, where they were waiting for the announcement of the results of the caucus. The Hanna men were in the senate chamber, where they were waiting for the announcement of the results of the caucus.

After being in session half an hour in the afternoon, the senate took a recess till 4 p. m., when the governor's message was read and the senate resumed its session. The senate resumed its session at 4 p. m., when the governor's message was read and the senate resumed its session.

NEWS AT WASHINGTON.

How the Ohio Campaign Was Received By Officials.

Washington, Jan. 3.—Assistant Secretary Day returned to Washington this morning from Canton and was early at his post. His attention was called to the published story that a movement is on foot to substitute his name for that of Senator Hanna as a candidate for the senate. He declared: "There is nothing in the matter. I have no interest in the election of Hanna. I am not a candidate for the senate. I am not a candidate for the senate."

BUSHNELL'S MESSAGE.

Suggests Some Changes in the Primary Election Laws.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 3.—Governor Bushnell, in his annual message to the legislature, thus referred to the necessity for a primary election law in this state. "The election laws of our state are designed to be broad enough to afford ample protection for the purity of the ballot, but it must be admitted that the present system of conducting primary elections is not satisfactory in relation to the exercise of the elective franchise. It seems to me necessary that there shall be such extension of the laws as will place the primaries under the control of the people. I respectfully urge the passage of a law to that effect."

TALKED WITH MCKINLEY.

Senator Davis at the White House Today.

Washington, Jan. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Davis was at the White House today to secure an audience with the president for A. W. Bash, of Seattle, who represents a number of Northwest capitalists now seeking Chinese railroad franchises. Minnesota patronage was also discussed by Davis, but the result of the conference cannot be ascertained.

ECKELS' NEW POSITION.

Ex-Comptroller of Currency Now a Bank President.

Chicago, Jan. 3.—James H. Eckels, ex-comptroller of the United States currency, began his duties today as president of the Commercial National bank of Chicago. The new president's first act was to call a conference of the bank's directors and executive officers, but he did not want to change without consulting his wife, who was

GREATER GOTHAM

Mayor Van Wyck Touches Upon the Big City's Financial Condition.

DEBT IS IMMENSE

Within the Constitutional Limit of Indebtedness By About \$19,000,000.

New York, Jan. 3.—Mayor Van Wyck's message to the municipal assembly, which was read upon the organization of that body today, treated at length the financial condition of the greater city. The document was accompanied by lengthy tables furnished him by comptrollers of New York, Brooklyn and Queens. The figures indicated a net funded debt of the entire city of \$27,453,529, and an assessed valuation of real estate of the entire city of \$2,464,733,192. "There is, therefore," the mayor said, "an apparent margin within the constitutional limit of further indebtedness of about \$19,000,000."

Continuing, the mayor said: "This exhibit of the financial condition of the city I submit without further consideration than that it must impress everyone with the stern necessity for the utmost caution in the authorization of any bond issue, until we have provided a greater margin as between the percentage of our real estate valuation prescribed in the constitutional limitation, and our outstanding net bonded debt."

OPPOSE THE BILL.

Commercial Travelers to Fight Anti-Scalping Measure.

New York, Jan. 3.—The Commercial Advertiser says: P. E. Dove, president of the Commercial Travelers' National league, said today that his organization is prepared on the convening of congress, to vigorously oppose the anti-scalping bill now before that body. This bill prohibits the sale of railroad tickets by any one except the authorized agent of a railroad company. Mr. Dove disclaims any connection between his organization and the scalpers, saying the league will not oppose any legislation directed against the business of scalping. He thinks the bill, if passed, will be a blow to a general advance in passenger rates all over the country.

THE MISSISSIPPI FLOODS.

The Senate Committee to Investigate Their Cause.

Washington, Jan. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The sub-committee to investigate the subject of floods in the Mississippi river, of which Senator Nelson is chairman, will leave here next month to make an examination of the big reservoir basins in Yazoo valley, St. Francis and White river, on the lower Mississippi river, which have been closed by building levees.

COTTON VELVET CASES.

Supreme Court Delivers an Opinion in the Matter.

Washington, Jan. 3.—Chief Justice Fuller of the supreme court today delivered the opinion of the court in the case of the United States, appellant, vs. Frederick S. Passavant et al. in reply to the following questions certified from the United States circuit court of appeals for the Second circuit: "1—In proceedings brought before the board of general appraisers by protests under section 14 of the act of June 10, 1890, to remove the collector's decisions on the entries in this case, had the board jurisdiction to inquire into and impeach the dutiable valuation so reported to the collector by the appraiser and upon which the collector assessed the rate of duty to which the merchant is lawfully subjected?"

RUSSIA'S ANXIETY.

Outlined in a Proposal for Alliance With Japan.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 3.—The Novost publishes an article urging a Russo-Japanese alliance as the best means of guaranteeing their mutual interests and of the maintenance of the political equilibrium. This view is favored in Russian official circles, in which it is felt that such an alliance would contribute to avert serious complications in the far East.

MRS. NACK NOT SENTENCED.

New York, Jan. 3.—Mrs. Augusta Nack, jointly indicted with Martin Thorne for the murder of William Guendousse, the bath rubber, in a cottage at Woodlawn, L. I., in June last, was arraigned in the Queen's county court today as it had been expected she would be. No date for her arraignment has been set, but it is probable that her case will be disposed of at this time of court.

A JOB FOR MCNULTA.

Washington, Jan. 3.—John McNulta has been appointed receiver of the National Bank of Illinois, in place of John C. McKee, resigned.

SENATOR STEWART'S SIGHT.

What He Deduces From the Rumpus in China Affairs.

Denver, Jan. 3.—Senator Stewart of Nevada is in Denver today and will resume his journey to Washington this evening. "The Rothschild syndicate," said he, "is about to divide China among the gold standard nations of Europe. All the nations of Asia are to be reduced to financial slavery. The next movement will be to divide South America. What will then become of the free institutions of our own country? What then will intervene to support the Monroe doctrine? The money syndicate which began its work with the downfall of Napoleon proposes to reduce the world to slavery."

KNUTE IS SHREWD.

Senator Nelson Will Not Go on Record Regarding the Governorship.

Washington, Jan. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The efforts of the politicians and newspapers to force Senator Nelson to go on record in the governorship matter have not been successful. The shrewd Norwegian senator by no means proposes to permit the St. Paul and Minneapolis papers to dictate to him what he shall say regarding any matter in which he is interested, and particularly to force him to show his hand in the gubernatorial fight. The same sort of an effort has been made to bring Senator Davis out in the open, but probably by the advice of Senator Nelson he has declined to put himself on record regarding state politics next year.

The most ridiculous thing that has yet come to the surface, both in Minnesota and Washington, is the statement made that Nelson favors Van Sant. There is no truth whatever in this report, at least not at this time. Naturally Nelson will favor Bixby, provided the latter desires to take up the race for the governorship. Bixby may decide not to do so. In such an event Nelson will probably take up some other man, and if he finds that the Van Sant boom has expanded too much to stop it, he may come out for Van Sant. At this time, however, he has made no decision, neither has Senator Davis.

It is probably true that these stories were put in circulation in Minnesota to injure the chances of Davis for re-election. The Minneapolis politicians are particularly active in endeavoring to stir up strife. There are four or five of them who want the governorship and there probably are half a dozen who will be active candidates for Davis' seat, provided there is any show of defeating the governor. Clough is one of these. F. H. Pearson is another, and even J. B. Gilfillan, who has been dead politically for years, has branched out as a senatorial candidate. There is a bare possibility, too, that Loren Fletcher, who has been brought into the race, should this be the case, will without doubt stand a better chance of securing the governorship than any other of the men mentioned.

MOSHIK DESPERATE.

Condemned Murderer Makes Violent Attempt to Escape From Minneapolis Jail.

Minneapolis, Jan. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Moshik, a murderer, condemned to death, made a desperate attempt to escape from the county jail on the top floor of the central house of correction this morning. He threw a handful of cigar ashes in the eyes of Special Watchman Peterson and then grappled with him. He beat the watchman into insignificance with a long iron hook taken from his cell, beat him down and threw him into the corridor, made his way into the outer hallway.

The only mode of egress to the street below is the jail elevator and Moshik rang the bell, hoping to take the elevator man by surprise. He was in this, however, as the operator recognized the fellow before opening the door and dropped his car down immediately. Moshik, caught like a rat in a trap, was disarmed and returned to his cell. Peterson's wounds are numerous and serious, but not fatal.

JUDGE MORRIS OBJECTS.

Does Not Like the Monetary Commission's Plan.

Washington, Jan. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Judge Morris is not entirely satisfied with the plan recommended by the monetary commission, although he has not given sufficient study to it to give his objection in detail. He prefers the plan proposed by Representative Fowler of New Jersey, which provides for the refunding of all bonds at a low rate of interest and for national bank circulation based on both bonds and assets.

RUSSIA'S ANXIETY.

Outlined in a Proposal for Alliance With Japan.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 3.—The Novost publishes an article urging a Russo-Japanese alliance as the best means of guaranteeing their mutual interests and of the maintenance of the political equilibrium. This view is favored in Russian official circles, in which it is felt that such an alliance would contribute to avert serious complications in the far East.

MRS. NACK NOT SENTENCED.

New York, Jan. 3.—Mrs. Augusta Nack, jointly indicted with Martin Thorne for the murder of William Guendousse, the bath rubber, in a cottage at Woodlawn, L. I., in June last, was arraigned in the Queen's county court today as it had been expected she would be. No date for her arraignment has been set, but it is probable that her case will be disposed of at this time of court.

A JOB FOR MCNULTA.

Washington, Jan. 3.—John McNulta has been appointed receiver of the National Bank of Illinois, in place of John C. McKee, resigned.

Commercial Light and Power Company

Light and Power

Offices—Rooms 4-5-6, 216 West Superior St.

L. MENDENHALL. Established 1883. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes,

Money to Loan on Improved Property. First National Bank Building.

WEYLER'S PROTEST.

Seems to Have General Support of Army Officers.

Madrid, Jan. 3.—A number of Spanish generals have been interviewed regarding the conduct of Gen. Weyler in protesting against the alleged reflections upon Spain in President McKinley's message to congress. Marshal Campos reserved his opinion.

Gen. Domínguez approved of the government's course in submitting the matter to a court-martial, adding that if President McKinley "has been guilty of insolence, it is the government's place to protest." Gen. Ochoando approved of Gen. Weyler's action.

Gen. Weyler has defied the government to take proceedings against him. As he is a senator, a special session is necessary to deprive him from immunity from prosecution, and the cabinet is embarrassed, as the army appears to side with Weyler in his attacks on the United States.

ENGLISH NILE ADVANCE.

Movements Hurried to Check March of Derivishes.

London, Jan. 3.—It is semi-officially announced in this city that the movement of British troops in Egypt are entirely due to threatened northern advance of the Derivishes and that they do not imply an immediate advance in the direction of Khartoum.

THE LUTGERT TRIAL.

Defense Sought a Dismissal But It Was in Vain.

Chicago, Jan. 3.—In the Lutgert wife murder trial today, Lawyer Harmon, for the defense, entered a motion that the case be taken from the jury and Lutgert released, on the ground that the brief session of court on New Year's day was illegal.

The motion was at once overruled by Judge Gary. No evidence was taken at Saturday's session, court having been adjourned as soon as the defense objected to the trial proceeding on that day.

Police Inspector Schaack has made a verbal offer of \$2000 in approved real estate to any person producing Mrs. Lutgert, dead or alive. Attorney Harmon of the defense has complained that he is only prevented from producing Mrs. Lutgert by lack of funds, and Inspector Schaack, it is said, chose this method of rejoinder. He also hopes to thus put a question on the reports from various parts of the country that Mrs. Lutgert has been discovered.

COLLEGE PRESIDENT SHOT.

Mysterious Shooting Affair Near Rodney, Mississippi.

Jackson, Miss., Jan. 3.—News has just been received from the Algonquin agricultural and medical college, for colored people, near Rodney, Miss., that the president of the college, E. G. Tripplet, was shot and fatally wounded last evening, at 6 o'clock, as he was on his way to attend prayer meeting. He was shot in the back by the assassin with a 44-

HASKELL LIBEL SUIT.

Case of the Minneapolis Times' Manager Resumed.

Minneapolis, Jan. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The libel suit against Col. Haskell of the Daily Times was resumed here this morning, having been adjourned for ten days over the holidays. Attorney Hatch for the defense spent the entire forenoon reading depositions relating to details of the West Pullman rebelling scheme. The evidence from depositions shows that parties in Chicago stood ready to pay 50 per cent on the dollar for the West Pullman company, which the Minneapolis Trust company sold from under the Guaranty Loan creditors for 10 cents on the dollar.

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.

Annual Election of Officers Was Held Today.

Chicago, Jan. 3.—The annual election of the Chicago board of trade was held today. The so-called "regular" ticket was headed by Selma R. Carter for president, William T. Baker for president, and William T. Baker for president. The fusion ticket, headed by Selma R. Carter for president, William T. Baker for president, and William T. Baker for president, was defeated.

BRITISH GUNBOATS.

Make a Nile Advance and Capture Grain Boats.

Cairo, Jan. 3.—British gunboats made a reconnaissance past Shendi and Merim Soh, the Derivish posts between Beler and Khartoum, on Saturday. The Derivishes kept up a smart fire from both banks of the Nile. The gunboats protected twenty miles south and captured a number of boats laden with grain.

SUPREME COURT DILIGENCE.

Washington, Jan. 3.—No important decisions were rendered by the supreme court today.

BETHEL RELIEF WORK.

Miss Adelt, the Bethel missionary, in her work among the the unfortunate, the sick and the destitute, finds a large number of worthy people who are in need of clothing. Realizing that in hundreds of homes there is discarded clothing, and particularly undervalued, she solicits contributions of hats, dresses, skirts, stockings, etc., that can be taken to homes where they will be made over for children, she solicits contributions.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Glasgow—Arrived: Ethiopia, from New York.

ASSIGNEE SALE

The Marcus Carpet and Furniture Co.'s Stock

Has been moved to **217 W. Mich. St.**, and must be closed out at once, as I wish to close up the affair as soon as possible and save expense. Now is your time to buy good

Stoves, Furniture, Crockery, Iron Beds, Tinware, Glassware,

At your own price. Come at once, as sale will only last a few days.

MOSES COOK,

Assignee

For the Marcus Carpet and Furniture Company.

Remember the place—Under the Phillips Shoe Store. Sale commences at 9:30 a. m. sharp.

CITY BRIEFS.

Colum, dentist, Palladium, Phone No. 9. Snake Bitten cigar. W. A. Pote, Professor Quat will organize an adult business class, Monday, Jan. 3. W. M. Fadden, dentist, after a three months' absence, will be pleased to meet his patients at his office, 208-209 Cascade, after Jan. 3. A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. H. Connor, of 1031 West Michigan street last week. The "Under the Dome" company which played at the Lyceum Friday night was at West Superior Saturday night and will play at the Lyceum on Monday night. The company will go through to the coast, returning East in the spring by way of St. Louis, Denver and Kansas City. The adjourned annual meeting of the Scandinavian Christian Union temperance committee will be held next Friday evening, at 212 West Second street. Officers for the year are to be elected. The members of the committee are requested to attend as some important matters will come up for the meeting. The school board meeting Saturday evening was adjourned until tonight. Kelly wishes that 1898 will be the happiest year you ever had in your life. Masquerade suits, Roemer's, over Big Duluth.

The case against Sarah Proctor, the young girl who was arrested several days ago on the charge of incontinence, was dismissed this morning by Judge Edson on motion of the prosecution.

Miss Mayne A. Hayes and John A. McMillan were married in Superior by Rev. P. H. P. on Saturday. The ceremony took place in the First Presbyterian church on Friday. They are at home to friends at 320 West Second street.

William Brennan, well known in the city, is at Rosser hospital with a broken leg. He was received there Saturday night from Sutherland's camp, a short distance out of town. The leg was broken in a singular manner, a young man, which was being felled, in falling, sprang back, striking the leg and breaking it.

There will be a gas and water meeting at Normanna hall tomorrow evening. Mayor Truelsen will deliver an address. Tony Senegalsky was the only occupant of the health department's police cell this morning. He was charged with drunkenness of which he pleaded guilty. The Stiglitz lost a purse containing \$10 in money and some papers, on Michigan street near Garfield, yesterday afternoon. About 10 o'clock last night Officer Terry ran across the purse, mistaking the money, but with the papers intact, lying on the sidewalk on First street near First avenue west. It was restored to its owner.

The following births have been reported to the health department: A son to John and Annie Johnson, of 2019 West Second street; a daughter to Charles and Amanda Shogren, of 1096 Hill street; a daughter to John and Clara Brown, of 1221 West First street; a son to Charles B. and Emma Aake, of 325 O'Neill street; a son to Peter and Catherine Roberts, of 519 Broadway street.

A marriage license has been issued to Sherman H. Harrington and Hannah L. Olsen. Charles Edwards pleaded guilty of failing to support his family before Judge Edson this afternoon. He was sentenced to pay a fine of \$20 and costs or be confined in the county jail for twenty days. He went to jail.

The fire department was called out at 1:35 this morning by a burning woodshed in the alley between Fourth and Fifth streets and Fifth avenue east. The damage is about \$100. Some boys had a stove in the shed and it is supposed the fire originated from the pipe.

In the estate of Mary Hillman, deceased, Judge Ayer this morning ordered a final decree giving the property to the deceased's husband, Hans Hillman. The property consists of three lots in Merchant's Park district.

Music tonight at the Palace covered rink, Lake avenue south.

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ATTACKS PURCHASE

An Anonymous Circular Which Will Be Issued Today or Tomorrow.

BRIGHAM'S WORK

Endeavors to Turn Laboring Men Against the Proposition to Buy.

A circular will be issued today or tomorrow, urging the laboring men to oppose the purchase of the Duluth Gas and Water company's plant. It will suggest to workmen that it will be more to their advantage to have the money required to buy it spent in Duluth in building an entire new system than to send it to England to go into the pockets of English bondholders, who invested in bonds of the gas and water company with the idea that the people of Duluth were honest and would not attempt to repudiate the obligation incurred by them to purchase the plant in the charter granted the company fifteen years ago.

The circular will tell of some contractor whose name will not be given, for fear it would discredit it, who will build a duplicate plant at a price considerably below that agreed upon between the bondholders and the city council as a fair consideration and give bonds that will insure its completion by Nov. 1 next.

The unnamed contractor promises, so the circular will solemnly state, that the plant he will build will be much better than the one offered the city and that he will accept the city's bonds bearing 4 per cent interest in payment.

The circular will also talk about the condition of the gas plant and find a great deal of fault with it. The assertion will be made that the gas mains are not large enough to supply the city even now, and that new and larger pipes must be laid to meet the future, so that the plant is as a matter of fact worth nothing at all.

Miss Kate Hanson, of Jackson, Mich., is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. R. Randall. E. B. Baldwin, of Ashland, is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis. R. R. Lewis, A. Y. Merrill, James P. Prevey and C. W. Harris, of Minneapolis, are among today's arrivals at the St. Louis. F. Whelan is in the city from Needah, Wis. J. H. Woodworth, of Minneapolis, is in Duluth today. A. Gowan is down from Clouet today, a guest at the St. Louis. J. H. Madden, the well-known lumber broker, came over from Ashland this morning.

Morris B. Ables, a leading dry goods merchant of St. Cloud, who was formerly associated with L. Fremuth in Duluth, has been in the city for two or three days.

Two Davidsons...

Fannie and John Davidson, of St. Paul, two of the greatest trick and fancy skaters of America, will give exhibitions at Union Rink Wednesday evening and Thursday afternoon and evening.

SIMPSON MAY FIGHT.

Possibility that He Will Be Heard From Tonight.

It is not anticipated that the council will have much business before it this evening. About the only thing in sight to furnish material for a discussion of much interest to the spectators is the report on the matter of the transfer of funds from the water and light to the general fund. It is understood that a majority of the auditing and finance committee and the special committee have agreed on the sum fixed in the original resolution from the auditing and finance committee, \$21,000 in round numbers. If this is the case, Alderman Simpson will probably have a minority report fixing the amount at \$15,000 and will fight for it to the last ditch.

The judges for the municipal election will be appointed this evening.

School Board Has Little to Do This Evening.

The board of education will hold its initial meeting for the year 1898 at the High School tonight, the meeting set for last Saturday evening having been postponed to tonight. The meeting is not likely to be an important one, as the only business of interest to come up will be the election of a successor to A. R. Merritt, whose resignation was accepted when he removed to Nebraska. There has been little talk as to whom the board will select as his successor, though it has been generally understood that as a matter of courtesy the man will be from the West End of the city. Mr. Merritt himself represented that portion of the district. The members of the board have apparently not made up their minds as to the person, and have left it to events to decide. Among those who have been named from the West End is L. A. Barnes and he is said to be a likely candidate. Aside from this election about the only matter to come up will be the monthly bills and payrolls.

Discount of 10 Per Cent.

On all blank books for this week at J. W. Nelson's, 5 East Superior street.

Died—Miss Phoebe Nichols, at the home of her parents, 127 East Third street, Sunday, Jan. 1, 1898. Funeral will be held from family residence Tuesday, Jan. 4, at 4 o'clock, after which the remains will be taken to Orono for interment.

Music tonight at the Palace covered rink, Culver's dock, Lake avenue south.

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IMMENSE CROWDS.

Hundreds Visit the Famous Melvort-Tyndall at the Spalding.

Yesterday was a busy day for the famous London thought reader and clairvoyant, Dr. Alexander J. Melvort-Tyndall at the Spalding and numbers of ladies and gentlemen called and consulted him in regard to advice and to see manifestations of his wonderful gift.

Premonition is an attribute possessed by many minds, yet the exercise of it is fugitive and ineffectual. Clairvoyance antedates history and in times past kings and potentates have consulted oracles to learn the outcome of momentous events.

Melvort-Tyndall has this gift developed from Kalamazoo, Mich., to the power of "impression." One cannot describe the indefinable; that is the test of the power of knowledge must make individually.

Those who wish to consult Melvort-Tyndall should make an appointment as his time is fast filling up.

Dr. Melvort-Tyndall gives reliable and accurate advice on all business, financial, domestic and domestic affairs, love, marriage, divorce, law and social life.

His office hours are from 10 a. m. until 8 p. m. at the Spalding.

Melvort-Tyndall is in Duluth for a few days only.

CITY IS PROTECTED.

Attorney Richards Says the City Will Get Water Plant Tax.

The fear has been expressed that if the city buys the gas and water plants before the question of the payment of the personal property taxes has been settled, the city may be left out in the cold, so far as its share of the tax is concerned. By the terms of the contract drawn up by the city attorney it is provided, however, that if at the time of the examination of the abstract or other evidence of title to any portion of the property the taxes are to be converted into a lien, the city shall appear to the city attorney that there are any liens or encumbrances on the property, the city shall then the city shall withhold bonds or money equal to double the value of the lien, or for encumbrance until it shall have been discharged of record and clear title made.

The question of personal property taxes is a statutory one, the city attorney says, and is unaffected by the decision of the court in the case of the dissolved lien by levy of execution. The claim is for the taxes of 1894 to 1897, the taxes for 1898 having become a lien by statute on the first Monday in January of the year following. The city attorney says that the taxes for the years named, and that, therefore, double that amount, or \$120,000, should be retained out of the purchase price until the question is finally adjudicated. The provision in the contract that the taxes be paid by the city attorney says, inserted with an eye to the present controversy over the taxes, the taxes being paid by the bondholders is the city attorney said today, as to whether the bondholders have a lien under their mortgage prior to the payment of the taxes or subsequent thereto.

The question as submitted to the attorney general for his opinion was: "Are taxes assessed against the gas and water company on its personal property for the years 1894-1897, inclusive, a paramount lien over the first and second mortgage bonds issued in 1896 and 1898?" The attorney general's opinion is that the taxes are a paramount lien. That they are not, he remarked, is a startling proposition, and far-reaching effects. On that proposition all mortgaged personal property would be practically free from taxes. The only recourse of the state would be to prove that a mortgage was fraudulent.

City Attorney Richards says that the point is a new one, in this state at least. His position is that personal property taxes are not treated as analogous to realty taxes, and that in that light the intention of the legislature that the personal taxes shall be a paramount lien is plain. Mr. Richards says he has great confidence that Judge Lechren will take this view, the judge being a Minnesota man and thoroughly versed in the state laws. It is said that Judge Lechren dropped several remarks at the hearing that clearly indicated that he was inclined to take the view contended for by the city and county.

The Municipal Court.

This was the day in municipal court, there were six jury and nine court cases, three of which later were in unlawful detainer. The jury cases, in the following order: W. A. Wagner vs. W. P. Wheeler, et al.; Fred Swanson vs. H. J. Barker, et al.; and Hugo Iron works; Sarah O'Connell vs. T. O'Connell; W. Lamb vs. Duluth Fuel company, et al.; J. J. Russell vs. J. Wright, et al. The court cases are as assigned as follows: Jan. 10—F. W. Palmer vs. A. F. J. Lundgren vs. H. Hanson, Jan. 11—A. T. Schlick vs. H. F. Robinson, Jan. 12—T. R. Hancock vs. L. A. F. J. Lundgren vs. P. Hughes, Jan. 14—W. N. Moulton, receiver, vs. John Brown.

Important Not'co.

The Turners' annual masquerade will take place on Thursday, Jan. 13, 1898. All those wishing to attend must send their respective names to the undersigned not later than Jan. 10, to be submitted to the approval of the arrangement committee. No invitations will be issued after the above date. The party will be a grand affair, and persons in full costume can gain admittance to the hall, but not until they have been introduced by their identity to a committee especially appointed for this purpose. Respectfully, Committee on Arrangements.

LOUIS ROOS, chairman.

ANOTHER CLAIM

C. O. Baldwin Puts In a Bill For the Balance of His Services.

AMOUNT IS \$583.35

Commissioners Will Consider the Personal Property Tax Matters Tomorrow.

C. O. Baldwin has filed with the county auditor for presentation to the county board at its meeting tomorrow a second bill against the county for legal services performed as acting county attorney in connection with his appointment in place of County Attorney Arthur to appear before the January, 1897, grand jury. His services in that connection lasted until a short time ago, when the last case brought up by that body, the one against the ex-Register of Deeds Peter Borgstrom, was finally settled. A few months ago Mr. Baldwin submitted a bill for over \$800 for his services up to that time, and after a good deal of discussion and some litigation his bill was finally allowed. The bill that is just filed covers his services since that time, including his work on the Borgstrom case and the one against the County Commissioner Albert Swenson, and the amount asked is \$583.35.

The bill will come up at tomorrow's meeting of the board of county commissioners, and it is probable that it will meet with nearly as much dispute and opposition as the first one did.

The meeting of the board to be held tomorrow will confirm a good deal of matter, but as the board has acquired a happy facility of turning off business with great facility and little friction it is not likely that the business to come up will take any great length of time. As the board is likely to be called to be merely a matter of form because, if not all of the old officials will be retained, the most important matter to come up will be that of the personal property taxes of the four corporations whose taxes for the years 1895 and 1896 were compromised at a last meeting on promises, that they would be paid.

One of the commissioners said this morning that the members of the board do not feel that they have been treated fairly by these corporations. The only reason that the taxes were compromised was that there was a prospect of getting the amount at which the taxes for the year 1898 would be converted into a lien, the board figured that 90 per cent in the hand was worth 100 per cent in the bush. The compromise was made, and but one of the corporations has paid, and that is the Duluth Light and Water company, which has paid the taxes for the year 1898. The other corporations have none of them paid as yet, and the gas and water company has carried its taxes to the United States court with the result that collection is a matter of doubt. The members of the board today more firmly convinced than ever that it is destined to be one of the greatest quagmire gold mining camps in the country. Mr. Beebe, a Colorado man, has been to Cripple Creek and all of the other leading camps in the Rockies and after a careful study of the Western Ontario district is satisfied that the Seine River and Rainy Lake region will eventually eclipse them all.

Costs more—worth more, because pure—Wright's Pure Old-Fashioned Buckwheat Flour.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. The co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, for the practice of law, under the firm name and style of Agatlin, Davidson & Carey, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.

Mr. A. L. Agatlin is authorized to collect all bills and accounts due the firm of Agatlin, Davidson & Carey, and will take charge of all unfinished business and pending cases.

Dated Dec. 28th, 1897.

A. L. AGATLIN, M. D. DAVIDSON, W. H. CAREY.

TRY GRAIN-O! TRY GRAIN-O!

Ask your grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children they drink without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that old world brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. It is the price of coffee, 15c and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

EARNINGS OF OFFICES.

Statement of Gross Receipts of Two County Offices.

Clerk of Court John Owens this morning completed his report for the year 1897, showing that his gross earnings for the county during the year have been \$20,675.50 as compared with \$19,950.92 for the year before. The receipts were divided as follows: Certificates, \$44,640; civil cases, \$10,761.50; criminal cases, \$18,939.20; naturalization papers, \$28,285; marriage licenses, \$878; sundries, \$4,897.10; total, \$20,675.50. Civil cases decreased from \$11,026.97 last year to \$10,761.50 this year; criminal business increased from \$14,445.45 to \$18,939.20; naturalization papers increased from \$15,445 to \$18,939.20. There were seventy-three less marriage licenses issued this year than last.

Register of Deeds August Loggren this morning completed his report from the matter of the assessment of M. H. Marlin, of Virginia, assessor of C. J. Miss reports receipts of \$218,444, expenses of \$92,126, and a balance for distribution of \$126,318. The claims filed amount to \$177,550, and the estimated dividend is 70 per cent.

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IMMENSE CELERY FARM.

Magnificent Field of the Table's Decorative Edible.

KALAMAZOO, MICH., AND ITS CHIEF INDUSTRY.

It is a singular fact that although everyone eats celery, comparatively few stop to wonder why they don't see it growing in the gardens of their neighborhood. The fact is celery, fit to eat, or palatable, won't grow in most soils. It requires a rich black earth, prepared only by nature, and for this reason Kalamazoo has monopolized celery growing in the United States.

There are many famous celery farms in the lowlands of Holland, over the sea, but the immense farm at Kalamazoo of Dunkley, the celery king, is the finest in the world, and moreover, has done much to make celery growing a science. It is upon this farm that the various celery delicacies are prepared, such as celery mustard, celery salad, celery salt and pepper, canned celery and the medicinal wines known as Dunkley's Genuine Celery Compound, Celerytone and various other preparations, made direct from the celery plant. A very pretty little booklet is sent out from the farm telling housewives how to use and serve celery, and as it contains many recipes not found in cook books, it will be highly prized by those who are in search of dainty dishes. These booklets are distributed free by the drug stores in town, or by writing to the Dunkley Celery company, Kalamazoo, Mich., they will mail one to you free.

IT GROWS STEADILY.

The Subscriptions to the Salter Memorial Fund Still Coming In.

Every day adds to the size of the Salter memorial fund. The Typographical union yesterday voted \$10 to the fund, and adopted the following resolutions:

Whereas, Almighty God, in His wise providence, has removed from our midst our well-loved brother, Rev. Dr. C. C. Salter;

Whereas, the loss to union men by his death is felt by every member of Typographical union, No. 136; therefore, be it

Resolved, that we extend to the bereaved family our heartfelt sympathy—

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be engrossed and forwarded to the sorrowing family, spread upon our minutes and furnished to the daily press of the city.

Following are the subscriptions received to date:

Previously acknowledged \$1,155.25
Typographical union, No. 136 10.00
Waterworth & Fee 10.00
Bethel Y. P. S. C. E. 5.00
Russell Cathro 1.00
R. A. Casson 2.00
Received by News Tribune 2.00
Ray T. Lewis 2.00
Cash 1.00
Total \$1,185.75

Faith Is Strong as Ever.

James C. Beebe came down from the Center today more firmly convinced than ever that it is destined to be one of the greatest quartz gold mining camps in the country. Mr. Beebe, a Colorado man, has been to Cripple Creek and all of the other leading camps in the Rockies and after a careful study of the Western Ontario district is satisfied that the Seine River and Rainy Lake region will eventually eclipse them all.

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Mr. A. L. Agatlin is authorized to collect all bills and accounts due the firm of Agatlin, Davidson & Carey, and will take charge of all unfinished business and pending cases.

Dated Dec. 28th, 1897.

A. L. AGATLIN, M. D. DAVIDSON, W. H. CAREY.

TRY GRAIN-O! TRY GRAIN-O!

Ask your grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children they drink without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that old world brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. It is the price of coffee, 15c and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

EARNINGS OF OFFICES.

Statement of Gross Receipts of Two County Offices.

Clerk of Court John Owens this morning completed his report for the year 1897, showing that his gross earnings for the county during the year have been \$20,675.50 as compared with \$19,950.92 for the year before. The receipts were divided as follows: Certificates, \$44,640; civil cases, \$10,761.50; criminal cases, \$18,939.20; naturalization papers, \$28,285; marriage licenses, \$878; sundries, \$4,897.10; total, \$20,675.50. Civil cases decreased from \$11,026.97 last year to \$10,761.50 this year; criminal business increased from \$14,445.45 to \$18,939.20; naturalization papers increased from \$15,445 to \$18,939.20. There were seventy-three less marriage licenses issued this year than last.

Register of Deeds August Loggren this morning completed his report from the matter of the assessment of M. H. Marlin, of Virginia, assessor of C. J. Miss reports receipts of \$218,444, expenses of \$92,126, and a balance for distribution of \$126,318. The claims filed amount to \$177,550, and the estimated dividend is 70 per cent.

Play shuffle board at the Spalding billiard room. A new and exciting game.

Play shuffle board at the Spalding billiard room. A new and exciting game.

ANOTHER DEMONSTRATION

OF OUR ABILITY TO SELL GOODS AT LOWER PRICES THAN OTHER STORES.

Everyone knows that small expense in handling goods combined with superior facilities for buying in large quantities for cash and in carload lots is what makes low prices. First street low rent and a thoroughly modern store is what does the business here.

Price Pointers.

A Good Corduroy Couch 24 inches wide and 61 1/2 feet long. Others ask \$5.00 to \$10 for same thing. \$5.00
A Pretty Cane Seat Rocker (would cost you \$1.50 elsewhere.) 75¢
Good Folding Chairs 25¢
NOTICE—The above articles not sold to other dealers.

We sell on the easiest of easy terms to meet our customers' convenience.

FRENCH & BASSETT,
THE MOST COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS IN MINNESOTA.

Office Supplies.

★ ★ Come to us for what you need during 1898.

Chamberlain & Taylor,
Book Store. 323 West Superior Street.

COMMERCIAL LIGHT AND POWER CO.

Furnish Electric Current for

Light and Power

OFFICES:
Rooms 4-5-6, 216 West Superior St.

Mendenhall & Hoopes,
First National Bank Building.

MANY BRANCH BANKS.
Banker Shearman, of New York, favors their establishment.

New York, Jan. 4.—In response to a request from the monetary commission for an expression of views on various financial questions, Thomas G. Shearman, of this city, has submitted to the commission a paper on the establishment of branch banks on a large scale. "I regard this plan as far more important, as well as more practicable," says Mr. Shearman, "than any other remedy which has been proposed for the settlement of the currency question."

Mr. Shearman insists that nature has driven conditions forward to a point at which the whole country is actually on a banking basis instead of a money basis for exchange.

"The sections of the country which have the fewest good banks are just as much upon a banking basis as the rest of the country," he said. "The tremendous increase of exchange, which has gone on with advancing civilization, has reached proportions which make it hopeless to expect that such exchanges can ever be carried on by the use of actual money, however that term may be defined. And whether money consists only of gold and silver, or includes also bank and government notes representing gold and silver, makes practically no difference. There is not, there never was and there will never be enough money even within these liberal definitions to enable one-tenth of the exchanges of this country to be conducted by the actual use of any such money. The disproportion will increase instead of diminish."

Large central banks ought to be allowed to establish branches in every part of the country," continues Mr. Shearman. "These branches could be conducted with great economy and therefore could furnish the means of exchange at but a slight advance over the cost of exchanges in the cities. The effectiveness of the branch bank system in solving the currency problem is sufficiently proved by the example of Canada, where this system is in full operation, where the currency question is not raised."

THEY GET NO DAMAGES.
Arbitrator on Claim Against Mexico Decided for Defendant.

New York, Jan. 4.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Greatly to the surprise of administration officials, the award of the arbitrator in the matter of the claims of Charles Oberlander and Barbara M. Messenger, citizens of the United States, against the government of Mexico is against the claimants. The only expense to which Mexico will be put will be to pay half of the cost of the proceedings, while the United States will not only have to defray its share of the expense, but has lost what administration officials have considered the best claims in the file in the department of state. The award of the arbitrator, which is final, has just been filed in the department of state and in the department of foreign affairs of

Mexico. The claims of Oberlander and Mrs. Messenger grew out of the alleged brutal treatment of the man and the inhuman treatment of the woman some years ago.

Oberlander was a deputy sheriff of the county of San Diego, Cal. He went into Mexican territory to examine a suit in progress just across the line and became involved in a dispute. He was knocked down and the road, the woman, who found in his pocket a warrant for the arrest of a Mexican who had been arrested in California. Mrs. Messenger was very much frightened when the Mexican officials entered her house and seized her guest. Despite her protestations, Oberlander was dragged out of the house and down the road, the woman following the party and screaming for help. The matter was finally brought to the attention of the American minister in Mexico, who secured the release of Oberlander.

Oberlander was injured as a result of his experience, and Mrs. Messenger suffered greatly in consequence of the incident. Oberlander filed a claim for \$50,000 and Mrs. Messenger one for \$25,000, which they declared was due them for the wrong done them by Mexican officials. The matter was vigorously pressed by the late Secretary Gresham, and Mr. Olney continued the negotiations when he succeeded Mr. Gresham. Mr. Olney consented to the reference to arbitration, and on March 2 last signed a protocol referring the claims to Senator Don De Quesada, minister of Argentina at Madrid, for settlement. Senator Quesada, copies of the documents giving its own view of the case. Senator Quesada has been considering the papers since last June. Administration officials are inclined to criticize the award on the ground that it is not in accordance with the facts presented. Minister Romero regards the award as eminently judicious.

CHICAGO PREACHER WEDS.
Boylestown, Pa., Jan. 4.—The marriage of Rev. James Stone, rector of St. James' church of Chicago, to Miss Caroline Worthington, of this place, was solemnized at noon today in St. Paul's Episcopal church. Rev. and Mrs. Stone left this afternoon on a wedding trip.

A NEW POSTMASTER.
Washington, Jan. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank Peterson was today appointed postmaster at Endeavor, Wright county, Minn., vice L. P. Thompson, resigned.

STRIKE AT CARNEGIE'S.
Pittsburg, Jan. 4.—The employees of Carnegie, refused to accept the new scale of wages and the mill has been closed. The line of yesterday was as distinctly drawn as ever, showing the senate to stand 19 to 17 against Hanna and the house 56 to 40 against him, leaving him five short of enough votes on joint ballot for election. During the

HANNA'S CHANCES
RATHER POOR

His Workers Claim to Have Pledges From Two Men Who Voted For Mason.

STILL NEED TWO VOTES

The Hanna Managers Show the White Feather By Abandoning the Senatorial Joint Caucus.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 4.—Previous to the assembling of the legislature today there were conferences on both sides of the senatorial contest. The Hanna men claimed to have secured pledges from Representatives Griffith of Union and Joyce of Guernsey, who voted for Mason yesterday for speaker, but with these doubtful accessions they were still short two votes of enough to elect. While Hanna's friends are working here, the Republican county committees, clubs and other organizations at the homes of the doubtful Republican members have been enlisted, and many delegates are arriving, one of the first being from the home of Governor Bushnell, of Springfield.

The cabinet opposition to Senator Hanna is still uncertain as to their candidate. Some Democrats object to Governor Bushnell or Mayor McKisson, several names for senator, there has been no fixed action on that selection. The cabinet opposition to Hanna claims to have enough votes to defeat Hanna, but they have not yet claimed enough votes for any one senatorial candidate mentioned by the combine to elect. Their trouble is not only to hold all their present forces in line against Hanna, but to get them to agree upon their man for senator.

The work today was devoted by the combine to hold their forces and to manage them for the senatorial contest.

At the Hanna headquarters the announcement was received with apparent surprise that the combine had been called for tomorrow night would not be held, caused as much of the caucusing, last Saturday night, and more than the organization of the legislature by the combine yesterday. The opponents of Senator Hanna insisted that it was a white flag, that the Hanna men were afraid to show their hands again, and that it was a confession that the senator did not have sufficient votes to elect. The combine insisted that this action showed the combine in joint caucus to be the same as a confession.

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noon recess the conferences and jollification meetings of the combine were continuing. During the noon recess there were several disputes that bordered on fist fights. While several workers have indulged in such methods, the only member of the legislature present during such controversies was Representative Snyder. Before retiring this morning some of his constituents from Green county were with him. Two of these visiting statesmen, representing opposite sides on the senatorship, got to the point of drawing revolvers, but they were separated before any powder was burned. Quite a surprise was created this afternoon by the announcement that the combine had withdrawn its plan for a joint senatorial Republican caucus tomorrow night and that the light will go on without any caucus here on either side. The following was the substance of the statement by the Republican steering committee: "The sentiment of the house and senate is in favor of a caucus. It is unnecessary to call a senatorial caucus. The sentiment of the house and senate is in favor of a caucus. It is unnecessary to call a senatorial caucus. The sentiment of the house and senate is in favor of a caucus. It is unnecessary to call a senatorial caucus."

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THE TIMES LIBEL SUIT.

Strong Depositions Introduced By the Defense Today.

Minneapolis, Jan. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Depositions introduced this morning in the libel suit against Col. Haskell of the Times seem to bear out the contention of the defense that there was a conspiracy between Boston, Minneapolis and West Pullman parties to gain possession of the second mortgage bonds of West Pullman and form a new pool for raking off profits, which right belonged to the creditors of the Guaranty Loan.

If such a conspiracy shall be demonstrated, the satisfaction of the jury there can be no other result than the acquittal of Col. Haskell. The case is being fought point by point by both sides, however. It is generally believed the jury will either disbelieve or give a verdict for the defendant.

THE SAGE OF NININGER WILL SOON WED HIS YOUNG STENOGRAPHER.

St. Paul, Jan. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The announcement was made today that Hon. Ignatius Donnelly, the well-known Populist leader, famous also as author of many popular books, and upholder of the Buchanan authorship of

Shakespeare's works, will within six weeks marry Miss Mary Ann Hansen, who has been stenographer in the office of his newspaper.

"The Sage of Nininger," as Mr. Donnelly is called, is now 66 years of age, and Miss Hansen is 20.

THE SHEBOYGAN ROW.

Fitzsimmons Denies That He Was Mixed Up In It.

Oshkosh, Wis., Jan. 4.—"The statement which appeared in the morning paper to the effect that I was mixed up in a bar room fight at Sheboygan, Wis., Sunday night, in which Martin Hughes was injured by a blow from Edward M. McDaniels, a comedian with my troupe, is a lie," was the emphatic statement made by Robert Fitzsimmons this morning. "I was not present when the trouble occurred, but was sound asleep in my room in the Foster hotel. I was not in the bar room, but in the billiard hall of the hotel. I think it is a rare shame to put me in connection with the affair in an effort to make me out a bar room loafer. The affair was not in this city."

"After our performance I went to the hotel billiard hall, and McDaniels and I began to play pool. After we played a while, Hughes asked if he might take a cue in the game. I then proposed that McDaniels and Hughes play Charles Seaman and myself. Hughes and McDaniels and Seaman and myself played several games in the billiard hall, and I then went to my room and was soon asleep. About an hour later McDaniels came to my room and told me that he had been struck by Hughes. He said that Hughes had abused me and had been abusive to him and the whole troupe. He wanted me to come down. I did not want to get mixed up in a fight, so I stayed in my room. Next morning I went to Hughes' room, and for several hours assisted the doctors in caring for him. The arteries in his nostrils had been ruptured by the blows he had received from McDaniels."

"We finally stung the tow of blood, and Hughes seemed to be all right. McDaniels apologized to Hughes, and we all parted the best of friends. It's dead wrong for the press to connect me with the affair, when I not only was not mixed up in it, but acted the good Samaritan in helping care for the injured man."

HUGHES NOT DANGEROUS.

Sheboygan, Wis., Jan. 4.—The condition of Attorney Martin Hughes, who was injured in an encounter with Act Edward M. McDaniels, of Robert Fitzsimmons company last night, is not considered dangerous. Hughes lost considerable blood and is very weak today. It is expected he will be about in a day or two. After the fight McDaniels was arrested and is now in jail. Should Hughes' injuries result seriously there will be no trouble in apprehending McDaniels.

LAST CHANCE TO REGISTER TOMORROW. Register without fail.

JULIAN'S ULTIMATUM.

Corbett Must Whip Maher Before Fighting Fitz Again.

TO RIVAL CARNEGIE

The Johnson Steel Company of Lorain, Preparing to Greatly Extend.

ON A LARGE SCALE

Heavy Financial Aid Enlisted For the Struggle With Carnegie Company.

Cleveland, Ohio, Jan. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Some big news involving the Johnson Steel company, of Lorain, may be shortly expected, to judge from intimations that have lately gained currency in limited and high business circles. The haziness of the report is balanced by the source and the manner in which the intimations come. Details are carefully withheld, but it is made known that something of large importance is going on and something that will mean a conspicuous advancement for the promising and already powerful rolling mill on the south shore of Lake Erie. It is surmised that a very comprehensive and ambitious plan is being carried into effect.

The heavy part of the work is being done in New York and probably involves the enlistment of heavy financial powers for a steel-making campaign in which a crossing of swords with the Carnegie Steel company, the present giant of the iron industry, is suggested as a possibility that would mean the defeat of a prodigious amount of money. The Johnson company has the strategic position well enough and some are inclined to think that the money part is not so far away, either. Lorain may come to sustain the relation to Cleveland that Homestead sustains to Pittsburgh, if these suspicions are well founded.

Mr. Moxham, the directing head of the Johnson Steel company, left his home in Lorain last evening. It was stated that he had gone to New York. Mr. Johnson is spending his own time there this winter. Every one knows that the company plans to erect a group of blast furnaces and it is said that the foundations for these were laid at Lorain last summer. In the course of the last few weeks reports have come from the iron ore ranges on Lake Superior of the presence of experts, alleged to have been in the employ of the Johnson company, looking into the matter of ore supplies and purchase of mines. The assertion is also made that the company has negotiations pending for the purchase of a blast furnace at West Duluth.

It is believed that the plans for the advancement of the Johnson company are aimed to put it among the principal figures in the iron industry. Every feature of the situation is taken into account and arrangements made to meet the conditions of the future that the position attained may be at the very front. Another very interesting and possibly significant fact in this connection is that the stocks of the Johnson company, once down to 35, have in the last two or three weeks risen to 32 or more. There are men in the business in Cleveland who would like to know what is behind that fact.

LAST CHANCE TO REGISTER TOMORROW. Register without fail.

A DIPLOMATIC WEDDING.

Count Von Goetzen Marries a Baltimore Widow.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Count Von Goetzen, military attaché of the German embassy, was married at noon today to Mrs. Mary Stanley Lay, at the residence of the bride. The ceremony which met another American countess was first performed by a justice of the peace in accordance with the official custom of Germany and later by Rev. Dr. Metzger of the German Lutheran church. The wedding breakfast followed and was participated in by Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador; Viscount San Thome, the Portuguese minister; Gen. and Mrs. Miles, and many other representatives of the diplomatic corps, the army, navy, and society in general.

Later in the day the count and his bride started for a trip across the continent. They will stay for a time at Los Angeles and then will go to Berlin, where Count Von Goetzen will join his regiment now at Potsdam, near the emperor. Countess Goetzen, the bride, is the widow of the late William Matthews Lay, of this city. She is a native of Baltimore, where she was formerly married. Her acquaintance with Count Von Goetzen began just a year ago at a New Year's dinner given at Corcoran house by Mrs. Calvin S. Brice.

J. B. KELLOGG SURRENDERS.

New York, Jan. 4.—James B. Kellogg, one of the members of the defunct J. S. Dean company, surrendered himself to the police for examination on the charge of "conspiracy to defraud." Kellogg is the present manager of the Dean company. Myron L. Bernard and Samuel Arthur, the present managers of the firm, surrendered themselves yesterday.

A LARGE CORPORATION.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 4.—The secretary of state today licensed the incorporation of the American Steel and Wire company of Chicago. The capitalization of the company is \$75,000,000, the incorporating fee for which was \$37,500, the largest ever paid in any similar proceeding.

A BRAINERD INVENTOR.

Washington, Jan. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—A patent for a vapor lamp was today issued to Andrew E. Veon, of Brainerd, Minn.

NICARAGUA CANAL COMMISSION.

Surveying Party In Camp and Reported All Well.

Camp Lefe, near Greytown, Nicaragua, Dec. 22, 1897.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The surveying expedition attached to the Nicaragua canal commission is still in camp here. Everything is progressing favorably. The laborers hired at Port Limon, Costa Rica, landed at Camp Cheney, near the canal company's breakwater, yesterday. The two navy launches belonging to Lieut. Hannas' hydrographic party were brought over the bar without accident. The bar here is not such a dreadful thing as it has been painted. Some newspapers have printed alarmist stories about the dangers of the expedition which have not been borne out up to date. On the contrary everything has run smoothly and the natural difficulties have not so far proved insurmountable. Lieut. Hannas has been placed in charge of the camp here, both naval and civilian. He and his party expected to make an early start, being ready in all respects, but it is evident the commissioners value his services too highly to lose them before the camp is broken up, and the various parties are started up the country. Mr. Hannas' party will be the last to start.

In the meantime we are not uncomfortable, all things considered. Of course there is lots of idle and practically camp life, though we are housed in the companies buildings, but these are so badly out of repair that they are almost ruins. So it is with the rest of the company's property. It is plain that material of all sorts deteriorates rapidly in this climate, and consequently work on any extended scale will be very expensive.

NO HOPE FOR WORDEN.

He is Still Under California's Sentence to Death.

Washington, Jan. 4.—The California train-wrecking case decided in the United States supreme court yesterday and referred to in the dispatches as the Crossley case has proved to be the Worden case. The case appeared on the court docket as that of George J. Crossley vs. the United States, and the chief justice so designated it in announcing his decision, but this was due to the fact that Crossley was the petitioner in Worden's behalf. Worden is the man who is under sentence of death.

TRANSVAAL ELECTION.

Even Oom Paul Has Some Campaigning On Hand.

Johannesburg, Transvaal Republic, South Africa, Jan. 4.—The voting in the presidential election commenced yesterday. The candidates are Messrs. Kruger, Joubert and Schaberg. The latter's candidacy appears to be intended to split Joubert's vote and secure the re-election of President Kruger. Joubert accuses Schaberg of breaking his engagement of not running. He declares if Kruger is elected he (Joubert) will continue in office as commander general, but if Schaberg is elected he will forthwith resign that post.

LAST CHANCE TO REGISTER TOMORROW. Register without fail.

SANGUINELY IS ILL.

Going to Mexico to Seek Restoration to Health.

New York, Jan. 4.—Mrs. Julio Sanguily, wife of the Cuban general, who was yesterday in Havana, on board the steamer Saratoga, said today that her husband was not on his way to join the insurgents in Cuba, but was suffering from rheumatism and was on his way to Mexico in hope of finding relief there. Gen. Sanguily was released by the Spaniards from Mora castle on his promise not to return to Cuba.

BACK FROM MEXICO.

Mr. Bryan and Wife Are Hurrying to Lincoln.

Kansas City, Jan. 4.—William J. Bryan and wife arrived here this morning en route home from the trip to Mexico. At Muskogee, I. T., the Nebraska senator and his wife were the largest crowd ever gathered in Muskogee to hear a political address. Mr. and Mrs. Bryan took breakfast at the Coates house, and left at 10 o'clock for Lincoln, where he will attend a dinner this evening, given in his honor by the Bryan Traveling Men's club.

HOSTILITIES ARE FEARED.

German Minister in China Waiting for Prince Henry.

Pekin, Jan. 4.—The ministers and the Tsung Li Yamen (Chinese foreign office) spent the whole of one night in discussing the deposition of the Chinese commandant at T'ao Chou, province of Shan Tun, who is accused of having used threatening language to a German missionary. The commandant has not been summoned to Pekin for examination as previously cabled, the difficulty having been smoothed over. The general situation remains unchanged. Hostilities are feared. The German minister, Baron Von Heyking, is understood to be temporizing until the arrival in China of Prince Henry of Prussia.

NEW SPANISH CONSUL.

New York, Jan. 4.—Among the passengers which have arrived today on board the steamer Altai, from Jamaica, was Joaquin M. Llorca, newly appointed Spanish consul at Philadelphia.

BRITISH CHINA FLEET.

Hong Kong, Jan. 4.—The British cruiser Edgar has arrived, the Grafton has sailed northward. The bulk of the British fleet is reported to be at Chusan, near Ning Po.

EMPIRE STATE COLD.

Malone, N. Y., Jan. 4.—The coldest weather of the season was experienced today, the mercury registering 24 below zero at Saranac Lake, 25 below at Mountain View, and 20 below in this city.

BUTTERWORTH WEAKER.

Washington, Jan. 4.—A dispatch from Thomasville, Ga., reports that Maj. Butterworth, commissioner of patents, is weaker today, but adds there is still hope of his recovery.

Reasons Why It Is to the People's Interest to Purchase Them.

Hood's Pills

Best to take after dinner; prevent distress, aid digestion, cure constipation. Purely vegetable; do not gripe or cause pain. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

MAYOR WAS AMUSED.
 "Private monopolies can only be successfully met by public monopolies, and when the city owns and operates all franchises, then the people will not be longer compelled to pay profit to middlemen, and the people will be able to expose public servants without interference from corporations. As soon as we become the owners of the Duluth gas and water plant we shall open negotiations for the purchase of the West Du-

"Mother's Friend"
So prepares the system for the change taking place that the final hour is robbed of all danger and pain. It uses insures safety to the life of both Mother and child, and makes childbirth easy and recovery more rapid.

By Mail, on receipt of price, \$1.00 PER BOTTLE. Book, "To Expectant Mothers," mailed free, containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials.

The Bradford Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Idermen Vote Down His Resignation---Transfer of Funds Causes Talk.

are "a lot of blood-suckers." Heed that the insurance on the three things named be cut down one-half accepted an amendment making it retionary with the committee as to re the insurance should be placed. this juncture, President Cochrane the council chamber and Vice Presi- Rowley took the chair. Alderman g's motion got lost in the shuffle show and was not heard of again. Fitzgerald's bill for \$769.35 for ring out the force main trench from y-fourth to Sixtieth avenues cast received, Mr. Fitzgerald stating in communication accompanying it

C.W. Ericson,
219 West Superior Street.

ances 66.11

total of 100

BENNETTE E. DAVENPORT, M.D.

report for December yesterday afternoon, showing an expenditure of \$1527.00

nafe cases and challenge the world for
case we cannot cure. This disease has al-
baffed the skill of the most eminent phy-
cians. \$500,000 capital behind our uncon-
ditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed
application. Address COOK REMEDY CO.
283 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

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"HELLO" RAAGES

Inroads Made By Long Distance Telephones In The Railroad Business.

OPINION OF DEPEW

Phones Cut Into Railroad Receipts One Way But Increase Others.

New York, Jan. 4.—The statement made by S. R. Calloway, president of the Lake Shore railroad, saying the long-distance telephones had cut into railroad receipts, has called forth many opinions of railway men. President Depew of the New York Central says of it: "There is no doubt the long-distance telephone is affecting short-distance railway travel to a considerable extent. By short-distance travel I mean that within 100 miles or less. One reason is that manufacturers who used to communicate with their stores and offices in the city by messengers or by some member of the firm going to and from frequently now that they can do business as well and with a saving in time by using the phone. Then the country merchant, who used to go to town once a week to replenish his stock, finds he can replenish it daily, if need be, by using the phone."

"Social communications, too, over short distances are now performed to a large extent by means of the phone. The shopping business is another important factor. All these things taken together show that a large amount of business is thus cut out from the railroads. But the increase of population is making up for the loss in some cases. In other words, the telephone keeps the factories at the little places, while the main offices are in the larger cities."

D. I. Roberts, general passenger agent of the Erie railroad, however, does not agree with Mr. Calloway. "Undoubtedly," he said, "there are cases where a man talks over the wire and so saves a railroad trip, but they are too few to make any difference in railroad receipts that is worth considering. Long-distance phoning is too costly for one thing, and business men do not care to trust important matters to a telephone."

Samuel Sloane, president of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad, said so far as he was aware the business of his company had not been affected by the use of the telephone. His view of the matter was that improvements of that kind had a tendency to increase business and the railroads were pretty sure to get their share of its increase.

Latest chance to register tomorrow. Register without fail.

PRESIDENT BYRNE DEAD.

Famous Baseball Manager Dies In New York City.

New York, Jan. 4.—Charles H. Byrne, who was president of the Brooklyn Baseball club, died at his residence in this city today.

Death was due to a complication of diseases. Mr. Byrne had been unconscious since Monday of last week, and his death had been expected for some time.

Mr. Byrne was a native of New York, and was one of the features of the game which have given it its national character. Mr. Byrne was a member of the Brooklyn club, and was its president from 1885 to 1887. He was a member of the Brooklyn club, and was its president from 1885 to 1887.

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BENJ. FRANKLIN'S BIRTHDAY.

Anniversary Recalls That His Grave Is Neglected.

Philadelphia, Jan. 4.—The 122nd anniversary of the birth of Benjamin Franklin, which will be celebrated Thursday, calls attention to the lamentable fact that his grave here is in a shamefully neglected condition. No appropriate stone rises over it, the ground round about it is unweeded, and the tomb of the great scholar and statesman is as obscure as that of a man whose name and fame were no part of the glory of his country. His grave is destitute even of a headstone. It is covered by an old-fashioned marble slab, which was placed there 100 years ago, and is now worn and discolored by age. Nothing has been done to since Franklin was buried there, and an air of desolation is about the whole place.

The sexton said that the descendants of Franklin would not do anything to repair the grave, neither would they do anything to do anything. Every day he received offers of subscriptions from visitors who are distressed by the forlorn appearance of Franklin's resting place and who would like to see it improved. In reply he says, as he has been instructed, that the Franklin family is not a family, man, adverse to display of any kind. No long ago, at his own expense, he had the fading inscription reset, or else even the only distinguishing mark, the name, would be gone.

It is understood that a movement is on foot among the patriotic members of the Typographical union to see that in the future what little is there to mark the grave is kept in better order. The Franklin family is not a family, man, adverse to display of any kind. No long ago, at his own expense, he had the fading inscription reset, or else even the only distinguishing mark, the name, would be gone.

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TO STOP A COMBINE

Important Litigation Over Gas Companies Has Been Started at Boston.

INJUNCTION ASKED

To Prevent New England Gas and Coke Company Controlling Others.

Boston, Jan. 4.—Suit was filed today at the Boston, South Boston, Roxbury and Bay State Gas companies; the Bay State Gas company, of Delaware; the New England Gas company, of New Jersey; Albert S. Burrage, of Boston; John D. Moore, of New York; the New England Gas and Coke company, R. C. Prunty, Stephen Peabody, Henry Dimmock, George C. Haven, Emerson McMillan and A. H. Paquet, of New York; William Elkins, of Philadelphia; William F. Ryan, of Pittsburgh; Henry M. Whitney, Richard O'Casey and Robert W. Lord, of Boston.

The suit was entered by James E. Manning, of Lynn. The bill, which is of great length, contains apparently a complete history of gas transactions since Nov. 1, 1896, of which are referred to as being by unauthorized officials and therefore illegal or fraudulent, especially the recent sale of the Brooklyn and Dorchester Gas companies to the New England Gas and Coke company.

The complaint alleges that elections of the directors of the different Boston companies and that the New England Gas and Coke company people are to be elected directors and officers of the companies. The petitioners ask that the court afford relief by ordering the directors of the companies to be elected by the shareholders, and that the New England Gas and Coke company be enjoined from exercising any proxies which they may receive from the shareholders of the companies.

The complaint also alleges that the New England Gas and Coke company is a combine, and that it is a conspiracy to monopolize the gas business in New England. The petitioners ask that the court grant an injunction to prevent the New England Gas and Coke company from exercising any proxies which they may receive from the shareholders of the companies.

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FRENCH SUGAR BOUNTY.

This Country Will Impose Extra Counter Duties.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Assistant Secretary Howell of the treasury department has in preparation a circular letter of instructions to officers of the customs, directing that additional counter duties be assessed on sugar imported from France. It appears that under the operation of the law of France, now in force, sugars produced in and exported from that country receive in addition to the direct export bounties specified in department circular No. 187, of Sept. 2, 1897, indirect bounties in the following amounts: Sugars receiving direct export bounties of 2.50 francs, 4 francs, and 4.50 francs per 100 kilograms, receive indirect bounties of 4.125 francs, 7 francs and 7.50 francs per 100 kilograms respectively.

It is probable therefore that the counter duties assessed on such sugars under the provisions of section 5 of the act of June 1, 1896, must be equal to 8.625 francs, 11.50 francs and 12.125 francs per 100 kilograms respectively. It is learned that the amount of sugar imported from France was approximately 80,000 tons in 1897, and that the amount of the countervailing duty in September has no sugar of any kind has been exported to the United States.

SOFT COAL OUTPUT.

Understanding Reached With the Anthracite Coal Interests.

New York, Jan. 4.—It is said in Wall Street today that a conference has been taken place between J. Pierpont Morgan and the leading soft coal interests. The result was said to have been the arrival of an understanding regarding the output. Mr. Morgan is said to have secured from the soft coal interests that all coal interests could not be held to any agreement except on a co-operative basis, and that this agreement, if entered into, is now being carried out.

TODAY'S CABINET MEETING.

President Deeply Concerned Over Mark Hanna's Predicament.

Washington, Jan. 4.—At the meeting of the cabinet today, attended by all the members except Secretaries Alger and Long, the replies to be submitted by the various departments to the resolution, calling for information as to the application of the civil service law to the several departments of the government, and the recommendations, if any, the secretaries have to make regarding the application of the law, were fully discussed.

The head of each department will submit to the senate tomorrow his report on the resolution, and it is expected that all of them will be sent to the senate tomorrow. The resolution is a bill to amend the civil service law, and it is expected that it will be passed by the senate.

MORRISON'S SUCCESSOR.

President Will Probably Appoint a Man From Illinois.

Washington, Jan. 4.—While no information of an official character is to be obtained at the White House regarding the successor to Col. W. S. Morrison, on the ground that the president has not yet decided who he will appoint. It was learned, however, that the president is inclined to appoint a man from Illinois. The president is said to be looking for a man who is a native of Illinois, and who is a member of the bar.

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222 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

THE PLYMOUTH

ALWAYS BUSY!

A Great Scoop!

75-cent Negligee Shirts for **25^c** each

\$1.00 Negligee and Colored Bosom Shirts for **48^c** each

\$1.50 Negligee and Colored Bosom Shirts for **69^c** each

\$2.00 Finest Negligee Shirts for **98^c** each

"The Plymouth," always on the alert and ever anxious to serve the public, have closed at about 30 cents on the dollar the entire SALVAGE STOCK of Men's Fine Negligee and Percal Shirts, Duck Coats, etc., from the well known manufacturers, GUTTERMAN BROS. These goods were in process of manufacture during their recent fire, and with the exception of some few pieces which were slightly soiled by water, you will find them in perfect condition. In order to force this deal to an issue, we were compelled to take enormous quantities; and in realizing the benefit of them rapidly we have concluded to place them on sale tomorrow, (Wednesday) morning at prices that will be a wonderful surprise to our trade.



GUTTERMAN BROTHERS
Men's Furnishing Goods.

SHIRTS, PANTS, OVERALLS, JACKKNIVES, DUCK CLOTHING &c.

354 to 362 SIBLEY ST COR 5TH

Quoted by S.A.C.

St. Paul, Minn.

Dec. 30, 197

The Plymouth Clothing House,
St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth.

Gentlemen:—

Notwithstanding your offer is ridiculously low, we accept it and will deliver the goods at once. We think it advisable to let the whole lot go in a bunch rather than peddle them out at much higher prices. You understand the quantity covers all goods in process of manufacture at the time of the fire. At these prices, we expect the Plymouth will start the biggest sale the people of St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth ever saw.

Wishing you success and a happy New Year we remain

Yours truly

Guterman Bros

Fine Negligee and Laundered Percal Shirts, all new, handsome patterns and Materials, all perfectly made, and better known as the "SUMMIT" Shirts, classified in Four Great Lots.

NOTE PRICES BELOW

Lot 1, at **25^c** Lot 2, at **48^c** Lot 3, at **69^c**

Cheviot and Twill Negligee Shirts, Guterman Bros. wholesale price 75c. Our price 25c. Only 4 shirts to a customer.

Assorted Madras and Twill Shirts, Guterman Bros. wholesale price \$1.00. Our price 48c.

Fine Percal and French Flannel Shirts, Guterman Bros. wholesale price \$1.25 and \$1.50. Our price 69c.

Lot 4, at **98^c**
Finest Madras and Batting Shirts, Guterman Bros. wholesale price \$2.00. Our price 98c.

Lot 5, at **\$1.75**
\$3.00 Duck Coats for.....
Slicker Lined Duck Coats, Guterman Bros. wholesale price \$3.00. Our price \$1.75.

THE PLYMOUTH

Make your purchases for the coming season at about ONE-THIRD the actual value.

THE PLYMOUTH

THE SHOW IS OPEN

Annual Exhibit of Duluth Poultry Association in Phoenix Block.

A CREDITABLE SHOW

Large Number of Handsome Birds Shown—Many Dogs Will Be Entered.

The cocking of hens, the crowing of roosters and the yelping of dogs, which emanates from 231 West Superior street, shows plainly that the annual show of the Duluth Poultry association is on. The exhibition opened today, but at an early hour this afternoon was not quite complete. Exhibits were still coming in and being placed on exhibition and all was bustle and liveliness.

The store room is well filled with fowls and an exhibition is given which reflects credit on Duluth and vicinity and shows that there are a large number of poultry fanciers here and that they own some very fine stock. There are a large number of exhibitors and are not all from Duluth, either, for Superior sends a number of birds and there are others from farther away. At this time of the year the birds are all in prime condition and present a very handsome appearance.

D. T. Heinrich, of Jacksonville, Ill., one of the most widely known judges of poultry in the Union, has arrived here and will make the bird show his headquarters last night. He will begin this evening to judge the birds and will do it in full sight of the crowd.

One of the features of the show is an incubator, the property of H. C. Belinger. It will be on exhibition tomorrow and will hatch out chickens for the benefit of the crowd. He has a complete apparatus and one that works admirably.

The bench show has not very many entries as yet, but about fifty are expected by tomorrow. Louis Rietz, the druggist, brought in the best dog, a large Great Dane, 11 months' old. Thomas Michoud will bring his kennel of dogs, and he has a large number.

The show will continue tomorrow and Thursday and Friday.

THE SALTER FUND.

More Subscriptions Increase the Fund to Over Twelve Hundred Dollars.

The Herald received today \$10 from Laundry Workers' union, No. 6597, for the Salter memorial fund. This sum was voted at a meeting of the union last night, when the following resolutions were also adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased an all-wise Providence to remove from our midst a man who so ably practiced and taught the doctrine of benevolence and true humanity, in the person of the late Dr. Salter, therefore be it

Resolved, that we, the members of Laundry Workers' union, No. 6597, of Duluth, now assembled, desire to extend our sympathy to the bereaved family in the loss of a husband and father; and further be it

Resolved, that these resolutions be spread on our minute book, and a copy given the press for publication.

Following are the subscriptions to the fund to date:

Previously acknowledged	\$1,185 75
Alpha Council, Modern Samarians	25 00
Laundry Workers' union, No. 6597	10 00
Received by News Tribune	5 00
F. B. Daugherty	2 00
Page Morris	2 00
S. F. White	1 00
A. W. Dutton	1 00
William McAuley	1 00
Total	\$1,234 75

Fowler Lien Case Decided.

Judge Emsen this morning filed his findings in the case of Laurence Dupuis against Wensick & Bourgeault and E. M. Fowler, brought to enforce a lien on the Fowler building. The court finds that the plaintiff agreed to do the brick, stone and terra cotta work necessary for the upper stories of the Fowler building and that Wensick & Bourgeault agreed to furnish the materials and complete the foundation by Oct. 1, 1896. It is found that this was not done until December, and that for this and for extra work done by the plaintiff outside of his contract, he is entitled to judgment for \$450.01, to be made a lien on the Fowler building.

The Weather In December.

According to the report of Local Forecast Official Kenecy for December, the mean temperature was 14 degrees. This is 4 degrees less than the average for December during the last twenty-seven years. The highest temperature was 40 degrees on the 9th and the lowest 15 degrees below on the 17th. The prevailing winds were from the southwest; the total movement was 685 miles and the highest velocity was 46 miles on the 16th. The total precipitation was .35 inches. There were 8 clear days, 9 partly cloudy and 1 cloudy.

Mr. Alford Explains.

E. W. Alford, who was reported as having been found copying one of the poll lists which he had taken from the place where it hung, says he thinks a very impression may have been taken from the circumstance. He wished to copy a few names and it was so cold outside he could not do so. He did not expect to have the book more than ten minutes and did not. He says that he has several times taken poll books that have been torn from their fastenings and replaced them and otherwise proven that he had no designs on the books and that his intentions were entirely innocent.

Died Suddenly of Paralysis.

Joseph Ignasiak, father of Wincenty Ignasiak, of the firm of Marshall & Ignasiak, died this morning of paralysis at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Kishsky, about fourteen miles from the city, on the Rice Lake road. He was taken sick yesterday afternoon while at work digging a well and expired about 5 o'clock this morning.

NOT A GREAT BOON.

Difference of Opinion as to New Tax Paying Law.

It is said now that tax-payers have had a chance to look into the law permitting the payment of half the real estate tax before June 1 without being compelled to pay a penalty on the remainder before Nov. 1, which was outlined in The Herald last Saturday, they have pretty generally decided that it is not such a great boon after all, though it has that appearance. They figure that the only advantage that it gives is the saving of 10 per cent penalty on half of their tax for four months, and that in most cases that will not amount to a great deal. If one desires to transfer property it will be necessary to pay the full tax in order to fulfill the requirements of the law, as the treasurer will refuse to certify that taxes are paid unless they are all paid.

Still, there are many whose taxes are so large that the saving on the penalty will be worth while, and in addition to that there is the advantage of being permitted to have the use of the money. While it might be a struggle for some to pay the full amount, it will be much easier to raise one-half and have four months in which to get the other half.

ST. JAMES HOTEL.

CENTRALLY LOCATED.
Special Low Rates Prevailing.

Steam Heat. Electric Light, Etc., Etc.

LARGE NUMBER OF LODGERS.

Hungry Men Who Do Not Believe Prosperity Is Here.

There were fifteen lodgers at police headquarters last night. The majority of them appeared to be sober and industrious men. Some of them were suffering from hunger and all had had short rations for a number of days. Some of them said that they had spent weeks looking for work at the camps. All of the camps have more men than they can use, they said, and there are so many men on the tramp for work that at many of the camps they have to sleep on the floors of the shacks.

Two Davidsons...

Fannie and John Davidson, of St. Paul, two of the greatest trick and fancy skaters of America, will give exhibitions at Union Rink Wednesday evening and Thursday afternoon and evening.

A CRAZY PATIENT.

Finlander Lunatic Has a Hot Time at the Jail.

Joseph Wilmo, a native of Finland, 29 years of age, was examined in probate court yesterday afternoon and found insane. He will be taken to the asylum at Fergus Falls in a day or two. Last night he caused a good deal of trouble at the county jail. He is not vicious, but the officers say that he is one of the most mischievous cases they have ever had. He spent the day in a water tap in his cell on full force, and stripping off all of his clothes he took a bath under the hold from the ceiling. Then he tore a blanket into shreds trying to stop the water, and placed his laundry in the water. He could find under the faucet to stem the flow. When he was moved to another cell he handled the handle of the faucet was removed, so that he could not turn it on again. When the turnkey's back was turned he took his chair and broke the tap off, and before the water could be shut off the jail was almost afire. While an attempt was being made to remedy the damage he had caused, he picked up his hat and a bundle of straps, brushes, pieces of blanket and other stuff that he had carefully packed up and started to go out. When placed in the dungeon, he found means to make enough noise to keep everybody in the building awake until he was fired out.

Yesterday afternoon Probate Judge Ayer filed a communication with the county board asking a padded cell for the county jail. There are a great number of insane cases during each year, and while many of them need any such care, there are frequently cases where nothing but a padded cell will take care of them. There is no place now for restraining such cases and chances have to be taken that they may do themselves or others great bodily injury. Sheriff Sargent says that one of the cells now in use may be padded in a satisfactory manner without its being any considerable expense to the county.

Will Take the War Path.

The Journeymen Plumbers' union has announced its intention of prosecuting all who engage in plumbing without a license, and also all who employ other than licensed plumbers. The union will take no action until after the next visit of the state examining board, which will be here tomorrow. After that the union will take the warpath. The officers of the union say that it is as anxious to have the law tested as anybody, and that it will give anybody who desires a test the opportunity.

Ladies' Union Meeting.

The Ladies' union of the cathedral will hold an open meeting in their club rooms tonight. The following program will be given: Scripture reading... Miss Helen Collins. Instrumental solo... Mrs. J. Farn. "Duluth in the Past" Judge Carey. Reading, part 6, "Hawatha" Mrs. Shields. Vocal solo... Mrs. J. McAuliffe. "Talk by an Old Settler" Mrs. C. Polier. Instrumental solo... Edward Miller. "The City of Duluth" Miss Winifred Kellor. Quotations from "Shakespeare"....

Last chance to register tomorrow. Register without fail.

Low Fare Excursions.

Bermuda, Florida, Europe, The West Indies, Or the Mediterranean. Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic and New York. For rates, advertising matter, etc., apply to T. H. LARKE, Commercial Agent, 426 Spaulding House Block, Duluth, Minn. Play shuffle board at the Spaulding billiard room. A new and exciting game.

TERRIBLY BURNED.

Three-Year-Old Child Found Enveloped in Flames By Her Mother.

Mrs. Fisher, the 3-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Fisher, of 1104 West First street, was terribly burned yesterday morning, and it is feared that her injuries will prove fatal. It is supposed that her clothes ignited from the parlor stove through a broken piece of mica. Mrs. Fisher had left the child alone for a few minutes about 10 o'clock for a call on a neighbor across the hall. Opening the door on her return, she found the little girl rolling on the floor with her clothing and hair aflame. Mrs. Fisher's cries called George Nelson, one of the tenants of the flat, to the scene and he and the mother extinguished the flames. It was found that all the clothing even to the undergarments were burned to a crisp. The child had inhaled the flames, also, and the extent of her injuries the physician in charge, Dr. Boyer, cannot yet tell. The shreds of burned clothing on the floor indicated that the child made a desperate attempt to get to the door before she was overcome. Mr. Fisher is the well-known dance promoter.

WANTS A REWARD OFFERED.

Sheriff Sargent Asks For One For the Ely Murderer.

The annual meeting of the board of county commissioners began this afternoon, and there was considerable business to come up. Most of it has been mentioned before. It was expected that the meeting would last at least until tomorrow, and possibly longer, as the nature of some of the matters to come up will prevent their being concluded today, as some of the commissioners had hoped. Sheriff Sargent has asked the board to offer a reward for the capture of Frank Perentiz, the alleged Ely murderer. In his petition Sheriff Sargent calls attention to the fact that this is the third murder at Ely within a year, and he urges that every effort be made to bring the accused to trial.

PAYMENTS COMING IN.

Property Owners Are Paying Up at a Lively Rate.

County Treasurer Whipple reports a more than ordinary amount of business resulting from the payment of current taxes. The taxes of 1897 are only a few days old, yet people have been coming in at a lively rate to pay them, and the auditor's and treasurer's offices have been kept busy with them ever since they were due. Applications for statements of taxes are also coming in at a lively rate, and both offices are kept pretty busy making out the required blanks. This would seem to indicate that the people have more money than usual, as there is no other reason why taxes should come in at a more lively rate. The new law permitting the payment of half the taxes now and half in November is so far from being used to any extent. Up to today only one payment of the kind had been made at the treasurer's office, and little inquiry has been made.

Is a Hot Town.

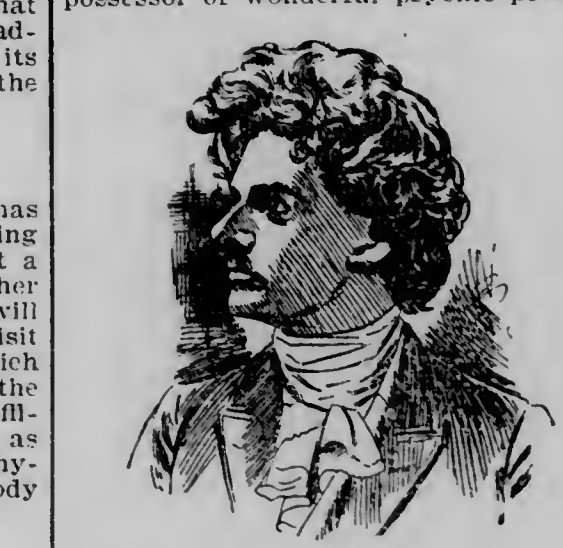
Dr. Phelan has returned from a three weeks' "resting up" trip which embraced an extensive Southwestern tour. He arrived yesterday and his family, who have been spending the holidays at Phillips, Wis., returned today. During the doctor's trip he took in Hot Springs, Arkansas, for a couple of days and he declares that it is one of the finest, widest open most bustling places in the country. On one side of a principal street are numbers of the celebrated baths while on the other side exactly ninety doctors, crowded with business, have their offices. Incidentally the doctor remarks there are a number of saloons and gambling rooms, one of which latter on the night of his arrival a stranger sauntered in, sat down to play and "broke the bank" by winning \$28,000 at a sitting. With all of its attractions and amusements the city of Hot Springs is very orderly, such a thing as a drunken man rarely ever being seen on the streets.

Last chance to register tomorrow. Register without fail.

A SIXTH SENSE.

The Wonderful Power of the Famous Melvor-Tyndall.

The wonderful clairvoyant revelations produced daily by Dr. Alexander J. Melvor-Tyndall, the noted London thought-reader and clairvoyant, at his parlors in the Spaulding hotel have aroused a great deal of interest in psychic phenomena in this city, and already there have been formed several societies for the study of occult science. Dr. Melvor-Tyndall is undoubtedly the possessor of wonderful psychic powers.



which he claims are latent in everyone, and which are what may be called man's sixth sense. That these powers are of invaluable service in practical life the many who have received help through his advice emphatically affirm. His parlors are constantly crowded. The famous clairvoyant is kept constantly busy and has had to extend his office hours from 10 a. m. to 8 p. m.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Business Property, 5%
Residences, 6%

Partial Payment Privilege. See us before Making a Loan.

HARTMAN & PATTERSON, 205-6 First Nat'l Bank.

Experienced

And careful officers attend to a business entrusted to

Benson's Detective Agency,
Office in Exchange Bldg. Tel. 479.

DO YOU HAVE THE PICK FROM CHOICE MERCHANDISE LIKE THE POWER DRY GOODS BANKRUPT STOCK CONSISTS OF, AT LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES? IT MEANS JUST SO MUCH MONEY IN YOUR POCKET. NOT ONE OR TWO OR EVEN A DOZEN THINGS AT SPECIAL PRICES TO CATCH YOUR TRADE, BUT A UNIFORM REDUCTION IN PRICES OF EVERY ARTICLE IN THE STORE AMOUNTING FROM 25% TO 75%. EVERYTHING IN THE STORE MUST BE CLOSED OUT AND PRICES WILL BE TRIMMED DOWN UNTIL THE ENTIRE STOCK IS SOLD OUT. THE POWER BANKRUPT STOCK.

Do You Realize? What it Means? -----to You

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1898.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

TWO CENTS.

STOCK TAKEN AND BOOKS BALANCED!

All this has been done at the old store during the past week and we are more than pleased with the business of the past year. However, a much larger stock than usual, at this time of the year, remains, and to reduce this and do it quickly, we commenced this morning a **GREAT DISCOUNT SALE!** which includes each and every garment and article in our mammoth stock (E. & W. Collars and Cuffs alone excepted). Bear in mind this great Discount Sale not only includes all winter goods, but also includes all staple goods such as all White Shirts, Collars and Cuffs, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Neckwear, Underwear, Suspenders, Jewelry, Night Shirts. We haven't time to remark this great stock. The old prices remain all over the house. The discount from them is easily figured, and the saving is from 15 to 50 per cent. Spread the news and do a good turn all around. No cash coupons given during this discount sale. Terms strictly cash.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters.
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.
125-127 West Superior Street.

COMMERCIAL LIGHT AND POWER CO.

Furnish Electric Current for

Light and Power

OFFICES:

Rooms 4-5-6, 216 West Superior St.

Mendenhall & Hoopes,
Money to Loan on Improved Property.
First National Bank Building.

DID NOT GET MUCH.

Company's Story of the Kansas City Hold-Up.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 5.—Last night's hold-up on the Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf railway appears to have proven a wind haul. Wells-Fargo Express Messenger M. E. Hayden, who was bound and covered by one robber while the other rifled the local safe, sent his company a message this morning to the effect that the robbers took nothing of value. This statement is adhered to, that nothing but a few packages of jewelry of no particular value and no money was secured. The robbers were two in number and are described as being about 25 years of age and clean shaven. They have made good their escape.

GREAT BRITAIN WILL SAY.

Will Practically Dictate All the Chinese Settlements.

London, Jan. 5.—There is a general feeling in England and it is reflected on the stock exchange that the situation in the far East is improving. It is believed that the proposed Chinese loan of \$10,000,000 will be guaranteed by the British government.

The Pull Mail Gazette this afternoon refers to the ascendancy of money over the "mailed fist" and says "Great Britain's vessels are anchored off Chemulpo and at Port Arthur. This is quietly implying that Great Britain will have a voice in future arrangements. Further, the latest telegrams clearly indicate that she has plenty of friends."

Register for the special water election. Booths open until 9 o'clock tonight.

IRON AND STEEL MARKETS.

Possible Output Is All Sold for Months Ahead.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—The Industrial World tomorrow will say: The strength of the local iron and steel markets lies in the fact that output is sold for months ahead. There is in many lines no pressure to sell, and a very moderate demand will suffice to keep the product firm until large orders, under the present rate of consumption, become imperative. Beams and channels have advanced \$1 per ton. Large pig iron sellers are holding firm against some sales at concessions by small Southern furnaces. Prices of bars are shaped by some mills, and some \$2000 or \$3000 tons were sold during the past week.

FROSTS IN FLORIDA.

Considerable Damage Is Done to the Fruit Crops.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Reports received from the weather bureau officials of Florida indicate that the freeze of Jan. 2 and 3 while doing considerable damage, did not approach in severity or extent the freeze of the winter of 1894 and '95.

As to the effects of the recent freeze, the weather bureau's director at Jacksonville, Fla., reports by telegraph this morning as follows: Available information indicates greater portion of vegetables in north and south central portions were killed where not protected.

OHIO CONTEST MORE BITTER

Secret Compacts Are Being Made But the Chances are Still Greatly Against Hanna.

NO CLAIMS OF CHANGES

Opposition Being Concentrated on Kurtz for Short Term and Bushnell for Long Term.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 5.—The senatorial contest became more bitter today than ever. After the senatorial developments last night in connection with the reported changes of Representative Griffith and other doubtful members, the skirmishing proceeds more earnestly on both sides. No claims of changes were made on either side. It was the purpose of the managers in not holding any caucus to be able to keep their own secret until the balloting began. It is believed that secret compacts are being made that will not become known until the votes of members are recorded. The situation today is the same as after the caucus. Saturday night and the organization of the legislature on Monday. All those who changed their preferences yesterday were brought back during the night to their original places.

There was much comment today on the departure of Congressman Grosvenor for Washington. After Secretary of State Ryan and others had recently been there in the interest of Senator Hanna. The Hanna men insist that there would be no league while the opposition insisted that they had Hanna beaten and would beat Secretary Sherman, Assistant Secretary Day or any other friends that the national administration brought out in place of Hanna.

The feature of the day was the passage in the house, as its first measure, and by unanimous vote, of the bill repealing the law for 99-years franchisees to the senate. The bill was introduced by Representative Bramley of Cleveland, who is one of the Republicans opposing Hanna and the Bramley bill was considered as aimed at Hanna. After Bramley spoke for his bill, Mr. Maxwell replied, and charged Bramley with using this bill for defense and buncombe at this time. Maxwell said he voted for the 99-year franchise law in the last legislature, and was sorry for it, but he did not understand the measure, and was induced to support it by Senator Foraker, who was here at that time urging the members to pass that law.

The debate became general, and it was freely charged by members in their speeches that Hanna was selling the state two years ago, as well as Senator Foraker, lobbying for the 99-year street railway franchise law. Other proceedings in the house were merely routine, but the old lines of Monday were drawn over the steering committee, as desired. In the senate there were no new developments. Senator Burke continued to co-operate with the Democrats.

At 11 a. m. both branches of the legislature met in joint session to canvass the vote of the last state election. It was a dull proceeding, in strong contrast with the scenes at the same hour and place one week when the joint balloting for United States senator. During the two hours devoted to the canvass of the vote, the representatives put in the time conferring on the senatorial contest. It was the opinion of those present that the short three votes and that the opposition was becoming more concentrated on Kurtz for the short term and Bushnell for the long term.

There was much talk in the lobbies about the references to Secretary Foraker and Hanna in the discussion of the fifty years street railway franchise law. The Republicans said Hanna was not senator two years ago, not then chairman of the national committee or in any other public capacity, and that Hanna did not come to the state capital, appear before the committee and lobby with the members as they said the Democrats.

At the Great Southern hotel, there are two different headquarters co-operating together and occupying adjoining suites of rooms. At the rooms occupied by the anti-Hanna Republicans no changes were announced. At the rooms of the Democratic managers there was quite a stir over a telegram from ex-Senator Bruce advising the Democratic members to vote for a Democrat for United States senator and not become an attachment to the holding Republican colleagues. If three Democrats should be elected, the legislature only three are said to agree with Bruce on the financial question and it is said they will not break away from the course that is agreed upon by their Democratic colleagues. If three Democrats should break away from the combine Hanna could not be elected.

The reports about Bruce taking part caused the Democratic steering committee to talk about John R. McLean before the Democratic-Free Silver candidate, and if the combine did not go through on the first ballot there would be a long deadlock with votes cast for Hanna and Bushnell on one side and for McLean and Bruce on the other side. Representative Jones, one of the doubtful members, was not in his seat today, but remained at his hotel. The legislative committee session for the day this afternoon without the committees being announced. The deferred places will be given out as long as the seat is in doubt.

It is announced this afternoon that

ST. LOUIS BROWNS SOLD.

Indianapolis Baseball Syndicate Has Bought the Club.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 5.—The News today will say: The sale of the St. Louis Baseball club to John T. Brush, William Schmidt and others was completed yesterday, and the Browns are now owned by an Indianapolis syndicate, which includes Dickson and Talbott, the theatrical managers. When the deal was first made it was thought that A. C. Spaulding, S. C. Spink, of St. Louis, and A. C. Anson were among the purchasers, but they deny that they have any interest in the Browns. John T. Brush engineered the scheme, and has been at work on the details of the plan ever since the league meeting in November. William H. Schmidt is interested with the Cincinnati magazine in all of his baseball ventures, and is one of the principal stockholders in the St. Louis. Dickson and Talbott have long desired to get into baseball.

George H. Dickson admitted this morning that he and Henry Talbott were largely interested in the St. Louis club, but he refused to discuss the affairs of the club until the return of Mr. Brush from St. Louis. He said the purchase had been completed, but no arrangements in regard to strengthening the club had been made. It is understood that Charles Layman, of this city, will look after the better interest of the Browns next season, taking about the same position with the club as that held by Frank Bancroft, of Cincinnati.

DULUTH MAY GET IT.

While St. Paul and Minneapolis Fight, Duluth May Get a Sub-Treasury.

Washington, Jan. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Fletcher has introduced his old bill for the establishment of a sub-treasury at Minneapolis, and Congressman Stevens has introduced a similar bill for a sub-treasury at St. Paul. The rivalry of these cities prevented a bill for a sub-treasury at either place being reported from the committee in the last congress and there will undoubtedly be a similar situation in this congress. If a sub-treasury is located anywhere in the Northwest it may go to Duluth as a compromise.

TOWNE AT WASHINGTON.

Conferring in Regard to His Pacific Coast Tour.

Washington, Jan. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ex-Congressman Towne is here, a guest of Representative Hartman. While in the city he will look after some Minnesota Indian claims, but the real object of his visit is to confer with the chief of state from our minister in the case of the Pacific coast states. Oscar Mitchell, of Duluth, also arrived here today to look after some number contracts on the Chippewa reservation.

A PLUM IN SIGHT.

Member of Civil Service Commission May Be Chosen From Minnesota.

Washington, Jan. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Herald's correspondent was informed this morning that President McKinley is going to select a member of the civil service commission from one of the Northwestern states, probably Minnesota. It cannot be ascertained to what position, however, as the President is being urged by Senators Nelson and Davis for the place.

CUBAN TOBACCO.

Spanish Government Announces the Revocation of Embargo.

Washington, Jan. 5.—The following telegram has been received by the secretary of state from our minister in Spain announcing the revocation of the embargo on tobacco from Cuba. "Tobacco having been revoked, tobacco can be exported on paying tax of 12 pesos per 100 kilos. All manufactured tobacco except of opium and duty of duty Santiago De Cuba exempted from new order. Importation of tobacco from all ports in Cuba is prohibited. New order takes effect Jan. 15."

NEW FRENCH AMBASSADOR.

M. Cambon Will Arrange the Reciprocity Matters.

Washington, Jan. 5.—The French embassy has been notified by cable that the new French ambassador, M. Cambon, sailed on the Gasconne from Havre last Saturday and will arrive in New York the latter part of this week. He will remain in New York a few days and will come to Washington the middle of next week.

The French consul general, M. Brauer, has been here for several days in conference with Reciprocity Commissioner Kasson, furthering details of the reciprocal arrangements between France and this country. The essential points, however, cannot be arranged until the ambassador arrives, as he comes direct from Paris, where it is supposed the authorities have given him definite instructions as to how far the demands of the United States for a modification of the restrictions on American cattle and American meat products will be conceded.

Although the department is advised there is little hope that France will concede what is asked in regard to American cattle, it is suspected that this advance was made in order to permit a reduction to the old rates, but there will be little disposition to accept this as a sufficient concession to allow France the benefit of reciprocity reductions on French brandies, paintings and statuary, as contemplated by the Dingy law.

CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY BURNS.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 5.—The east wing of Ottawa university (Catholic) was destroyed by fire today. The loss on the building was \$50,000, on contents and other damage \$20,000. There is \$200,000 insurance on the institution. All the sacred vessels and statues were taken out of the chapel. The fire originated mysteriously in the dormitory, which was unoccupied.

IMPORTANT CASE.

Are Railroad Indemnity Lists Filed After Six Months' Limit Valid?

Washington, Jan. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Assistant Attorney General Vandeventer of the interior department today heard arguments in the land case of Lumbeck against the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba railroad. The land in controversy situated along the line of the road in Minnesota. The question involved is whether the member of the civil service commission listed after the expiration of the six months' limit fixed by the department, after the decision by the supreme court in the case of Lebar against the Northern Pacific. In that case the law was filed five days after the limit of time had expired, but notwithstanding that the decisions rendered so far have been favorable to the company.

W. H. ENGLISH MARRIED.

Indiana's Well Known Politician Quietly Wed Today.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 5.—William H. English, of this city, ex-congressman and son of William H. English, Jr., and Mrs. Helen Orr Pfaff were married today at noon by the Rev. A. J. Graham, pastor of Christ Episcopal church. It was a quiet affair, only immediate friends beside the family being present. While the marriage comes at this time as a surprise to some of the friends, it is not so to the intimate friends of Mr. and Mrs. English, who have known for some time that Mr. English had decorated and furnished his spacious apartments in the Hotel English with this end in view. Both have been previously married. Mr. English was married to Anna Josephine Po, a well-known actress in 1880. Mrs. Helen English's maiden name was Schoenke, but she is best known in this city by the name of her step-father, Huffman.

She graduated from the Indianapolis high school in the class of 1890, and shortly afterwards married a school mate, John A. Pfaff, she being but 17 and he 24 years of age at the time. They went to Colorado to live and in 1896 she secured a divorce in Colorado. She immediately returned to Indianapolis where she has since resided with her grand parents in East New York street. Mr. English has known her well as a child, having been intimately acquainted with her parents, but had not seen her since childhood and met her by accident. Mr. and Mrs. English left for Washington this afternoon.

DURRANT'S HOPE GONE.

Federal Court Judges Deny Habeas Corpus Application.

San Francisco, Jan. 5.—In the United States circuit court today Judges Morrow and De Haven rendered their decision in the Durrant case, submitted to them on banc yesterday. They denied the application for a writ of habeas corpus, and also refused to grant Durrant's attorneys leave to appeal from this decision.

A DAVIES APPOINTMENT.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Comptroller Davies has appointed William C. Oakley of Chicago, national bank examiner, to succeed Joseph T. Talbot, resigned.



The Great Room-Making Sale, Preparatory to Opening up our **Spring Linens, White Goods, Wash Goods, Embroideries, Torchon Laces, Muslin Underwear, Men's Unlaundered Shirts, Collars and Cuffs, Etc.,**

Has created more excitement amongst the bargain hunters than any Sale now in progress at the head of the lakes. Bargains are advertised, and Bargains our customers have received. Each day brings us an increase of Sales over the previous one, demonstrating that the people that have received our bargains are our best advertisers.

3--DAYS MORE--3 Thursday, Friday and Saturday!

You Can't Afford to Miss Them.

Muslin Underwear--LADIES--

Here You Are!
We have about 25 dozen Shirt Waists left over from last summer. We don't want them. Do you? It's like giving them away.

Lot 1--Ladies' Shirt Waists, worth up to \$3.50; sale price..... **25c**
Lot 2--Ladies' Shirt Waists, worth up to \$3.50; sale price..... **50c**
Lot 3--Ladies' Shirt Waists, worth up to \$3.50; sale price..... **75c**

GLOVES.
Another accident in our basement compels us to take a loss on a lot of Ladies' Lined Mitts--a lucky steam pier the cause of the trouble. A big lot of Kid Mitts with fur tops, slightly soiled from dampness, positively guaranteed as far as wearing qualities are concerned. Also a big lot of odds and ends thrown in with them, worth up to \$2.50 a pair. All go while they last at 49c.

...NOTICE...

In addition to the Big Bargains quoted here you will find all remnants of Silk Dress goods, Flannels, odds and ends in Underwear, Boots and Shoes, Crockery and Hardware, etc., marked at prices that will effect a speedy and exciting sale.

Gentlemen--Here's Your Chance. Laundered and Unlaundered Shirts, all white or with colored bosoms; some are soiled, some are odds and ends.

LOT 1--25c. A lot of Men's unlaunched White Shirts with colored bosoms and cuffs to match, worth 75c each.

Also Men's Fine White Laundered Shirts, with colored bosoms, worth up to \$2.00 each; for this sale, each..... **39c**

Men's White Shirts with Colored Madras bosoms and cuffs to match--everywhere sold for \$2.00 to \$2.50 each; for this sale, each-- **69c**

Sheeting Remnants Bleached and unbleached--exactly HALF-PRICE.

Turkey Red Damask Remnants

At just ONE-THIRD OFF our regular price.

Odd and Soiled Table Napkins.

About 500 Table Napkins--8 size--worth up to 25c each--your pick-- **12c**
About 50 Hemstitched Napkins, worth up to 25c each, pick-- **23c**

Odd and Soiled Towels.

Lot 1--worth up to \$2.75, for..... **50c each**
Lot 2--worth up to 25c, for..... **25c each**
Lot 3--worth up to 25c, for..... **17c each**
Lot 4--worth up to 25c, for..... **12c each**
Lot 5--worth up to 25c, for..... **10c each**

Remnants of Prints.

Thousands of remnants of Calicoes and Apron Checked Gingham, 6c and 7c qualities, to close, **4c**

Remnants of Toweling.

All kinds go at just ONE-THIRD OFF the regular price.

All Soiled Table Cloths

Fringed and Plain--ONE-THIRD OFF.

A lot of odds and ends in Lunch Cloths, worth up to \$1.00; pick-- **49c**

Remnants of Gingham.

Percales and other wash stuffs in lengths ranging from 2 to 20 yards, regular 12 1/2c qualities, to close, **8c**

Remnants of Percales--

2000 yards of 16-inch Percales, in lengths ranging from 1 to 5 yards, odds and ends of our 12 1/2c qualities, to close, a yard-- **6c**

Remnants of Fine Wash Goods--

In Swisses, Organdies, French Mulls, French and English Lappets, worth up to 35c, to close at, a yard-- **9 1/2c**

Carpets! Carpets!

For this week we will offer a lot of Misp Carpets that customers have paid a deposit on but for unavoidable reasons were unable to take them away. They are yours for about **HALF PRICE.**

WE HAVE THE FOLLOWING SIZES IN--

BRUSSELS-- 8x12, 11-3x13-8 and 8-3x10-8
VELVETS-- 11-3x13-8, 12x12, 12x13-8, 13-6x15 and 8-3x10-7
TAPESTRY-- 11-3x13-8, 12x12, 12x13-8, 13-6x15, 13-6x16-7

Bring the measure of your room, as these goods will not last long at the prices we ask for them. **RUG REMNANTS AT HALF PRICE.**

NO WHEAT WAS SOLD

The Rumors That Leiter Has Disposed of His Stock Are Denied.

BIDS ARE RECEIVED

The Market Was Dull Today and Bearish News Depressed Prices.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—Rumors which have been circulating lately to the effect that Joseph Leiter had closed contracts for the disposal of the greater part of his vast accumulation of wheat to New York and Baltimore exporters, who had placed it in Europe, were positively denied today by Brokers George B. French, who represents the Leiter interest. On account of the known fact that numerous bids have lately been received from exporters for the high quality of wheat in the possession of Leiter, this report was received with some credence. Mr. French stated emphatically today, however, that there was no truth in the reports.

If the Leiter wheat has been sold the price paid for it, judging from the reaction given to some of the buying orders for the cash market, would have been much higher than ruling quotations. An order to buy 100,000 bushels from a prominent holder at just 10 cents over the May price was refused, the broker being told his business would have to be about 10 cents over the present May price to get the wheat. The Leiter people say it is a waste of time, in their present frame of mind, to make views, to talk of selling their wheat at the present prices. They add that they are getting a profit and can afford to see if their views are not right.

Private advices from the East indicate that behind the Leiter wheat, 200,000 bushels of which will eventually own and control over 300,000 bushels of cash wheat for better prices. The Leiter people's refusal to sell cash wheat today would indicate that they propose to hold on to what they now have and to increase their holdings very largely or large enough to discourage to a great extent short selling in a bullish market.

THE DULUTH BOARD.

The amount of business done on the Duluth board today was limited. Trading was dull throughout the session. While New York reported that eighty-four bushels of wheat were sold yesterday for export, there was a bearish crop report from the New York Journal of Commerce and the receipts from Minneapolis were again lower. These influences and the lack of demand served to depress the market. May wheat opened unchanged at 90¢ and declined after lunch to 89¢. A little later it rallied to 90¢ but again broke and closed at 89¢. A little later it rallied to 90¢ but again broke and closed at 89¢. A little later it rallied to 90¢ but again broke and closed at 89¢.

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

The Market Was Quiet and Prices Slightly Lower.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—Wheat opened today at about 1¢ under yesterday's New York selling at 91 1/2¢. The bearish influence at the opening was apparently the January crop report of the New York Journal of Commerce, which claimed an increase in area of over 3,000,000 acres and a farm yield of 24.0 bushels per acre. The news was rather cautious, favoring the bulls a little. The market was steadier than expected, coming unchanged to 1¢ lower. Local receipts were very small. 2¢ corn, Northern receipts, 2¢. The market was comparatively liberal. Minneapolis and Duluth were reported to have more than double last year's crop. The market was quiet for some time, but a little stronger on the report of export from here. May advanced to 91 1/2¢ on this bid and declined to 91¢. The price paid for the spring wheat sold for export was said to be 91¢. The May wheat was sold at 91¢. The market was quiet for some time, but a little stronger on the report of export from here. May advanced to 91 1/2¢ on this bid and declined to 91¢. The price paid for the spring wheat sold for export was said to be 91¢. The May wheat was sold at 91¢.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Whisky, 140 1/2; 141 1/2; 142 1/2; 143 1/2; 144 1/2; 145 1/2; 146 1/2; 147 1/2; 148 1/2; 149 1/2; 150 1/2; 151 1/2; 152 1/2; 153 1/2; 154 1/2; 155 1/2; 156 1/2; 157 1/2; 158 1/2; 159 1/2; 160 1/2; 161 1/2; 162 1/2; 163 1/2; 164 1/2; 165 1/2; 166 1/2; 167 1/2; 168 1/2; 169 1/2; 170 1/2; 171 1/2; 172 1/2; 173 1/2; 174 1/2; 175 1/2; 176 1/2; 177 1/2; 178 1/2; 179 1/2; 180 1/2; 181 1/2; 182 1/2; 183 1/2; 184 1/2; 185 1/2; 186 1/2; 187 1/2; 188 1/2; 189 1/2; 190 1/2; 191 1/2; 192 1/2; 193 1/2; 194 1/2; 195 1/2; 196 1/2; 197 1/2; 198 1/2; 199 1/2; 200 1/2; 201 1/2; 202 1/2; 203 1/2; 204 1/2; 205 1/2; 206 1/2; 207 1/2; 208 1/2; 209 1/2; 210 1/2; 211 1/2; 212 1/2; 213 1/2; 214 1/2; 215 1/2; 216 1/2; 217 1/2; 218 1/2; 219 1/2; 220 1/2; 221 1/2; 222 1/2; 223 1/2; 224 1/2; 225 1/2; 226 1/2; 227 1/2; 228 1/2; 229 1/2; 230 1/2; 231 1/2; 232 1/2; 233 1/2; 234 1/2; 235 1/2; 236 1/2; 237 1/2; 238 1/2; 239 1/2; 240 1/2; 241 1/2; 242 1/2; 243 1/2; 244 1/2; 245 1/2; 246 1/2; 247 1/2; 248 1/2; 249 1/2; 250 1/2; 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STACK & CO.,

28 and 30 West Superior St.

A VERITABLE BARGAIN SALE!

Without doubt the prices quoted here are the lowest ever named for this class of merchandise. There are some articles here that you are looking for. This is the place to buy them. You will find us right, always bearing in mind that value is the true test of cheapness.



100 Alarm Clocks, every one guaranteed, money refunded if not as we say full nickel case—low price—**69c.**

1000 bottles of Ammonia. Standard goods—don't pay 10c. in price—**5c.**

10 dozen Glass Tea Sets, each set consists of 1 covered Butter Dish, 1 covered Sugar, 1 Cream Pitcher, and 1 Spoonholder, the complete set—**15c.**

10 dozen Children's black wool hose, good value at 15c, tomorrow, per pair—**13c.**

1 case Children's heavy fleece lined cotton hose, fast and stainless, per pair—**15c.**

Have you ever seen a saw worth 25c, selling at—**10c.**

Knives and Forks, no limit to quantity, each, at—**3c.**

12 dozen Ladies' Wool Ribbed Combination Suits, the celebrated "Florence brand" fashion cut, every garment perfect, sold everywhere at \$1, our price while they last—**49c.**

Another proof of our matchless bargains, 60-foot clothes lines—**10c.**

The celebrated "Mme. Pott's" Sads, full nickel plated, nothing new except price, per set—**69c.**

We have a basement full of yellow bowls, all sizes, special tomorrow, 25 per cent discount—**7c.**

Scrub Brushes, all kinds, all prices, see our number—**7c.**

Stove Brushes, worth 10c, at—**10c.**

We carry a very complete line of shears—all prices. Tomorrow we sell our regular 25c Shears, 7.5 and 9 in. long, at each—**10c.**

Now that the holidays are over we again remind you we are selling the great family soap, "Stack's Happy Home"—**10 Bars for 25c.**

Be your own bootblack. Just think of it: we will sell you a good brush complete with duster, for the price of a shine—**10c.**

10 pieces Domet Plannel in checks and fancy stripes, per yard—**3c.**

100 lbs Black German Knitting Yarn, guaranteed full weight for tomorrow only, per skein—**17c.**

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THE FUND GROWING

The Subscriptions to the Salter Memorial Fund Again Pouring In.

REACH BIG FIGURES

Liberal Donation From Employees of Marshall-Wells Hardware Company.

Interest in the projected memorial to the late Rev. Dr. Salter, the beloved pastor of the Bethel, is again on the increase. The contributions today show a considerable gain over recent days, and it is understood that several more large donations will be made in the near future. The fund is now \$1,000.00. The projected memorial to the late Rev. Dr. Salter, the beloved pastor of the Bethel, is again on the increase. The contributions today show a considerable gain over recent days, and it is understood that several more large donations will be made in the near future. The fund is now \$1,000.00.

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"When I commenced taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I lost weight, and could not sit up half a day; before, however, I had used a whole bottle, I was able to be about. I took in all about three bottles of the Compound, and am entirely cured; now I weigh 131 pounds and feel like a new woman, stronger and better than ever in my life."

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IDEAL GRANDMOTHERS.

Women Who Know the Laws of Nature and Obey Them May Live to Green Old Age.

AT WEST DULUTH

Poor Commissioner Says But Few Persons are Receiving Aid Now.

Providence has allotted us each at least seventy years which to fulfill our mission in life, and it is generally our own fault if we die prematurely. Nervous exhaustion invites disease. This statement is the positive truth. When everything becomes a burden and you cannot walk a few blocks without excessive fatigue, and you break out into perspirations easily, and your face flushes, and you grow excited and shaky at the least provocation, and you cannot bear to be crossed in anything, you are in danger; your nerves have given out; you need building up at once! To build up woman's nervous system and restore woman's health, we know of no better or more inspiring medicine than Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. You cannot take it in time can be thrown off, if neglected it will run into great suffering and pain.

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AT WEST DULUTH

Poor Commissioner Says But Few Persons are Receiving Aid Now.

REGISTER TONIGHT

Last Chance to Vote at Water Election—Business Men's Meeting.

O. S. Olson, assistant poor commissioner, said today that there are less than one-half as many indigent persons being assisted by the county in West Duluth this winter as last. Last winter work was scarce and many men found it absolutely impossible to find employment, so it was necessary to furnish relief to many families of able-bodied men. This winter, however, Mr. Olson has persistently refused aid to all applicants except helpless women and children and men who were physically unable to perform manual labor. Until recently he had many applications from unworthy persons, men who in periods of enforced idleness had been fed at the county's expense and who had

First election precinct—Judges of election: Frank Ritzloff, D. B. Naxon and Timothy Barbrick. Place of holding election, police headquarters, West Du luth.

Second election precinct—Judges of election: Fred Colby, A. L. Murray and

Fourth election precinct—Judges of election L. C. Wallin, John Buford and E. C.

Sixth election precinct—Judges of election: Edward Swanson, Dennis Sullivan and Albert Simpson. Place of holding:

Seventh election precinct—Judges election: George H. Cliford, P. S. O'Leary and A. D. McGill. Place of holding the election, fire hall, West Duluth.

Yeas—Alderman Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Hale, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tigcher, Trevillian, Mr. Vice President.

tion of the following resolution:
J. W. ROWLEY,
JAMES T. HALE,

Alderman Hale moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Alderman Burg, Crasswell

Campbell & Smith, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

Yeas—Alderman Burg. Crasswell,
Dahl, Duren, Hanson, Barker, Jefferson,
Richardson, Hale, Simpson, Sang, St.
Young, Tiescher, Treadwell, Mr. Moss, Dr.

I. J. RICHARDSON.

Alderman Richardson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was duly adopted.

Resolved, that the applications of J. Lauermann, owner of lot 11, block West Duluth, Fourth division, in the

Alderman Richardson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared carried.

Resolved, that James A. Crawford, consulting engineer of the pumping machinery be requested to confer with the board of public works in regard to

Dahl, Turen, Hanson, Barker, Jeffers,
Richardson, Hale, Simpson, Sang, S
vens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. Vice Pr
ident—15.

Alderman Duren offered a resolution relative to the Garfield avenue viaduct which was laid on the table by Aldern

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M. S. BURROWS.
 hrier, Hatter, Furnisher, Furrier, Shoeist.

Produces
MORE and BETTER BREAD
than any other Flour you can buy

The most you want is the least you get in The Saturday Herald.

Saturday, Jan. 8, 2 p. m. sharp.
DULUTH VAN CO.,
212 West Superior street.

James Massie, of Emerson, Mass.
Canadian inspector of bonded wheat,
at the St. Louis.

Offices in Exchange Bldg. Tel. 479.

NO LIMIT OR LET UP TO THE BARGAINS AT THE SALE OF THE

J. E. POWER'S BANKRUPT STOCK!

Everything goes at bankrupt prices. Seldom, if ever, were such choice Dry Goods, Cloaks and Millinery gathered up in a bankrupt stock and the people allowed the benefit of the pick from the plums of the stock. Here you have the choice of the very best--nothing reserved whatsoever. First comers always reap the benefit of such choice.

POWER'S BANKRUPT STOCK, I. FREIMUTH, Prop.

TRIAL FLOUR.

READ than
an buy.

Fifth Ward Populists.
All members of the People's party residing in the Fifth ward are requested to meet at Populist headquarters, room 911, Torrey building, Saturday evening, Jan. 8, at 7:30 sharp.
D. S. BLANCHARD,
Ward Chairman.

The most you want is the least you get in The Saturday Herald.

**tion, Auction, Auction of Horses
Horses, Horses.**

Two carloads of heavy logging horses
be sold at auction to highest bid
for cash. No sham sale; every
ing goes. In rear of St. James hotel
aturday, Jan. 8, 2 p. m. sharp.

**DULUTH VAN CO.,
212 West Superior street.**

C. W. Kilbue, a Minneapolis insurance man, is in the city.

L. H. Graham, of Manitowish, Wis., arrived in Duluth this morning.

Edwin Ball, superintendent of the Minnesota mine, is down from Souda today, accompanied by his family. They are guests at the St. Louis.

James Massie, of Emerson, Minn., Canadian inspector of bonded wheat, is at the St. Louis.

Experienced
And careful officers attend to a
business entrusted to
Benson's Detective Agency,
Offices in Exchange Bldg. Tel. 479.

NO LIMITS

Everything people are coming to

CLEVELAND HERALD

FIFTEENTH YEAR.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 6, 1905.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

TWO CENTS.

ANOTHER DEMONSTRATION

OF OUR ABILITY TO SELL GOODS AT LOWER PRICES THAN OTHER STORES.

Everyone knows that small expense in handling goods combined with superior facilities for buying in large quantities for cash and in carload lots is what makes low prices. First street low rent and a thoroughly modern store is what does the business here.

Price Pointers.

A Good Corduroy Couch.....\$5.00
75 inches wide and 45 1/2 feet long. Others ask \$8.50 to \$10.00 for the thing.
A Pretty Wide Seat Rocker (would cost you \$10.00 elsewhere).....75 cts
Good Folding Chairs.....25 cts
NOTE—The above articles not sold to other dealers.

We sell on the easiest and easy terms to meet our customers' convenience.

FRENCH & BASSETT,

THE MOST COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS IN MINNESOTA.

Office Supplies.

Come to us for what you need during 1898

Chamberlain & Taylor,
Book Store. 323 West Superior Street.

COMMERCIAL LIGHT AND POWER CO.

Furnish Electric Current for

Light and Power

OFFICES:
Rooms 4-5-6, 216 West Superior St.

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.
Money to Loan on Improved Property.
First National Bank Building.

SPANISH PLOT FAILED.

Gen. Aranguen, the Insurgent Officer, Was the Object.

New York, Jan. 6.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says: All Havana is talking of the frustration of a plot to kill or capture Gen. Aranguen, in which Gen. Aranguen, the Insurgent Officer, was the object. The plot was discovered by the Spanish authorities. The Spanish authorities are now in possession of the plot. The plot was discovered by the Spanish authorities. The Spanish authorities are now in possession of the plot.

It is generally asserted that the authorities made every preparation to follow Mr. King to the place of meeting and have a force on hand ample to overcome any resistance by the rebel chiefs. A train of seventeen cars filled with troops left this morning, going in the direction in which the meeting was to take place. Mr. King's first intimation of the failure of the proposed expedition was this morning, when he learned his guide was missing.

BANKING DECISION.

Supreme Court of Minnesota Decides Against a Chicago Bank.

St. Paul, Jan. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—An important banking decision was today handed down by the Minnesota supreme court. It was in the suit of the Dearborn National bank, of Chicago, against the receivers of the Bank of Minnesota, of this city, for \$25,000. At the request of the cashier of the Bank of Minnesota, the Dearborn accepted a note for \$25,000 given by a St. Paul manufacturing concern, charging the name of the account of the Bank of Minnesota, and thereupon paid that amount.

The Dearborn National sought to recover from the Bank of Minnesota, but the supreme court decided against them, holding that the Bank of Minnesota is not accountable for the money.

CATTLE MEN TO MEET.
Pendleton, Ore., Jan. 6.—Preliminary arrangements were completed for the

MARK HANNA NOW BEATEN

Hanna Men Claim to Have Gained Jones' Support While the Antis Now Claim Snyder.

ANTIS TRYING TO AGREE

Jeppha Carrard, Silver Republican, of Cincinnati, Is Now Rated as the Leading Senatorial Candidate.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 6.—The senatorial contest today changed somewhat. The anti-Hanna combine is on the defensive. As the "count of noses" stands now with the steering committee, Senator Hanna is beaten. The opposition has a majority on joint ballot of three or four on the concessions of Republican members who are supporting Hanna. The opposition claim from six to seven majority against Hanna, and that they are secretly making accessions to their ranks. The opposition is kept busy defending their ranks, as the Hanna workers are after the doubtful members constantly and are starting hot fires for some of them at their homes. The Republicans in some counties are aroused to intense indignation towards Governor Bushnell, the dissenting Republican members and others. These demonstrations have disturbed some of the Republican members who are cooperating with the Democrats. Their co-workers will be required to keep up the closest vigil for another week or more to hold their men in line. The pressure from the constituents of the dissenting Republicans is increasing every day and is likely to be overwhelming in its extent and intensity by next week.

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She Will See About It in Illinois Supreme Court.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—The appellate court today handed down an opinion in the suit of Julia McKenna against James McKenna, of the Grand Pacific hotel, who she claimed, was her husband. The decision of the lower court is reversed, the appellate court holding that the complainant is not the wife of McKenna nor entitled to a divorce. The decision of the lower court is reversed, the appellate court holding that the complainant is not the wife of McKenna nor entitled to a divorce.

STANDARD OIL ROBBERY.
Company's Safe Near Alton Blown Open—A Light Haul.

St. Louis, Jan. 6.—Burglars broke into the office of the Standard Oil company, near Alton, Ill., and stole a large quantity of money. The safe was blown open and the money was taken. The safe was blown open and the money was taken.

MORGAN BUYS IT.
New York, Jan. 6.—J. P. Morgan & Co. have purchased the majority of stock of the Susquehanna & Western railroad. It is understood that the purchase has been made in the interest of the Erie. It was learned today that a majority of the stock has been transferred.

A TENNESSEE TRAGEDY.
Bristol, Tenn., Jan. 6.—In a fit of insanity this morning, Alexander Carter, a citizen Greenville, killed his wife and 15-year-old daughter Monte, while they slept and then shot and killed himself. Carter brand his wife and daughter with an ax. He is said to have been mentally unbalanced for some time.

HANDY STILL SICK.
Washington, Jan. 6.—Admiral received by Assistant Chief, from Augusta, Ga., where Maj. Moses P. Handy, United States commissioner to Paris is lying ill, is to the effect that the commissioner has not improved since his arrival there from Washington.

MAIL ROBBERIES ESCAPE.
Milwaukee, Jan. 6.—Joseph Davis and Charles Gurney, two United States prisoners, escaped from the house of correction today. The men were convicted of robbing the mails in Chicago and were sentenced by Judge Driscoll. They made their escape by saving the bars of their cell on the third floor and letting themselves down the ground by means of an improvised rope.

STRAW FOR DURRANT.

One of His Attorneys Suddenly Appears in Washington.

Washington, Jan. 6.—Attorney Boardman, of California, is here in the interest of Theodore Durrant, with the hope of securing from Justice Brewer, of the supreme court and in charge of the Ninth circuit, a writ of error or super-seedeas which would act as a stay of proceedings which will delay Durrant's execution.

He saw Justice Brewer for a few minutes today, but without presenting the question made an engagement for a later hour. Mr. Boardman is to see Justice Brewer immediately after the adjournment of the supreme court today. He will present his appeal, referring to the proceedings of the California state supreme court and to the refusal of the United States court to entertain his application for a writ of error or super-seedeas. He will also ask for a stay of the execution, which is set for tomorrow. My action has not been identified with the case Mr. Boardman will be allowed to present the matter to the full bench of the supreme court tomorrow with the hope of getting a stay of the execution. He counts upon the three-hour difference in time between Washington and California to aid him in getting action, if any is taken, in time to save his client's life.

FATAL SALOON ROW

One Man Killed and Two Others Fatally Wounded in Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—"Kid" Murphy, a noted Chicago gambler of the "shell game" variety, was shot dead, and Frank alias "Dicky" Dean and Martin Donahue were shot, probably fatally, during a quarrel last night in a saloon at 117 North Clark street. The affair is said to be the result of a feud of months standing.

Dean and Donahue are at the Alexian Brothers' hospital. Neither is expected to live twenty-four hours. Donahue was shot in the breast, just over the heart, while Dean has a bullet in his back.

According to one of the men arrested in the saloon, at the time of the shooting, Dean and Donahue were engaged in a quarrel. Dean was the aggressor, and Donahue was the victim. Dean was shot in the breast, just over the heart, while Donahue has a bullet in his back.

Donahue is a saloonkeeper and Dean a constable. Thirteen men were arrested in the saloon at the time of the shooting. Among them being "Maj." Sampson, who was suspected of complicity in the murder of Gus Collander, during an election riot three years ago, and for which Alderman Thomas O'Malley was tried and acquitted.

The general theory as to the cause of the quarrel is that the trouble originated in Donahue's saloon about three months ago, when Murphy and his associates, Joe Kehoe, Murphy was stabbed over the eye and on his recovery blamed Donahue for causing his trouble. Murphy swore vengeance and the shooting this morning is said to be the result of the quarrel.

Mr. Hamblin is the stern center of the whole disturbance. If there was a quarrel between the two men, it was the agent of the robbery. It was an honest business transaction, Hamblin was selected as a shrewd and far-sighted agent to consummate it.

OUT OF POLITICS.
Ex-Governor Hogg Is Stuck on Texas and Stays There.

Austin, Texas, Jan. 6.—Since William J. Bryan's visit to this city, stories have been in circulation that he and ex-Gov. Hogg, of this city, have arranged for the latter to run as vice president with Bryan in 1900 and further that Governor Hogg intended moving to New York at once with a view of getting solid with Dick Croker to secure his support in his presidential race.

Today ex-Governor Hogg authorized the statement that there was no truth in any of these statements. He said that while he had been offered excellent positions in New York he would not now in the future accept any as he was too well pleased with Texas; that he was not now nor would he be a candidate for vice president, but at the proper time he would support Bob Taylor, of Tennessee, for the position. He also stated that henceforth he was out of politics save as to his personal support from an unbiased standpoint of party politics and party principles.

SENATE IS BUSY

Fergus Falls Public Building Bill and Other Measures Are Passed.

ROAST FOR SCHURZ

Grosvenor in House Punctures the Political Record of Mr. Schurz.

Washington, Jan. 6.—In the senate Mr. Allen of Nebraska called up, and the senate passed the bill providing for the holding of a congress of the representatives of the different Indian tribes of the United States at Omaha in 1898. Some amendments to the bill were made. Also the bill appropriating \$175,000 for a public building at Fergus Falls, Minn., was passed. Senator Gray explained that Miss Clara Barton, several years ago asked that the insignia of the Red Cross society be protected from those who would use it for commercial or perhaps fraudulent purposes. Under threat of entering into a majority of the civilized nations of the world the sign of the Red Cross is known as an insignia of the Red Cross society. Other nations had protected the insignia and the United States sought to protect it.

After some routine business the senate, on motion of Mr. Quay, went into executive session.

CIVIL SERVICE DEBATE.
House Takes Up the Question Again and Hears Speeches.

Washington, Jan. 6.—The house today promptly resumed the debate on the civil service question and Mr. Grosvenor took the floor with an elaborate speech in opposition to the law. In opening Mr. Grosvenor declared his leadership of the anti-civil service reform forces and any purpose to speak for any office of the government, executive, legislative or judicial. "All efforts to a nangle me in a collision with the president," he said, "seem so much powder. If I believed that my relations to the executive would be changed or modified because I differ with him in any representative capacity I would despise him as he would despise me if I differed in my convictions."

Mr. Grosvenor said he had watched with admiration the president's public career and one of his most prominent characteristics had always been that he not only did not demand subservience but despised a man who sought favors by sycophancy. Mr. Grosvenor proceeded to pay his respects to the National Civil Service Reform league, and to Carl Schurz, its president. He denounced unpardonably those who sought to rid the Republican party of those who believed in the repeal of the civil service law.

With vitriolic language he assailed the political career of Mr. Schurz, which he characterized as the "cheeked" spotted, spotted career of a man who betrayed every party and duty to which he was bound and whose betrayers had been his only stock in trade in the arena of politics.

He traced Mr. Schurz's political history and defied any one to point out a place in the trail which was not tainted with political corruption. Yet, he said, this was the man who with other "trait" political demagogues at Cincinnati, under the name of the National Civil Service league had denounced him and those who thought with him on this question. He read the resolutions adopted at the Cincinnati meeting branding them as infamous beyond description.

Mr. Grosvenor also denounced George William Curtis and other high priests of civil service reform, who had been traitors to the Republican party, and argued that as Mr. Cleveland extended the civil service system, he was not bound by the platform as regarding these extensions. He warned Republicans that the people were overlooking the past.

Mr. Johnson, of Indiana, followed Mr. Grosvenor with an elaborate argument in defense of the merit system. Mr. Johnson and his colleague, Mr. Landis, had a hot cross fire of debate and the galleries so persistently applauded the latter's opposition to the merit system that the chief of the hall suspended debate and admonish the galleries that demonstrations must cease.

A DEAD ROBBER.

Found Under a Railway Trestle Near St. Louis.

St. Louis, Jan. 6.—Charles Dayton, who is supposed to have lived at 115 Fourth avenue, New York, was found dead under a railway trestle, across Cahokia creek in East St. Louis, Ill., today. He is supposed to be one of two robbers who were thrown from an Illinois Central train last night after attempting to rob a passenger in the smoking car. The two men got out of the train at East St. Louis, just as it was pulling out from the depot and took a seat at the back of the smoking car and was going at high speed the men arose and approached a prosperous looking man who sat about the middle of the car. They asked him to change a bill and when he drew a roll of money from his pocket for that purpose one of the robbers grabbed it. In the fight that followed between the robbers and passengers, one of the former jumped from the train and the other was hurled to the ground. The conductor was informed of the robbery, but did not stop the train. Only \$12 was secured by the robbers.

Dayton, who was identified by a memoranda found in his pocket, is supposed to have been formerly a property man for some theatrical company.

NEW YORK'S POLICE CHIEF.
New York, Jan. 6.—The police commissioner today appointed Acting Chief McCullagh as chief of police of this city.

ANTI-SCALPER BILL.

Interstate Commerce Committee Listening to Arguments.

Washington, Jan. 6.—The interstate commerce committee today resumed its hearing on the anti-scalper bill. The committee heard the testimony of the American Ticket Brokers' association, which said it had received affidavits from a number of ticket brokers affirming its statement that the brokers had secured 95 per cent of the tickets sold by them from the railroad company. When Senator Cullom asked for names, Mr. McKenna replied that to answer would be a breach of confidence. While he considered the question proper still he declined to name the companies except under a subpoena. In that case he would respond, but he did not want to break faith. E. J. Thiele of the Illinois Commercial Men's association opposed the bill as unjust, claiming that the owner of a railroad ticket should be allowed to dispose of it as he might see fit as would the owner of any other commodity.

Senator Wolcott made the point that no honest honorable man would give a ticket to a non-transferable ticket. Mr. Thiele said he had known of men whom he believed to be honest doing that thing. He said that what the traveling man wanted was a uniform flat \$20-mile rate.

P. E. Dowe, of New York, president of the Commercial Travelers' National association, also appeared in antagonism to the bill. William F. King, president of the Merchants' association of New York, spoke for the bill. He said he had fought the railroad for years and would continue to fight until proper rates should be secured. He was opposed to discrimination, however, and favored the pending bill. He characterized as forgery the dealings in railroad tickets which was being opposed to the constitution of the United States. He did not believe, he said, in a course that would save \$1 at the expense of the crime of forgery. He said there were very few things that would employ a man as a traveler who would deal with ticket brokers.

A MILLION ROBBERY.

American Express Company Suffers an Enormous Loss in New York City.

New York, Jan. 6.—The Evening Telegram prints a report, which has not been verified, that the American Express company was robbed last night of \$1,000,000, which had been given it for transportation. The money is said to have been taken from one of its cars in its through Western express while the train was being made up in the yards at Forty-eighth street. The officers who had been advised of such a robbery refused to talk regarding the robbery. The money was said to have been in bags ready to be given to the Western express leaves the Grand Central yards at 8.15. It goes through Chicago, traveling about 100 miles in immediate cities. There were eleven cars in this train, which usually carries ten. Large sums of money and baggage are sent West on this train. According to the report received by the Telegram, clerks found the money bags when they reached their car. The robbers had evidently been watching the method of handling money shipped on this train for some time.

At the office of the president of the American Express company, an Associated Press reporter was told that no robbery of any kind had been heard of. The reporter of how the robbery of the truth of the story, merely confining himself to the statement that he had not been advised of such a robbery.

The story as printed by the Evening Telegram was denied at all accessible sources of information. It was learned, however, that a detective at the branch office of the company, had today seized five dollars for cash and a bill for \$1,000,000. The money was found in the hands of a man who was not identified. The man was not identified. The man was not identified.

CHICAGO'S POLICE FORCE.
Illinois Legislature Resolves to Give Them a Lexow.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 6.—A caucus of the Republican members of the senate decided upon an investigation of the Chicago police. A resolution providing that the president of the senate appoint a Lexow committee of seven was adopted, 28 to 2.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.
St. Louis, Jan. 6.—The election of officers of the Merchants' exchange resulted as follows: President, Chris Sharp; first vice president, Henry H. Wernse; second vice president, Oscar L. Whitford; directors, Henry F. Pennington, Benjamin F. Horn, Eugene Field, P. W. Hoffman, Adrian DeYoung.

AN ARMY WEDDING.

St. Louis, Jan. 6.—Lieut. Dwight Edward Auttman, of the Second artillery, now stationed at Fort Adams, near Keyport, N. J., was married last night to Miss Alma Hiecock, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Hiecock.

The wedding took place at the residence of the bride. The bride party consisted of a company of friends. The wedding was a very quiet affair. The bride and groom were married by Rev. C. E. Hiecock, of Columbia, Mo. The bride and groom were married by Rev. C. E. Hiecock, of Columbia, Mo.

Intrepid Insurgent Leader Thinks the Long Struggle Is Nearly Ended.

AN ARMY WEDDING.
Vancouver Barracks, Wash., Jan.
Lieut. Robert Hatten, Fourteenth

**It is Quite Liberally Modelled
After the Report of Mon-
etary Commission.**

SUFFEL & CO,

**The Genuine never falls.
It can always be rolled on.
Used Internally and Externally.**

headache and nervousness. It is an admirable appetizer and promoter of sleep, hastens convalescence, and counteracts the infirmities of age.

**Passes the Old Michigan
Will Go to Naval
Militia.**

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Largest package—greatest economy.
THE N. K. FAIRBANK CO.
 St. Louis. New York.

Evening Herald. Dec-9-16-23-30- Duluth
3. Jan-6-12

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oston. Philadelphia.

Attorney for Plaintiff
 Evening Herald, Dec-9-16-23-30-

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 7, 1898.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

TWO CENTS.

January's Great Discount Sale.

'Tis the greatest sale of our Clothing ever begun. An immense stock must change hands to fully accomplish our end. It surpasses the great discount sale of last year in better clothing and lower prices.

**All our Men's Clothing Included,
All our Boys' Clothing Included,
All our Hats and Caps Included,
All our Shoes, Arctics and Rubbers Included, All our Furnishing Goods Included** (E. & W. Collars and Cuffs alone excepted).
15 to 50 per cent off any of them without reserve.

We let the old prices stand all over the house. The discount is easily figured. The saving is from 15 per cent on staple furnishings to 50 per cent on winter clothing. It is the time to buy for now and future needs. There's no limit as to how long the sale will continue. We reserve the right to close it any day. Terms strictly cash to all.

WILLIAMSON & MENDEL
125-127 West Superior Street.

COMMERCIAL LIGHT AND POWER CO.

Furnish Electric Current for

Light and Power

OFFICES:

Rooms 4-5-6, 216 West Superior St.

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes,
Money to Loan on Improved Property. First National Bank Building.

ANTI-SCALPING BILL.

Representations of Ticket Brokers Said to Be False.

Washington, Jan. 7.—George H. Daniels, general passenger agent of the New York Central, was the first witness today before the senate interstate commerce committee in its hearing upon the anti-scalping bill. He supported the bill and said the railroad companies would not make any effort to resist the ticket brokers but for the fact that the representations made by the ticket brokers were false. He represented, he said, not only the New York Central, but practically all the lines of consequence in the country. He presented specimen forged tickets sold by brokers, which represented, according to his claim, a loss of at least \$30,000 to the railroads east of Chicago.

PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS.

McKinley Sends Another Batch of Names to the Senate.

Washington, Jan. 7.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Treasurer—Henry K. Boyer, of Pennsylvania, to be superintendent of the mint of the United States at Philadelphia; Robert G. Pearce, surveyor of customs, port of New York; Charles Wright, collector of internal revenue for the first district of Michigan; James H. Stone, to be appraiser of merchandise in the district of Detroit, Mich.

State—Kavanaugh H. Kennedy, of Mississippi, to be consul of the United States at Para, Brazil; W. H. Graham, of Indiana, to be consul at Winnipeg, Minn.

Postmasters—Michigan, Melvin A. Bates, Grayling; W. S. Hudson, Ludington; Frank L. Irwin, Albion; Calvin Palmer, Manistee; William H. Hatton, Northville; George W. Barr, Traverse City; Charles F. Brown, Alma; Alfred Milnes, Cobleskill; Aaron R. Wheeler, St. Louis; Fred E. Moffat, Stanton; Henry Clark, South Grand Rapids.

THOMAS CYRUS HANGED.

Colored Georgia Woman Murderer Jerked Into Eternity.

Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 7.—Thomas Cyrus was hanged here at 11:40. The noose slipped from behind his ears and death resulted from strangulation. He made no statement whatever on the gallows.

The crime for which Tom Cyrus, colored, was hanged today was the murder of Annie Johnson, a negro woman, who was employed at the home of Governor Atkinson as a domestic. The murder was committed on the night of June 2 last in a little cottage on Bell street in the city. Cyrus was "infatuated" with the woman, who had been his mistress for some time. On the evening of June 2 he went to Annie Johnson's home and found another negro man in his room. Cyrus asked for an explanation and failing to receive a satisfactory answer he coolly drew his pistol and shot the woman. She lingered until the next day.

CHARGED WITH ARSON.
New Haven, Conn., Jan. 7.—The case of Capt. George Hodgden, proprietor of the Tremont house, this city, and the Haines house of Springfield, Mass., who with Frederick Cooke was recently arrested on a charge of alleged arson with intent to endanger life in the attempted burning of the Hotel Tontine on Christmas morning, came up in the police

court here today. The complaints of arson with intent to endanger life were noted and Capt. Hodgden and Cooke were rearrested on charges alleging arson. Bail was fixed at \$4000.

AN UNKNOWN QUANTITY.

Democrats and Bolting Republicans Organize Maryland House.

Annapolis, Md., Jan. 7.—Louis Schaefer, who was elected speaker of the house of delegates on the first ballot today by a union of the Democrats with eleven bolting Republicans. It is not known what effect Schaefer's election will have on the senate.

TO PREVENT ABUSE.

Important Order Regarding Dead and Down Chippewa Reservation Timber.

Washington, Jan. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The commissioner of the general land office today issued an order forbidding the making of contracts for dead and down timber on Chippewa reservations, other than the timber in that class in the present time.

The commissioner says that the order was issued in order that no attempt may be made to frustrate or mutilate or harm the standing timber. He says that no accusation has been made that this is being done, but the order is made as a precaution against possible abuse of the privilege.

NO DAMAGES FOR OVERFLOW.

Bill Affecting Lands at the Mississippi's Head Waters.

Washington, Jan. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Stewart of Wisconsin today introduced a bill providing that the lands at the headwaters of the Mississippi in Minnesota shall remain subject to the right of the United States to construct dams thereon, and that no claim for compensation for damages arising from such overflow shall be allowed. The secretary of war is requested to furnish a list of the lands to the commissioner of the general land office.

Senator Nelson's bill to restore lands at the headwaters of the Mississippi and St. Croix rivers, which were reserved for reserve purposes, to the public domain, was favorably reported from the senate public land committee today.

COAL MINERS' CONVENTION.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 7.—The miners' convention today went on record in favor of a differential between Ohio and Pittsburgh low coal fields. They released members who are preachers from dues, refused to adopt an 8-hour record, and demanded an advance on the present scale of prices, three-fifths of the price of pick mining to be allowed for machine mining.

SIMON HOPKINS HANGED.
St. Louis, Jan. 7.—A special to the Post Dispatch from Bainbridge, Ga., says Simon Hopkins, colored, was hanged here at 11:30 today. He made a confession to the effect that he inveigled a friend named Harris into a swamp and killed him.

DURRANT HANGED AT SAN QUENTIN

The Murderer of Blanche Lamont and Minnie Williams Expiated His Crime on the Gallows.

HE DIED VERY BRAVELY

His Neck Was Broken By the Drop—Died Protesting His Innocence of the Crime.

San Quentin Prison, Cal., Jan. 7.—Theodore Durrant was executed at 10:37 this morning in the state penitentiary. He ascended the scaffold calmly, following Father Lagan, who administered to his spiritual wants, he having been baptized into the Catholic faith earlier in the day. He made a brief speech, in quiet tones, asserting his innocence and forgiving those who had persecuted him, mentioning especially the press of San Francisco. His last words were: "I am innocent."

After the drop Durrant did not struggle. In fifteen minutes he was cut down, when it was found the neck was broken by the fall. His death appeared to be painless.

SCENE ON THE SCAFFOLD.

Durrant Made a Short Speech From the Gallows.

San Quentin, Cal., Jan. 7.—At 10:25 a. m. the gates of the prison had closed on the last man who was to witness the hanging. The crowd had gathered in the cold bare room adjoining the place of execution, but not until nearly 10:30 sharp did the iron doors that separated the scaffold from the condemned



THEODORE DURRANT.

apartment swing to admit the visitors. The ceremony was very simple. The audience had no sooner entered the room than a silence fell upon the gathering. The door of the condemned cell closed and in a fraction of a minute thereafter Warden Hale entered closely followed by Father Lagan, the priest stepped aside and Durrant, in a voice emotionless and apparently untroubled, made a short speech.

There was no scene at the gallows. Mrs. Durrant did not witness the execution. She remained in a room in the lower part of the prison and showed unmistakable signs of grief, tempered with a dogged desire to create the impression that she was too proud to weep.

Durrant died protesting to the last his innocence of the murder of Blanche Lamont and Minnie Williams. He maintained to the very end the same marvelous composure and nerve which characterized him throughout his long imprisonment and many trials and demonstrated that he was indeed the criminal of the century. His farewell words were spoken in a subdued but clear voice, which by his calmness and freedom from passion or emotion caused many heads to turn away and many eyes to fill with tears. He forgave his enemies with no trace of concealed resentment and proclaimed his innocence with the calmness of one asserting an indubitable truth. He was the least affected of any of the many people who witnessed the death scene and even after the drop he quivered not nor gave other evidence of having suffered pain.

THE FALL OF THE TRAP.

Solemn Closing Scenes Witnessed by the Condemned's Father.

San Quentin, Cal., Jan. 7.—At 10:24 the fall door that guards the threshold of the gallows room swung open, and the little party conducting Durrant to the gallows entered. Father Lagan led, draped in surplice and chanting the prayers for the dying. Durrant, his father, a friend, Warden Hale and the guards followed. The father and his friend left the party and walked around the gallows to the front, while the condemned man and his escort climbed the three steps that led to the platform and the waiting trap.

At last Theodore Durrant stood upon the gallows. He gave no sign of weakness. His light figure was as erect as though it had been his marriage morning. The broad leather strap that bound his arms to his sides allowed his wrists some play, and his fingers rested lightly on the strap. Five minutes later, when his body was swiveling like a pendulum beneath the trap, his fingers, now all blue and chilled looking, still rested where he had placed them as he left the cell. Instantly upon arriving upon the gallows the rope was knotted about his neck. The murderer held his chin high

in the air to make room for the stiff new line, knotted in the peculiar fashion of the hangman.

By an unusual privilege, the condemned man was permitted to wear a low collar, opening in front, and a white satin tie. His face was pale, but it was the face of a man who, knowing that he has a momentous thing to do, is resolved to do it like a man. The rope was about his neck, and the hangman turned to get the black cap, when the erect head turned, and Durrant whispered a request to be allowed to speak. It was granted.

Then, with his feet on the trap, the cord about his throat tied fast to the cross beam on the gallows, the holy water of his baptism in the Catholic church on his head, he spoke these final words: "I desire to say that although I am an innocent man, innocent of every crime that has been charged against me, I bear no animosity towards those that have persecuted me, not even the press of San Francisco which hounded me to the grave. If any man thinks I am going to spring a sensation—I am not, except it is a sensation that I am an innocent man brought to the grave by my persecutors. I forgive them all. They will get their justice from the great God who is master of us all and there also I expect to get justice that is justice for an innocent man. Whether or not the perpetrators of the crime of which I am charged are discovered, it will make no difference to me now, but I say this day will be a shame to the great state of California. I forgive everybody who has persecuted me, an innocent man, whose hands have never stained with blood, and I go to meet my God with forgiveness for all men."

Durrant began to speak at 10:34 and ceased at 10:38. He delivered his few sentences at times porting his head and making small protestations of his innocence in a low sing-song voice growing slightly vehement as it rose. But he was not guilty of the crime for which he had been sent to the gallows.

His father, who stood with reddened though tearless eyes on the floor in front of his son, moved back the nearest of bystanders as though fearful they should fall in respect to one so near his heartily. But that the father's breathless and curious, was not exultant, was not a mob, and no sound of approval or disapproval was heard. The speaker, nor disturbed the ghastly proceedings. Durrant finished calmly with a falling voice.

The guards, impatient for their task, for the suspense was harder on them than the execution, drew the same cap over his head. As the descending cap covered his face there was no change in the expression of the man, who almost in the same instant was dead. Hardly was the cap adjusted when the body had quivered with its loud rattle, the body dropped, there was the sound of the rugging of the rope as it rose taut under the weight of the body, and that was all. A vibration or two and the body hung at the end of the hemp motionless.

The elder Durrant gazed at the proceedings until that moment, then his head fell forward upon the shoulders of young Synthe, Durrant's clerk, and he buried his face and the expression of his grief from the sight of men.

The doctors gathered about the suspended body listened for the respiration and watched the pulse. In just eleven minutes and twenty seconds all life had ceased, and the Durrant case was ended. The physicians detected no respiration after the drop. During the first second after the drop, the pulse registered 67 to 69; during the seventh second 36 to 38; and in the tenth second 30. The body with the cap on was placed in a black pine box. Later the cap was removed, and the corpse enclosed in a casket provided by the family.

Mrs. Durrant did not witness the execution. She remained with her son until 10:15, fifteen minutes before the end. She watched Father Lagan baptize her son, and was then led, weeping, out of the prison by two guards. She remained in the grounds until all was over, and then departed. The coffin, with the contents, was taken immediately to San Francisco by an undertaker.

HIS LAST TOILET.

Durrant Eats Heartily and Bid His Parents Farewell.

San Quentin Prison, Cal., Jan. 7.—When Durrant awoke at 6:30 this morning he was apparently refreshed by his night's sleep, which had been sound and peaceful throughout the night. His last night upon earth had been one of excitement, as he had been visited by his parents, a minister and some newspaper men for some hours, and did not retire until midnight, half an hour after his mother had left him. Immediately after he awoke he had his guards good morning and without the slightest trace of nervousness proceeded to dress in the clothing provided for his last appearance. It consisted of a neat-fitting suit of black, but to avoid the necessity of removing them Warden Hale had not



SATURDAY!

The big day for little things at little prices. A congregation of the most wonderful bargains and inducements you ever saw. Remember the Big Store remains open until 10 p. m. Saturday.

INCANDESCENT GAS LAMPS.



Half Your Gas Bill Saved.

Besides getting the entire outfit for less money than ever before offered.

Our Prices:
Lamps, complete, as shown 75c
In lots of one-half doz or more, per doz. \$8.50
Extra mantles, each 25c
Extra Shades, (as cut) 15c
Extra Chimneys, each 10c

Every one of them guaranteed equal in quality to any in the market—and superior to many.

Spring Gingham

On Bargain Counter No. 4—We will offer one case of new spring Gingham in manufacturers' remnants, worth 10c—Saturday. 5c

36-in Percales

On Bargain Counter No. 5. A big lot of 36-in Percales in short lengths, worth up to 12 1/2c—Saturday. 6c

Millinery Dept.

Our entire stock of Trimmed Hats for Ladies—Saturday at Half Price.



Ladies' Gloves
Ladies'

Kid Mitts. A big lot of odds and ends, all kinds, all colors, worth from 75c up to \$1.25—Saturday. 49c

Dress Goods Dept.
25c—Have you seen the wool and silk mixtures we are offering at 25c—others think them cheap at 40c—our price. 25c

Bargain Counter No. 1
Has suited and counter-mussed Underwear and Children's Dresses; also a big lot of Ladies' Shirt Waists. See them.

Bargain Counter No. 2
Has Laces at 10c and 15c. Embroideries at 5c and 10c. All worth three and four times the prices asked.

Stationery Dept.
Crane's Superfine Envelopes. Sold by us usually at 25c a package, special 10c

Fine Box Paper.
Regular price 65c and 75c per box; while they last, special 35c

Bond Paper and Envelopes.
For foreign correspondence, octavo and commercial sizes, regular price 18c per quire and 18c per package; special each 10c

Pocket-books.
Ladies' Fine Combination Pocketbooks in several colored leathers, plain and with plate for monogram, regular value 65c, special 42c

"STANDARD" DAIRIES FOR 1898.
1898 CALENDARS HALF PRICE.

Customers Take Notice.
Commencing Monday Morning, January 10th, we will hold an annual Sale of White Goods, Sheetings, Muslins, Linens, Muslim Underwear, Collars and Cuffs, Men's Unlaundered Shirts, Embroideries, Wash Fabrics, etc. Watch the Tribune Sunday.

NOTIONS.

Money-saving items—every one of them. Here are prices that are not matched in Duluth:

Dress Stays.

One set of 9 Stays, any color, you pay us usually 15c, special 7c

Dress Buttons.

A fine assortment to select from; our regular 15c, 20c and 25c goods, at, per dozen, special 5c

Corset Clasps.

In black, drab or white; 5-hook; the regular 8c clasp; special 4c

Pins.

One paper of good 4c Pins, at, special 2c

Cotton Tape.

One package of 6 pieces, assorted widths, worth 10c, at, special 4c

Batting Cotton.

One large spool— 1c

Curling Irons.

Small or large, worth 5c each—special 3c

Velveteen Skirt Facing.

Full two inches wide, fast black; worth 5c per yard, special 3c

Button Hole Twist.

Worth 2 1/2c per spool; special, 6c spools for 5c

Bone Hair Pins.

In black, amber and shell; regular price 5c; special 2 for 5c

Kid Curlers.

Short, medium and long, worth 6c, 8c and 10c per package; now any size; special 5c

Mourning Pins.

Regular price 2c per box; special 1c

New Home Linen

Thread, all sizes, black only, worth 3c per spool, special, 2 for 3c

Silk Hat Elastic.

Worth 5c per yard, special— 2c

Millwards Needles.

Sold the world over at 5c per paper, special 3c

Hair Pins.

The finest imported Wire Hair Pin in the world; our regular 5c brand, special, 2 for 5c

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Druggists Sundries....

Some Startlers for Saturday—

Dairy Queen Complex Soap, sold everywhere at 5c per cake, special per box, 3 cakes. 10c

Coconut Butter Soap, one of Jas. J. Kirk's best 10c soaps, special per box, 3 cakes. 20c

Williams' Barber Bar Soap, regular price 10c per cake, special per cake 5c

Richard Hudnut's Perfume in four odors, regular price 75c per ounce, special per ounce 45c

Tooth Brushes, a fine imported 4-row tooth brush, sold by us at 25c, special 15c

Pinaud's Hair Tonic, the celebrated "Eau de Quinine," sold by some at \$1.00 per bottle, special 55c

Pozzoni's Toilet Powder, regular price 50c, special 31c

Witch Hazel, one pint bottle, regular price 25c, special 17c

Liebig's Beef, Iron and Wine, worth 50c per bottle, special 25c

Cuticura Resolvent, regular price \$1.00, special 69c

Cuticura Salve, regular price 50c, special 35c

Hospital Tonic, regular price 25c, special 17c

Ammonia, regular price 10c per bottle, special 7c

Machine Oil, regular price 5c, special 3c

"Household" Water Bottle. The "Household" hot water-bottle is the best in the world, it is made of the very best stock, and is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction. The regular price is \$1.00, we will sell 5 dozen of these bottles Saturday at, each. 59c

Silverware Department.

Odds and ends of standard lines carried over from the holidays at CUT PRICES.

Rogers & Hamilton's Tea Spoons. Usually sold at \$1.50 per set, special 98c

Rogers & Hamilton's Dessert Spoons. Regular price \$2.50 per set, special \$1.50

Rogers & Hamilton's Table Spoons. Regular price \$2.75 per set, special \$1.75

Rogers & Hamilton's Forks. Regular price \$2.25 per set, special \$1.75

Butter Knife and Sugar Shell. In lined boxes, extra plate, regular price 75c, special 49c

Napkin Rings. Assorted patterns, worth 75c each, special each 49c

WHEAT ADVANCED

Gain of Over One Cent Recorded on the Duluth Board.

THE CABLES HIGHER

Receipts Light, Cold Wave Predicted and Large Clearances Expected.

Wheat started out weak today, owing to the cables reporting weakness at Liverpool and Paris, but it soon began to firm up, and under the influence of bullish news, the strength of cash wheat here, the May option steadily advanced, although there was very little trading on the Duluth board. The receipts were light, the stocks of wheat and flour in Europe and abroad were reported 25,000 less than a year ago, closing cables were higher, a cold wave in the north was predicted, and large export clearances were expected. May wheat opened at 1.15 1/2, and closed at 1.16 1/2. The market was quiet, with a few trades in the morning, but no trading in the afternoon. The market was quiet, with a few trades in the morning, but no trading in the afternoon.

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Opening Was Weak But Soon Succeeded By Strength.

Chicago, Jan. 7.—Wheat was the focus of much activity at the opening in what today was a quiet market. The market was quiet, with a few trades in the morning, but no trading in the afternoon. The market was quiet, with a few trades in the morning, but no trading in the afternoon.

The strength of the market developed from several matters. Duluth cash wheat was reported to be 1/2 cent higher than within ten minutes of the opening. The market was quiet, with a few trades in the morning, but no trading in the afternoon. The market was quiet, with a few trades in the morning, but no trading in the afternoon.

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Export Volume Keeps Up,

But wheat is easier on the disposition of "the talent" to "hammer prices." Letter is holding the wheat for a price—said to be about 10 cents over May. The reduction by the Russian government, of freight rates on wheat and flour from Russia to the United States, has been a factor in the market. The market was quiet, with a few trades in the morning, but no trading in the afternoon. The market was quiet, with a few trades in the morning, but no trading in the afternoon.

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ONE CENT A WORD.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP. GIRL WANTED AT ONCE 123 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL. FOR HOUSEWORK. 214 East Third street.

WANTED—ONE RESTAURANT. GIRL WANTED AT ONCE 123 West Second street.

WANTED—TWO SALESMEN. SALARY AND COMMISSION. 214 East Third street.

WANTED—FOUR SHINGLE KNOT SAWYERS. 214 East Third street.

WANTED—AGENTS. AGENTS WANTED TO SELL SPECIALLY SELECTED GOODS.

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RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Leave Duluth. Daily. Except Sunday. Arrive Duluth.

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Leave Duluth. Daily. Except Sunday. Arrive Duluth.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

The Power of Low Prices is the Daylight, Truth and Shining Reality of our stock.

For Tomorrow,

Saturday, we will offer some exceptionally Great Suit Values.....

\$7.50

The cloth is every fibre pure wool. The linings are strong and fine. The sewing and finish are good as can be, while the style is absolutely perfect.

A very large variety of patterns and colors including blue, black and fancy mixed cassimeres and chevots. No use telling you how much more than \$7.50 they are worth, you can judge that when you see them, but we guarantee a saving of from \$2.50 to \$4.00 over any other store.

We are offering Extraordinary Bargains in Men's Overcoats and Ulsters at \$10.00, \$12.50 and \$15.00

Boys' Dept.

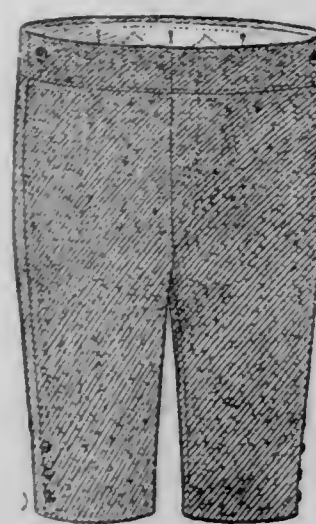
Special Values for Tomorrow.

38 Boys' 2-piece Suits, made of all wool
Cheviots and Cassimeres, a large variety of patterns in stripes, checks and mixtures, brown and gray effects, sewed with silk and well finished, pants made with patent extension waist band and reinforced seats and knees, good value at \$4, ages 5 to 15. Price..... **\$2.45**

25 Boys' 2-piece Suits, genuine Dickey
Cashmere, strictly all wool and fast colors, sewed with linen and silk thread, pants made with double seats and knees, warranted not to rip, 20 different styles in light and dark greys and browns; for a good school suit they will outwear many lines sold at \$5.00, ages 5 to 15. Price..... **\$3.00**

28 Boys' Double Breasted Blue Chinchilla
Reefers, in sizes 3 to 8, made with storm collar, military buttons, fancy linings, seal or gray, trimmed with braid Soutache, regular \$4.00 quality. Special low price..... **\$2.95**

35 Boys' Double Breasted Irish Frieze and Chinchilla Reefers, in black and Oxford gray, for boys 7 to 15, high storm collars, plain worsted linings, extra well finished, will cost you \$7.00 elsewhere. Special low price..... **\$4.95**



50 pairs superior quality Cheviot
Knee Pants, fast color, sewed with best linen thread, warranted not to rip, reinforced seat and knees, in blue, black and dark gray colors, ages 4 to 16; price..... **50c**

Boys' Sweaters, plain turtle-neck, sailor collar, and Fauntleroy styles, blue, red, black and green colors; also fancy combinations in stripes; sizes 24 to 34. Price..... **50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50**

FREE—With ever \$5.00 purchase or over we make you absolutely free, a life size or miniature portrait in Sepia, Salt or Water Color. See the samples in our window.

M. S. BURROWS, Clothier, Hatter, Furnisher and Shoet.

JOEL WILL NOT BEHAVE.
Young Carlson's Father Brings Him Up Again.

Joel Carlson, the boy of 12, who was indicted at the last term of district court for robbing a toy bank of \$12 or thereabouts, and who upon pleading guilty was let off on suspended sentence and a promise to be a good boy, has been before the court again. His father brought him up before Judge Cant Wednesday and stated that he was unable to do anything with him. He asked that the court place him in the hands of the state and let it run him through a course of sprouts in one of the state institutions for the training of refractory specimens of moral obliquity. Judge Cant sentenced him to the reform school at Red Wing and there he went this morning in company with Deputy Sheriff V. A. Dash.

IS IN FAVOR OF IT.
City Engineer McGilvray Is a Friend of Purchase.

Thomas F. McGilvray, city engineer, in an interview today, denied that he ever said anything to J. H. Brigham which would lead him to believe that he was opposed to the purchase of the Duluth Gas and Water company's plant, as intimated by that gentleman in a speech delivered before the West Duluth Business Men's association last night. On the contrary, Mr. McGilvray is in favor of purchase. The city engineer also said that there is no danger of the pipes of the water plant bursting when they are connected with the new reservoir now in course of construction. He said the new reservoir is only five feet higher than the old one, and that the

increased fall would add but little to the force of the water.

New Trial Denied.
Judge Lochren has denied the motion for a new trial in the case of George A. Smith vs. Duluth & Iron Range railroad, in which a verdict of \$4000 was awarded against the railroad company. The company sought to obtain a new trial on the ground that the plaintiff gave testimony that was false and perjured. Judge Lochren holds that it is the jury's province to pass upon the credibility of witnesses, and that for the court to say that Smith perjured himself would be an unwarranted invasion of the jury's rights. The company was not taken by surprise, he said, for Smith gave substantially the same evidence at both trials of the case. He finds, too, that the verdict was not excessive, and therefore denies the motion.

Next Week's Ice Carnival.
Members of the Duluth Boat club met last evening and arranged for the ice carnival to be given for the benefit of the club at the Union rink next Friday evening. A committee consisting of B. M. Peyton, D. R. McLennan, W. C. Sargent, F. E. Thompson, F. W. Heimick and Guy Calhoun was appointed to have charge of the arrangements. The carnival will be made as elaborate as possible and a great many skaters are expected to be out in costume.

Auction, Auction, Auction of Horses, Horses, Horses.
Two carloads of heavy logging horses will be sold at auction to highest bidder, for cash. No sham sale; everything goes. In rear of St. James hotel, Saturday, Jan. 8, 2 p. m. sharp. DULUTH VAN CO., 212 West Superior street.

COUNTY EXPENSES

Annual Statement Is Now Being Prepared By County Auditor Halden.

SHOWING IS GOOD

Miller Road Expenses Raise Total But Others Were Decreased.

County Auditor Halden's force of clerks is engaged in preparing the annual statement of the finances of St. Louis county. It is not yet prepared, but enough of it is done to show that in many ways expenses have been cut considerably below last year. The total expenses were \$355,671.69, as compared with \$388,763.21 last year. This shows the expenditures to have been greater in 1907 than last, but this is accounted for by the expenditures from the Miller road fund, which amounted to \$102,631.50, as compared with \$166,084.96 last year. In this fund salaries of county officers were cut from \$60,270.32 in 1896 to \$57,050.25 in 1897; district court expenses were shaved from \$50,881.73 in 1896 to \$47,412.02 in 1897; and the municipal court of Duluth reduced its cost from \$444.98 in 1896 to \$400.63 last year.

The poor fund shows even a larger cut than was exhibited in the preliminary figures given in The Herald last Saturday. The expenditures from this fund were \$39,997.12 as against \$55,997.55 a year ago, a cut of over \$16,000. The special road fund was cut from \$55,067.27 to \$26,131.33. The new road fund was not in existence in 1896 and the expenditures last year were \$102,631.50, of which \$77,772.72 went into the Miller road fund and the balance into other county roads. The bond interest and sinking funds took up the balance of the expenditures for last year, and they were about the same, with the exception that the new road fund cost \$5940 for interest and sinking.

THE SALTER FUND.

Knights of Maccabees at Tower Subscribe Ten Dollars to the Fund.

The Herald yesterday turned over to the treasurer of the Salter memorial fund the sum of \$250.50 received on the subscriptions to the fund, of which the following acknowledgment has been made: "Duluth, Minn., Jan. 6, 1898.—Received of the Duluth Evening Herald, fifty cents (\$250.50), being contributions received by The Evening Herald for the C. C. Salter Memorial Fund from Dec. 28, 1897, to Jan. 5, 1898."

"RECORD KEEPER."
The following are the contributions to date: Previously acknowledged \$1,479.75; Tower tent No. 7, K. O. T. M. 10.00; Received by News Tribune 50.00; Emma Moore 1.00; George K. Swan 1.00; R. S. Cowden 1.00; Total \$1,493.25

DRAWING MORE JURORS.
List of Four Hundred Names Is Nearly Exhausted.

The draft of 400 names for grand and petit jury service made after the existing law last March is nearly exhausted, and if there is any necessity of special venirees for the jury term that begins next Monday it will run out completely. Most of those that remain are on the ranges, for the reason that they have been needed the officers draw out names of local residents, and they may be brought into court readily. That is why the officers the law provides that the list of 100 names for jury duty during last term. If they are needed, and during the next term. After that the list of 100 will be drawn. Those who were engaged in this work this morning were Judge Cant, Judge Ayer, Auditor Halden and Clerk Owens.

Rustgard Is Confident.
Assistant City Attorney Rustgard says that he feels sure that the supreme court will sustain the city in the appeal in the case of Manager Marsh of the Lyceum, who was convicted in the municipal court of running a theater without a license and fined.

Mr. Rustgard said that the supreme court would not hear him in behalf of the city, the court stating that it would not be necessary to present any arguments for the appellee.

The Poultry Show.
The poultry show will close tonight. The attendance was large again last evening, the largest of any day during the show. Today is ladies' day. Coupon number 1211 won the pair of fowls yesterday.

Thomas Michael took the first and second prizes on cocker spaniels and English bull terriers in the dog show. Edward Quinn's coach dog took first prize, and Mr. Moore's the second; Louis Rietz's Great Dane got first prize, and J. L. Travers' fox terrier also took a first prize.

Still They Come.
Another carload of pure, sparkling Solon spring water arrived at the head of the lakes this morning. Send orders to 125 East First street. Phone 484.

For sale, nine shares of Duluth Imperial Mill stock. 717 Torrey building.

RATHBUN'S CASH GROCERY,

21 East Superior Street. Tel. 656. Simon Clark, Manager.

Special Offerings for Saturday Shoppers:

Pure Leaf Lard, per lb—**5 cents.**
Picnic Hams, per lb—**5 cents.**
Diamond C Hams, per lb—**10 cents.**
Eggs, (all warranted good) per doz—**12 cents.**

Large Sweet Oranges, per doz—**25 cents.**
Genuine Jersey Sweet Potatoes, per lb—**4 cents.**

Fancy Table and Cooking Apples per peck—**30 cents.**
Monsoon Tea, Yellow Label, per lb—**35 cents.**

2-lb cans of the highest grade Java and Mocha Coffee, per lb—**70 cents.**
Finnan Haddies, direct shipment, per lb—**10 cents.**

Fancy Bananas, per doz—**15 cents.**
10 lbs Pure Buckwheat Flour—**25 cents.**
Green Vegetables—large selection at the right prices.

High grade Vegetables—1 can Sweet Corn, 1 can Tomatoes, 1 can Peas—**3 cans 25 cents.**
3-lb cans Table Apples, per can—**10 cents.**

3-lb cans Table Peaches, per can—**10 cents.**
10 bars Laundry Soap—**25 cents.**
Special Sale on Fresh Turkeys and Chickens at lowest prices in the city.

Rathbun's

21 E. Superior St.

INTERVENING COMPLAINTS.

Creditors of St. Louis Improvement Company Appear.

John G. Williams, as attorney for seven intervening creditors in the suit of John N. Richards against the St. Louis Land Improvement company, this morning filed seven intervening complaints and asked that the complainants be made parties to the action. The suits are all on notes and the amounts demanded aggregate \$80,000. The largest one is for \$30,000 on fifty notes of \$1000 each, secured by a trust deed to land in Douglas county, Wis., \$2000; Sarah M. Collins, \$5000; John L. Dodge, \$10,000; National Salvative bank, \$5000; First National bank of Canton Pa., \$5000.

Competitive Drill.
Company G last evening voted to accept the challenge of Company I of Superior for a competitive drill. It will be held in about two months. Capt. George W. Wigdahl, Corp. Sigurd and Private Walsh were appointed a committee to arrange for the drill. A great deal of interest has been awakened over it and both companies will work hard to get in shape for it.

Odd Fellows' Reunion.
Tonight the Odd Fellows will have a reunion meeting, at which the two surviving charter members of the first Odd Fellow lodge in Duluth will be present—Capt. T. H. Pressnell, who was the first noble grand, and Ernest Kupfer. There will be an installation of officers and a general celebration.

GASSER'S MARKET.

The flocks we sell are from the choicest animals that money will buy and that grass and grain has fattened.

Spring Chicken, per lb—**12 1/2c**
Turkey, per lb—**15c**
Geese, per lb—**12 1/2c**
Ducks, per lb—**12 1/2c**
Leg Mutton, per lb—**12 1/2c**
Leg Lamb, per lb—**15c**
Beef Stew, per lb—**40c**
Boneless Rolled Roasts, per lb—**100c**
Pot Roast, per lb—**70c**
Butchers' Sirloin, per lb—**70c**
Pig Heads, per lb—**40c**
Pork Chops, per lb—**100c**
Pork Roast, per lb—**60c**
Dry Salt Pork, per lb—**70c**
Select Oysters, per quart—**45c**
Standard Oysters, per quart—**35c**

GASSER'S MARKET.

BIG SUIT FILED

Foreclosure Proceedings Begun Against Motor Line Improvement Company.

THE WOODLAND LINE

It Is Included in the Property Which Is to Be Sold.

A. R. Macfarlane, as trustee, this morning began suit against the Motor Line Improvement company to foreclose a mortgage deed given to secure 200 notes of \$1000 each given in March, 1892, and secured by all of the company's property, including the street car line known as the Woodland line. The mortgage was to become due in 1895, and the complaint alleges that while ten of the notes have been paid and a part of the property redeemed, \$100,000 is still due, together with some interest, and that the defendant has not complied with the terms of the mortgage. The court is asked to adjudge the amount due, to order a sale of the property to satisfy the mortgage, and to give judgment for any deficiency that may remain after the sale has been held.

The descriptions of the property on which the foreclosure is asked cover several typewritten pages, and it includes all of the property of the Motor Line Improvement company. There are about 2500 acres in 51-13, 1300 acres in 51-14, 400 acres in section 38-51-14, 400 acres in 50-14, and blocks 1 to 16, lots 3 to 28, block 17, and lots 1 to 30, block 18, Motor Line division. Some of the here property has been platted. Included as defendants are the Driving Park association, the Duluth Cemetery association and others who claim some interest in the property.

John G. Williams is the attorney for the trustee.

FAILED TO INDICT.

Grand Jury Finds No Bill Against James Hamilton For Perjury.

The grand jury entered into court this noon after working all the morning and presented to Judge Moor three indictments against men who are in jail, having been bound over to the grand jury. In the case of James F. Hamilton, the former engineer of the Andrews-Osborn block, who was bound over to the grand jury on a charge of perjury because of the testimony given by him as to the condition of the building before the fire which consumed the greater part of it, occurred, the jury reported that it had been unable to find a true bill. The report stated as a reason that the evidence did not seem to warrant the finding of an indictment.

Pelix J. LaFond was indicted for assault in the second degree, the grand jury accusing him of making an assault upon Detective C. H. Troyer, Jr., with a revolver. John Conroy was indicted for grand larceny in the second degree, the grand jury alleging that on Nov. 28, at 220 Lake avenue south, the prisoner stole from the possession of Adolph Quail a watch and a pocket knife.

Yesterday afternoon two indictments were returned, one of which was made public because the defendant is a resident of this city. The other was against Frank Lambert and accuses him of forgery in the second degree. He is charged with having forged a forged check Nov. 19 upon W. M. Abrahamson.

KLONDIKERS ARE RETURNING.

Several Duluth Men to Arrive Here Soon.

Frank McCormick, who left here for the Klondike with J. D. Hillis, is on his way back after going as far as Dawson City, and it is reported that he has other Duluth men have turned back after going through the hereafter labor involved in reaching that antipodean region and are on their way home.

John McCormick, lineman for the North American Telegraph company, who is a brother of the Klondiker, said this afternoon that Mrs. McCormick received a telegram yesterday from her husband, dated at Seattle, and saying simply that he had just returned from the Klondike and that he would be home soon. He said nothing about his motive in coming back after going so far, and his return was considerably delayed. It is evident that it was not illness that brought him back, as a sick man could hardly go over the route. The only reasons they can entertain are that his provisions must have been lost and that he found a shortage, or that he came back to look up something in connection with his business, electric contracting, at Seattle.

Mr. McCormick imagines that his brother stopped in Seattle, as otherwise he would have been home today. Mrs. J. D. Hillis is said to have received a letter yesterday from her husband saying that the five Duluth men had left for home, including McCormick. He named no others.

Martin Marshall's Trouble.
Martin Marshall, of Pike Lake, complained at police headquarters this morning that Tom Leonard, a neighbor of his, drove up to Marshall's farm Saturday night, loaded on a ton of hay and carted it home without leave or license. Mr. Marshall says he followed the track of the team, along which wisps of hay were strewn, directly to Tom Leonard's barn. Mr. Marshall was sent to tell his troubles to the county attorney.

Horses, Horses.
Two carloads of heavy logging horses will be sold at auction to highest bidder, for cash. No sham sale; everything goes. In rear of St. James hotel, Saturday, Jan. 8, 2 p. m. sharp. DULUTH VAN CO., 212 West Superior street.

Died—Charles E. Storer, Jan. 7, at residence, 5225 Grand avenue, Lester Park, aged 54. Notice of funeral hereafter.

FREIMUTH'S

Tomorrow begins our GREAT ANNUAL CLEARING

SHOE SALE

Preparatory to taking inventory. This is no pretentious Mark Down Sale, but a genuine bona fide Clearing Sale to reduce our large stock. Note the quality and price.

These Values Have No Equal!

Lot 1—Includes all our finest and best Ladies' Shoes, \$4.00 and \$5.00 grades, widths A to E, hand turns or welts, in all the various kinds of leather; your choice, pair—**\$3.19**

Lot 2—Includes all \$3.50 Ladies' Fine Shoes, turns or welts, cork soles, choicest of leather; up-to-date styles—at a pair **\$2.63**

Lot 3—All \$2.50 Shoes, Box Calf, Vici Kid, welt sole or lighter weight—Your pick at **\$1.98**

Lot 4—All \$2.00 Ladies' Shoes, best of style; excellence in wearing quality **\$1.59**

Lot 5—All \$1.50 Ladies' Shoes, good wearers; your choice at **\$1.20**

Lot 6—All Misses' Finest Shoes, \$2.50 and \$2.00 grades—choice at **\$1.58**

Lot 7—Misses' Calf or Dongola Shoes, \$1.25 grade, all sizes—your choice at **93c**

Children's Shoes at equally low prices. Big reductions in warm-lined Shoes. Ladies' high huckle Overshoes at \$1.50. Do not miss this Sale, it surpasses all others.

FREIMUTH'S

WORKED UP OVER IT.

Iron Men Think More of Ohio Fight Than Ore Pool.

D. H. Bacon, president of the Minnesota Iron company, arrived in this city this morning from the East, on his way to Tower. He said that while there had been several meetings of the Bessemer ore pool, it was too early to predict what this week than in the iron ore reached. There was some talk, he said, of including the Mesaba range mines in the pool, but he was unwilling to express an opinion at this time as to whether it would probably be productive of results. Quite a number of the members of the pool have much more interest in the election of a United States senator in Ohio this week than in the iron ore business, and have gone to Columbus to take part in the battle now being waged there.

A POSTAL SUB-STATION.
One Is to Be Established at Hunter's Park.

Washington, Jan. 7.—(Special to The Herald)—An order was issued at the postoffice department today for the establishment of a sub-station of the Duluth postoffice at Hunter's Park on April 1, to be known as Sub-station No. 1.

STORY OF NAPOLEON.

Liberated a Scotchman at Oberkamp's Request.
Napoleon had at one time many admirers in England, especially among the commercial classes, who suffered deeply from the war, but he alienated the sympathies of all such by his cruel arrest of the English who were in France at the time of the rupture of the peace of Amiens, in 1803, says Household.

World. Some 12,000 English, of either sex, were thus detained in irksome captivity till the close of the war, and hardly a family in the middle and upper classes but had to bewail the absence of some friend or connection. Yet, in individual cases, Napoleon showed some magnanimity. A young Scotchman, one Robert Hendry, from Glasgow, a scientific dyer and chemist, had taken advantage of the peace to visit the great manufacturing houses of France, and he was staying at Jouy, where Oberkamp has established a huge cotton printing factory, when war suddenly broke out. Hendry was thereupon constituted a prisoner by the authorities, but allowed to remain on parole at Jouy.

Napoleon one day visited the factory unexpectedly, accompanied by Josephine; he made a rapid progress through the works; villagers and work people, for cash. No sham sale; everything goes. In rear of St. James hotel, Saturday, Jan. 8, 2 p. m. sharp.

Died—Charles E. Storer, Jan. 7, at residence, 5225 Grand avenue, Lester Park, aged 54. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MONEY TO LOAN.
Business Property, 5%
Residences, 6%
Partial Payment Privilege. See us before Making a Loan.
HARTMAN & PATTERSON, 204 First Nat'l Bldg.

Experienced.
And careful officers attend to a business entrusted to
Benson's Detective Agency,
Office in Exchange Bldg. Tel. 478.